

Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Nitrogendioxide





document number: S5P-KNMI-L2-0021-MA

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CI identification : CI-7570-PUM

issue : 4.0.0 date : 2020-12-01 status : released

Document approval record

	digital signature
Prepared:	
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ATBD Author:	
Checked:	
Approved DM:	
Approved PM:	
Approved PI:	

Document change record

issue	date	item	comments	
0.0.1	2014-05-12	All	Initial version	
0.1.0	2014-10-14	All	Document ported to LATEX	
		Sect. 4	CDR RID #8 solved	
		All	Reorder of the docs: generic part first and specific sections after. CDR RID #9 solved.	
		All	One single template is now used for all the PUMs. CDR RID #12 and #13 solved.	
		Sec. 9	Added figure explaining geocoordinates order and reference in the text. (CDR RID #5)	
0.7.0	2015-03-27	All	Document totally revised: Sections moved and added. Description of the product updated	
0.7.1	2015-06-09		Added example figures for a preliminary release (Al only)	
0.8.0	2015-09-07		Prepared for preliminary, limited, release	
0.9.1	2015-12-15		PUMs updated. File descriptors in line with the last product definition	
0.10.0	2016-03-31		Product descriptions updated for 0.10.0 release	
0.10.1	2016-07-15		Product descriptions updated for DLR 0.10.1 release	
0.11.0	2017-03-01		Updated for release 0.11.0 of the processor software, including new variable names.	
0.11.6	2017-06-24		Released	
1.0.0	2018-06-13		Prepared for public release of the NO ₂ product, include first validation results.	
1.0.1	2018-10-29	Sect. 8	Updated for version 1.2.0 of the processor software	
2.0.0	2018-10-29		Released	
2.0.1	2019-03-25		Updated for version 1.3.0 of the processor software	
3.0.0	2019-03-27		Released	
4.0.0	2020-12-01		Updated for the 1.4.0 product release.	

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1 Introduction

1.1 Identification

This document, identified as S5P-KNMI-L2-0021-MA, describes the technical characteristics of the S5p/TROPOMI Level 2 products that are needed for efficient and correct use of the data contained. This product user manual is specific for Nitrogendioxide.

1.2 Purpose and objective

The Sentinel-5 Precursor (S5p) mission is a low Earth orbit polar satellite system to provide information and services on air quality, climate and the ozone layer. The S5p mission is part of the Global Monitoring of the Environment and Security (GMES/COPERNICUS) space component programme. The S5p mission consists of a satellite bus, the payload consisting of the TROPOspheric Monitoring Instrument (TROPOMI), and a ground system. A journal paper describing the mission and its objectives can be found in [RD1], while a comprehensive description of the mission can be found in [RD2]. Furthermore, various websites are maintained with S5p/TROPOMI information, e.g. [ER1, ER2].

From the data collected by the TROPOMI instrument, a number of geophysical (L2) products are derived. The algorithms for the raw data treatment (L0 - L1b) and the actual L2 data processing are each described in an algorithm theoretical basis document (ATBD). This Product User Manual (PUM) describes the technical characteristics of the S5p/TROPOMI Level 2 geophysical data products that are needed for efficient and correct use of the data contained.

In the PUM, the common structure of the datafiles and metadata used in all the delivered L2 products as well as a specific section related to the Nitrogendioxide product are described.

1.3 Document overview

We start with a summary of the S5p L2 products and information needed to obtain and inspect data, as well as how to obtain product support. The Nitrogendioxide data product is described next, with examples, and information about the use of the data. Format, L2 structure and metadata are addressed in the next chapter, followed by the detailed description of the Nitrogendioxide data. We then continue with a discussion of units and quality assurance parameters. The final chapter contains information about generic metadata and the Appendix lists measurement flags, processing quality flags, and surface classifications.

2 Applicable and reference documents

2.1 Applicable documents

[AD1] Tailoring of the Earth Observation File Format Standard for the Sentinel 5 precursor Ground Segment. source: ESA/ESTEC; ref: S5P-TN-ESA-GS-106; issue: 2.2; date: 2015-02-20.

2.2 Standard documents

There are no standard documents

2.3 Reference documents

- [RD1] J. P. Veefkind, I. Aben, K. McMullan et al.; TROPOMI on the ESA Sentinel-5 Precursor: A GMES mission for global observations of the atmospheric composition for climate, air quality and ozone layer applications. Remote Sens. Environ.; 120 (2012), 70; 10.1016/j.rse.2011.09.027.
- [RD2] Input/output data specification for the TROPOMI L01b data processor.
 source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L01B-0012-SD; issue: 5.0.0; date: 2015-09-22.
- [RD3] S5P/TROPOMI ATBD Cloud Products. source: DLR; ref: S5P-DLR-L2-ATBD-400I; issue: 1.1.0; date: 2016-06-30.
- [RD4] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Cloud. source: DLR; ref: S5P-L2-DLR-PUM-400I; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2018-04-30.
- [RD5] S5P-NPP Cloud Processor ATBD.
 source: RAL Space; ref: S5P-NPPC-RAL-ATBD-0001; issue: 0.11.0; date: 2014-05-15.
- [RD6] S5P/TROPOMI HCHO ATBD. source: BIRA; ref: S5P-BIRA-L2-400F-ATBD; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-05.
- [RD7] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual HCHO. source: DLR; ref: S5P-L2-DLR-PUM-400F; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2018-04-30.
- [RD8] S5P/TROPOMI SO₂ ATBD. source: BIRA; ref: S5P-BIRA-L2-400E-ATBD; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-05.
- [RD9] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual SO₂. **source:** DLR; **ref:** S5P-L2-DLR-PUM-400E; **issue:** 1.0.0; **date:** 2018-04-30.
- [RD10] S5P/TROPOMI Total ozone ATBD.
 source: DLR/BIRA; ref: S5P-L2-DLR-ATBD-400A; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-01.
- [RD11] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Total Ozone Column. source: DLR; ref: S5P-L2-DLR-PUM-400A; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2018-04-30.
- [RD12] TROPOMI ATBD of tropospheric ozone data products. source: DLR/IUP; ref: S5P-DLR-IUP-L2-400C; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-05.
- [RD13] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Ozone Tropospheric Column. source: DLR; ref: S5P-L2-DLR-PUM-400C; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2018-04-30.
- [RD14] TROPOMI ATBD of the Aerosol Layer Height product. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0006-RP; issue: 1.0.1; date: 2019-06-24.
- [RD15] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Aerosol Layer Height. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0022-MA; issue: 0.0.2dr; date: 2014-10-16.
- [RD16] TROPOMI ATBD of the UV aerosol index. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0008-RP; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-03.

- [RD17] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Aerosol Index. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0026-MA; issue: 0.0.2dr; date: 2014-10-16.
- [RD18] TROPOMI ATBD Ozone profile and tropospheric profile. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0004-RP; issue: 0.13.0; date: 2015-09-15.
- [RD19] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Ozone Profile and Tropospheric Ozone Profile.
 source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0020-MA; issue: 0.0.2dr; date: 2014-10-16.
- [RD20] TROPOMI ATBD of the total and tropospheric NO₂ data products. **source:** KNMI; **ref:** S5P-KNMI-L2-0005-RP; **issue:** 1.0.0; **date:** 2016-02-05.
- [RD21] Algorithm Theoretical Baseline Document for Sentinel-5 Precursor: Carbon Monoxide Total Column Retrieval.
 source: SRON; ref: SRON-S5P-LEV2-RP-002; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-05.
- [RD22] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Carbon Monoxide Column. source: SRON/KNMI; ref: SRON-S5P-LEV2-MA-002; issue: 0.0.2dr; date: 2014-10-16.
- [RD23] Algorithm Theoretical Baseline Document for Sentinel-5 Precursor methane retrieval. source: SRON; ref: SRON-S5P-LEV2-RP-001; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-05.
- [RD24] Sentinel-5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Product User Manual Methane. source: SRON/KNMI; ref: SRON-S5P-LEV2-MA-001; issue: 0.0.2dr; date: 2014-10-16.
- [RD25] Tailoring of the Earth Observation File Format Standard for the Sentinel 5 precursor Ground Segment. source: ESA/ESTEC; ref: S5P-TN-ESA-GS-106; issue: 2.2; date: 2015-02-20.
- [RD26] Algorithm theoretical basis document for the TROPOMI L01b data processor. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L01B-0009-SD; issue: 6.0.0; date: 2015-09-22.
- [RD27] TROPOMI ATBD of the total and tropospheric NO2 data products. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0005-RP; issue: 1.0.0; date: 2016-02-05.
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- [RD29] Determine the effective cloud fraction for a specific wavelength. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0115-TN.
- [RD30] K. F. Boersma, G. C. M. Vinken and H. J. Eskes; Representativeness errors in comparing chemistry transport and chemistry climate models with satellite UV-Vis tropospheric column retrievals. *Geoscientific Model Development*; **9** (2016) (9), 875; 10.5194/gmd-9-875-2016. URL https://www.geosci-model-dev.net/9/875/2016/.
- [RD31] H. J. Eskes and K. F. Boersma; Averaging kernels for DOAS total-column satellite retrievals. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics; 3 (2003) (5), 1285; 10.5194/acp-3-1285-2003. URL http: //www.atmos-chem-phys.net/3/1285/2003/.
- [RD32] K. F. Boersma, H. J. Eskes, R. J. Dirksen *et al.*; An improved tropospheric NO₂ column retrieval algorithm for the Ozone Monitoring Instrument. *Atmospheric Measurement Techniques*; **4** (2011) (9), 1905; 10.5194/amt-4-1905-2011. URL http://www.atmos-meas-tech.net/4/1905/2011/.
- [RD33] Earth Observation Ground segment file format standard. source: ESA/ESTEC; ref: PE-TN-ESA-GS-0001; issue: 2.0; date: 2012-05-03.
- [RD34] Geographic information Metadata. source: ISO; ref: ISO 19115:2003(E); issue: 1; date: 2003-05-01.
- [RD35] Geographic information Metadata Part 2: Extensions for imagery and gridded data. source: ISO; ref: ISO 19115-2:2009(E); issue: 1; date: 2009-02-12.
- [RD36] Geographic information Data quality. source: ISO; ref: ISO 19157; issue: 1; date: 2013-10-10.

- [RD37] Earth Observation Metadata profile of Observations & Measurements. source: Open Geospatial Consortium; ref: OGC 10-157r3; issue: 1.0; date: 2012-06-12.
- [RD38] Data Standards Requirements for CCI Data Producers. source: ESA; ref: CCI-PRGM-EOPS-TN-13-0009; issue: 1.1; date: 2013-05-24.
- [RD39] Metadata specification for the TROPOMI L1b products. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L01B-0014-SD; issue: 2.0.0; date: 2014-12-09.
- [RD40] Data elements and interchange formats Information interchange Representation of dates and times.
 source: ISO; ref: ISO 8601:2004(E); issue: 3; date: 2004-12-01.
- [RD41] Wavelength calibration in the Sentinel 5-precursor Level 2 data processors. **source:** KNMI; **ref:** S5P-KNMI-L2-0126-TN; **issue:** 1.0.0; **date:** 2015-09-11.
- [RD42] C. D. Rodgers; *Inverse methods for atmospheric sounding. Theory and practice*; volume 2 of *Atmospheric, Oceanic and Planetary Physics* (World Scientific, 2000); ISBN 978-981-02-2740-1. URL http://www.worldscibooks.com/physics/3171.html.
- [RD43] M.L. Carroll, J.R. Townshend, C.M. DiMiceli *et al.*; A new global raster water mask at 250 m resolution. *International Journal of Digital Earth*; **2** (2009) (4), 291; 10.1080/17538940902951401.
- [RD44] Geographic information Metadata XML schema implementation. source: ISO; ref: ISO 19139:2007(E); issue: 1; date: 2010-12-13.
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- [RD46] Sentinel 5 precursor/TROPOMI KNMI and SRON level 2 Input Output Data Definition. source: KNMI; ref: S5P-KNMI-L2-0009-SD; issue: 5.0.0; date: 2016-04-19.
- [RD47] Sentinel-5 Precursor Level 2 UPAS Processor Input/Output Definition Document. source: DLR-IMF; ref: S5P-L2-DLR-IODD-3002; issue: 3.3.0; date: 2017-06-01.
- [RD48] S5P-NPP Cloud Processor IODD. source: RAL; ref: S5P-NPPC-RAL-IODD-0001; issue: 0.10.0; date: 2014-05-28.
- [RD49] John Caron; Annotated Schema for NcML (2011). URL http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/ncml/v2.2/AnnotatedSchema4.html.
- [RD50] INSPIRE Metadata Regulation, Commission Regulation (EC), No1205/2008.
 source: EC; ref: Commission Regulation (EC) No 1205/2008; date: 2008-12-03.
- [RD51] INSPIRE Metadata Implementing Rules: Technical Guidelines based on EN ISO 19115 and EN ISO 19119.
 source: EC JRC; ref: MD_IR_and_ISO_v1_2_20100616; issue: 1.2; date: 2010-06-16.
- [RD52] Geographic Information Observations and Measurements. source: ISO; ref: ISO 19156:2011(E); date: 2011-12-20.
- [RD53] Observations and Measurements XML Implementation. source: OGC; ref: OGC 10-025r1; issue: 2.0; date: 2011-03-22.

2.4 Electronic references

- [ER1] Tropomi official website. URL http://www.tropomi.eu.
- [ER2] S5P official website. URL https://sentinel.esa.int/web/sentinel/missions/sentinel-5p.
- [ER3] Robert B. Schmunk; Panoply netCDF, HDF and GRIB Data Viewer. URL http://www.giss.nasa.gov/tools/panoply/.

- [ER4] Infrastructure for Spatial Information in the European Community (INSPIRE) Directive 2007/2/EC. URL http://inspire.jrc.ec.europa.eu/.
- [ER5] Brian Eaton, Jonathan Gregory, Bob Drach *et al.*; *NetCDF Climate and Forecast (CF) Metadata Conventions*. Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (2014). Version 1.7 draft; URL http://cfconventions.org.
- [ER6] ESIP; Attribute Conventions for Dataset Discovery (ACDD). 1st edition (2013). URL http://wiki.esipfed.org/index.php/Attribute_Convention_for_Data_Discovery_(ACDD).
- [ER7] NetCDF Users Guide (2011). URL http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/docs/netcdf.html.
- [ER8] USGS; Global Land Cover Characteristics Data Base Version 2.0 (2012). Website last visited on March 6, 2017; URL https://lta.cr.usgs.gov/glcc/globdoc2_0.
- [ER9] The ECS SDP Toolkit (2012). DEM and land-sea mask data itself is available from ftp://edhs1.gsfc.nasa.gov/edhs/sdptk/DEMdata; URL http://newsroom.gsfc.nasa.gov/sdptoolkit/TKDownload.html.
- [ER10] UDUNITS 2 Manual (2011). URL http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/udunits/.
- [ER11] Cooperative Ocean/Atmosphere Research Data Service; Conventions for the standardization of NetCDF files (1995). URL http://ferret.wrc.noaa.gov/noaa_coop/coop_cdf_profile.html.

3 Terms, definitions and abbreviated terms

Terms, definitions, and abbreviated terms that are specific for this document can be found below.

3.1 Terms and definitions

ATBD Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document

TBA To be AddedTBC To be ConfirmedTBD To be Defined

3.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

ATBD	Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document
DLR	Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt
ESA	European Space Agency
KNMI	Koninklijk Nederlands Meteorologisch Instituut
IODD	Input Output Data Definition
OCRA	Optical Cloud Recognition Algorithm
PUM	Product User Manual
ROCINN	Retrieval of Cloud Information using Neural Networks
QA	Quality Assurance
UPAS	Universal Processor for UV/VIS Atmospheric Spectrometers

4 Overview of the Sentinel 5 precursor/TROPOMI Level 2 Products

The Sentinel 5 Precursor mission aims at providing information and services on air quality and climate in the timeframe 2017–2023. The S5p mission is part of the Global Monitoring of the European Programme for the establishment of a European capacity for Earth Observation (COPERNICUS). TROPOMI makes daily global observations of key atmospheric constituents, including ozone, nitrogen dioxide, sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, methane, formaldehyde as well as cloud and aerosol properties. The list of standard S5p/TROPOMI L2 products is given in table 1. Other products, such as UV index, are under development and will made available at a later date.

Table 1: Standard S5P L2 products with name, identifier, and responsible institutes.

Product	ATBD	PUM	Identifier	Institution
Cloud	[RD3]	[RD4]	L2CLOUD_	DLR
NPP-VIIRS Clouds	[RD5]	[RD5]	L2NP_BDx	RAL
НСНО	[RD6]	[RD7]	L2HCHO	BIRA/DLR
SO ₂	[RD8]	[RD9]	L2S02	BIRA/DLR
O ₃ Total Column	[RD10]	[RD11]	L203	BIRA/DLR
O ₃ Tropospheric Column	[RD12]	[RD13]	L203_TCL	IUP/DLR
Aerosol layer height	[RD14]	[RD15]	L2AER_LH	KNMI
Ultra violet aerosol index	[RD16]	[RD17]	L2AER_AI	KNMI
O ₃ Full Profile	[RD18]	[RD19]	L2 <u>03</u> PR	KNMI
NO ₂	[RD20]	This document	L2NO2	KNMI
CO	[RD21]	[RD22]	L2CO	SRON/KNMI
CH ₄	[RD23]	[RD24]	L2CH4	SRON/KNMI

4.1 File name convention

The table specifies an identifier that is a substring of real name. The complete filename conventions for all the S5p products can be found in [RD25, chapter 4]. Note that intermediate L2 products beside those listed in table 1 may exist within the PDGS framework. For each of the products listed in the table, a PUM is available. Note that product documentation, e.g. ATBDs and PUMs, will be updated with new releases of processors. User documentation is distributed through the tropomi website [ER1]. Information about S5p mission can be found at the official ESA website for the Sentinel 5 precursor mission [ER2].

In the current PUM the Nitrogendioxide product is described and an example of the full real name is as following:

 ${\tt S5P_NRTI_L2_NO2__20190920T054303_20190920T054803_10028_01_010302_20190920T062930.nc}$ The components of this file name are given in table 2

Table 2: Components of an S5P product file name. Components are separated by underscores, except for the file extension at the end, which is separated by a period. Character indices start counting at 0, the end-index is a Python style index, it lists the first character not in the block.

Start	End	Length	Meaning
0	3	3	Mission name, always "S5P"
4	8	4	Processing stream, one of "NRTI" (near real-time), "OFFL" (offline) or "RPRO" (reprocessing)
9	19	10	Product identifier, as listed in table 1
20	35	15	Start of granule in UTC as "YYYYMMDDTHHMMSS". The "T" is a fixed character.
36	51	15	End of the granulein UTC as "YYYYMMDD THHMMSS". The "T" is a fixed character.
52	57	5	Orbit number
58	60	2	Collection number
61	67	6	Processor version number as "MMmmpp", with "MM" the major version number, "mm" the minor version number, and "pp" the patch level.
68	83	15	The time of processing for this granule in UTC as "YYYYMMDD ${f T}$ HHMMSS". The "T" is a fixed character.
84	86	2	The file name extension. All Sentinel 5 precursor files are netCDF-4 files and use the extension "nc"

5 Data Distribution and Product Support

The TROPOMI Nitrogendioxide product data are available from the Copernicus Open Data Hub https://scihub.copernicus.eu.

The access and use of any Copernicus Sentinel data available through the Sentinel Data Hub is governed by the Legal Notice on the use of Copernicus Sentinel Data and Service Information and is given here: https://sentinels.copernicus.eu/documents/247904/690755/Sentinel_Data_Legal_Notice.

5.1 Information to supply with a support request

We have been very careful in the preparation of the processors, the processing system, the data distribution system and all other components that generate the level 2 products for the Sentinel 5 precursor mission. You may encounter problems when reading the level 2 files despite our care, or you may not understand what we have written in the product user manual or the ATBD. You can contact us through the earth observation help desk operated by ESA at EOSupport@copernicus.esa.int. Please clearly indicate that you are requesting support for Sentinel 5 precursor (S5p) / TROPOMI mission.

If you are requesting technical support it is helpful to provide us with details of the file you are trying to read. The easiest way to do this is to provide a "dump" of the header of the file. This can be generated using the "ncdump" tool provided with the netCDF-4 library. Only the header is required, so "ncdump -h FILE.nc > FILE.cdl" will provide us with all metadata in the file and help us pinpoint how the file was produced. Here you replace FILE.nc with the actual file name on the command line.

If generating the header fails, please provide us with the exact original file name of the granule you are trying to read, the exact error message you get and the exact version of the software you are using, including

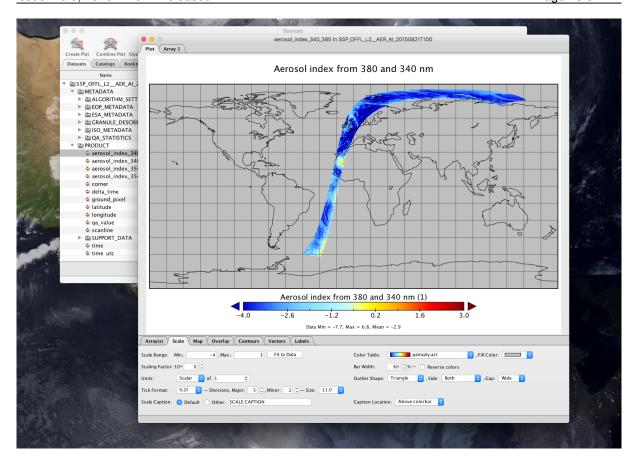


Figure 1: Panoply

the versions of netCDF-4 and HDF-5. Providing us with a checksum to verify file integrity can also speed up our response.

6 General Reader and Visualisation Tools

For reading and visualising you may find Panoply [ER3] a useful tool. Panoply is a cross-platform application that plots geo-gridded and other arrays from netCDF, HDF, GRIB, and other datasets, including the Sentinel 5 precursor Level 2 datafiles. With Panoply 4 you can:

- Slice and plot geo-gridded latitude-longitude, latitude-vertical, longitude-vertical, or time-latitude arrays from larger multidimensional variables.
- Slice and plot "generic" 2D arrays from larger multidimensional variables.
- Slice 1D arrays from larger multidimensional variables and create line plots.
- Combine two geo-gridded arrays in one plot by differencing, summing or averaging.
- Plot lon-lat data on a global or regional map using any of over 100 map projections or make a zonal average line plot.
- Overlay continent outlines or masks on lon-lat map plots.
- Use any of numerous color tables for the scale colorbar, or apply your own custom ACT, CPT, or RGB color table.
- Save plots to disk GIF, JPEG, PNG or TIFF bitmap images or as PDF or PostScript graphics files.
- Export Ion-lat map plots in KMZ format.
- Export animations as AVI or MOV video or as a collection of invididual frame images.

Instrument description

On 13 October 2017 the Copernicus Sentinel 5 Precursor (S5P), the first of the European Sentinel satellites dedicated to monitoring of atmospheric composition, was launched. The mission objectives of S5P are to globally monitor air quality, climate and the ozone layer in the time period between 2017 and 2023. The first 6 months of the mission were used for special observations to commission the satellite and the ground processing systems; the operational phase started in April of 2018.

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The single payload of the S5P mission is TROPOspheric Monitoring Instrument (TROPOMI), which has been developed by The Netherlands in cooperation with the European Space Agency (ESA). TROPOMI is a nadir viewing shortwave spectrometer that measures in the UV-visible wavelength range (270 - 500 nm), the near infrared (710-770 nm) and the shortwave infrared (2314-2382 nm).

The instrument uses passive remote sensing techniques to attain its objective by measuring at the top of the atmosphere the solar radiation reflected by and radiated from the Earth. The instrument operates in a push-broom configuration with a wide swath. Light from the entire swath is recorded simultaneously and dispersed onto two-dimensional imaging detectors: the position along the swath is projected onto one direction of the detectors, and the spectral information for each position is projected on the other direction.

The instrument images a strip of the Earth on a two dimensional detector for a period of approximately 1 second during which the satellite moves by about 7 km. This strip has dimensions of approximately 2600 km in the direction across the track of the satellite and 7 km in the along-track direction. After the 1 second measurement a new measurement is started thus the instrument scans the Earth as the satellite moves. The two dimensions of the detector are used to detect the different ground pixels in the across track direction and for the different wavelengths. The measurement principle of TROPOMI is shown in figure 2.

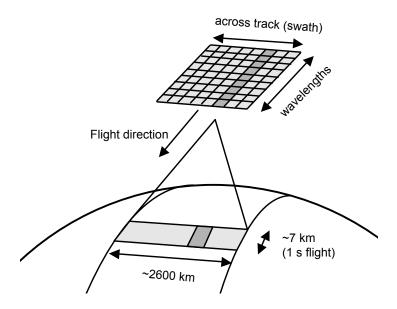


Figure 2: TROPOMI measurement principle.

On August 6th, 2019, the instrument settings of TROPOMI were changed. The nominal integration time was reduced from 1080 ms to 840 ms. Before the change the pixel size is $7.2 \times 3.6 \,\mathrm{km^2}$ for bands 2–6, (UVN) $7.2 \times 7.2 \,\text{km}^2$ for bands 7 and 8 (SWIR), and $21.6 \times 28.8 \,\text{km}^2$ for band 1 (deep UV), after co-addition in the flight direction. After the change in the settings, the pixel dimension in the flight direction is reduced. The new sizes become $5.6 \times 3.6 \, \text{km}^2$ for bands 2-6, $5.6 \times 7.2 \, \text{km}^2$ for bands 7 and 8, and $28 \times 28.8 \, \text{km}^2$ for band 1, after co-addition in the flight direction.

For the UVN spectrometers about 20 million spectra are observed per day. With that resolution TROPOMI is a major step forward compared to its predecessors OMI (Ozone Monitoring Instrument), SCIAMACHY (Scanning Imaging Absorption Spectrometer for Atmospheric Chartography) and GOME-2 (Global Ozone Monitoring Experiment-2). The spatial resolution is combined with a wide swath to allow for daily global coverage. The TROPOMI/S5P geophysical (Level 2) operational data products are listed in section 4.

The S5P will fly in a so-called loose formation with the U.S. Suomi NPP (National Polar-orbiting Partnership) satellite. The primary objective for this formation flying is to use the high spatial resolution cloud observation capabilities of the VIIRS instrument (Visible Infrared Imager Radiometer Suite). The temporal separation between TROPOMI and VIIRS is less than 5 minutes, both having an equator crossing time near 13:30 local solar time. This formation enables synergistic data products and scientific research potentials.

The spectral range is split over 4 different detectors. By design these detectors do not observe on the same geographic grid. Combining products that were derived from different detectors will require some careful re-mapping to take care of this spatial mismatch.

More details on the TROPOMI instrument and the operational concepts can be found in the Level 0 to 1B ATBD [RD26, parts I-III].

8 S5P/TROPOMI L2 Nitrogendioxide Product Description

This section describes the main features of the TROPOMI NO_2 data product, gives some examples and lists the history of product changes. A detailed description of the algorithms is provided in the TROPOMI NO_2 ATBD [RD27]. An explanation on how to use the data product is given in Sect. 8.7.

8.1 Terms and definitions

The most important symbols related to the data product described in this document – some of which are not in [RD28] – are the following; see also the data product overview list in Table 3.

 $N_{\rm v}$ total vertical column density

 $N_{\rm v}^{\rm trop}$ tropospheric vertical column density $N_{\rm v}^{\rm strat}$ stratospheric vertical column density

 $N_{\rm v}^{\rm sum}$ sum of tropospheric and stratospheric vertical column density

A total column averaging kernel

A^{trop} tropospheric column averaging kernel

M total air-mass factor

 M^{trop} tropospheric air-mass factor M^{strat} stratospheric air-mass factor N_{s} total slant column density

 $N_{\rm s}^{\rm trop}$ tropospheric slant column density $N_{\rm s}^{\rm strat}$ stratospheric slant column density $f_{\rm QA}$ quality assurance value (qa_value)

8.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

AMF Air-mass factor

CTM Chemistry Transport Model

DOAS Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy

DOMINO Dutch OMI NO₂ data products of KNMI for OMI

ECMWF European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecast
FRESCO Fast Retrieval Scheme for Clouds from the Oxygen A band
NRT near-real time (i.e. processing within 3 hours of measurement)

OMI Ozone Monitoring Instrument

TM5 Data assimilation / chemistry transport model (version 5)

TROPOMI Tropospheric Monitoring Instrument

8.3 Overview of the NO₂ retrieval algorithm

The TROPOMI NO_2 retrieval consists of a three-step procedure, performed on each measured Level-1b spectrum:

- 1. the retrieval of a total NO_2 slant column density (N_s) from the Level-1b radiance and irradiance spectra measured by TROPOMI using a DOAS (Differential Optical Absorption Spectroscopy) method,
- 2. the separation of the N_s into a stratospheric (N_s^{strat}) and a tropospheric (N_s^{trop}) part on the basis of information coming from a data assimilation system, and
- 3. the conversion of the tropospheric slant column density (N_s^{trop}) into a tropospheric vertical column density (N_v^{trop}) and the computation of the averaging kernel (**A**), by applying an appropriate AMF based on a look-up table of altitude-dependent AMFs and actual, daily information on the vertical distribution of NO₂ from the TM5-MP model on a 1° \times 1° grid. The altitude-dependent AMF depends on the satellite geometry, terrain eight, cloud fraction and height and surface albedo.

Table 3: Overview of the main data sets for each ground pixel in the final NO_2 data product. Where relevant, the precision of a data set is provided as well. Data sets marked with * are not part of the main data product, but are provided in a separate support data file.

origin of data set	for each ground pixel	symbols
Level-1b spectrum	measurement time ground pixel centre and corner coordinates viewing geometry data	t $artheta_{ m geo},\delta_{ m geo}$ $ heta_0, heta,\phi_0,\phi$
Databases	surface albedo in the NO ₂ window surface albedo used for the cloud retrieval surface elevation and pressure	A_{s,NO_2} A_s z_s, p_s
Cloud retrieval	cloud fraction and cloud pressure FRESCO scene pressure and scene albedo FRESCO cloud fraction in the NO ₂ window cloud radiance fraction in the NO ₂ window	$f_{ m eff}, p_{ m C}$ $p_{ m SC}, A_{ m SC}$ $f_{ m eff,NO_2}$ $w_{ m NO_2}$
DOAS retrieval	${ m NO_2}$ slant column slant columns of secondary trace gases Ring effect coefficient polynomial coefficients wavelength calibration shift and stretch RMS and χ^2 of the fit	$N_{\rm s,NO_2} \ N_{\rm s,O_3}, N_{\rm s,H_2O_{\rm vap}}, N_{\rm s,} \ C_{\rm ring} \ a_m \ [m=0,1,,N_p] \ w_s, w_q \ R_{\rm RMS}, \chi^2$
Data assimilation & AMF calculation	NO ₂ tropospheric vertical column NO ₂ stratospheric vertical column NO ₂ total vertical columns NO ₂ slant column stripe amplitude tropospheric, stratospheric and total AMF averaging kernel TM5 tropopause layer index TM5 pressure level coefficients * NO ₂ profile for stratosphere and troposphere * TM5 temperature profile * TM5 surface elevation and pressure	$N_{ m V}^{ m trop}$ $N_{ m V}^{ m strat}$ $N_{ m V} \equiv N_{ m S}/M$ $N_{ m V}^{ m sum} \equiv N_{ m V}^{ m trop} + N_{ m V}^{ m strat}$ $ M^{ m trop}$, $M^{ m strat}$, M A $l_{ m tp}^{ m TM5}$ $A_{l}^{ m TM5}$, $B_{l}^{ m TM5}$ $n_{l, m NO_{2}}$ $T_{l}^{ m TM5}$ $z_{ m S}^{ m TM5}$, $p_{ m S}^{ m TM5}$
Flags	quality assurance value (qa_value) processing quality flags absorbing aerosol index snow/ice flag and land/water classification	fqa — — —

The determination of $M^{\rm trop}$ requires information on the effective cloud fraction and cloud pressure, derived in a separate processing of the Level-1b spectra, the surface albedo, snow-ice information and terrain height. In addition information regarding geolocation and viewing geometry is needed (from the Level-1b spectrum). All these input parameters are also provided in the data product.

Details of the three processing steps and the way they are integrated in the TROPOMI processor are given in the TROPOMI NO_2 ATBD [RD27].

Table 4: Overview of the data set names, units, types and sizes in the main data output product file, listed alphabetically; cf. Table 3. All quantities followed by a * in the "symbol" column consist of the value and the associated precision, where for the latter _precision is appended to the data set name; for the vertical column densities the precisions are listed explicitly to clearly show the different types of precisions. In the last column 'PV' denotes the processor version when this variable was introduced.

name/data	symbol	unit	data set name	data group
aerosol absorbing index	_	1	aerosol_index_354_388	P/S/I
air-mass factor	M ^{trop}	1	air_mass_factor_troposphere	Р
	$M_{clr}^{trop} \bowtie$	1	air_mass_factor_clear	P/S/D
	$M_{cld}^{trop} \bowtie$	1	air_mass_factor_cloudy	P/S/D
	M ^{strat}	1	air_mass_factor_stratosphere	P/S/D
	M	1	air_mass_factor_total	Р
averaging kernel	Α	1	averaging_kernel	Р
cloud albedo	A_{c}	1	cloud_albedo_crb	P/S/I
cloud pressure	p_{c}	hPa	cloud_pressure_crb	P/S/I
cloud radiance fraction	w _{NO2}	1	cloud_radiance_fraction_nitrogendioxide_window	P/S/D
DOAS fit results	N _{s,NO2} *	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density	P/S/D
	$N_{\text{s,H}_2\text{O}_{\text{liq}}}$ *	m	water_liquid_slant_column_density	P/S/D
		mol/m ²	water_slant_column_density	P/S/D
	N _{s,H2Ovap} *	mol ² /m ⁵		P/S/D
	N _{s,O2-O2} *	mol/m ²	oxygen_oxygen_dimer_slant_column_density ozone_slant_column_density	P/S/D
	N _{s,O3} *			P/S/D
	C _{ring} *	1	ring_coefficient	
	χ^2	1	chi_square	P/S/D
	Ν _λ #	1	number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval	P/S/D
	N _i	1	number_of_iterations	P/S/D
	<i>a_m</i> *	1	polynomial_coefficients	P/S/D
	$N_p + 1$	1	polynomial_exponents	P
	R _{RMS}	1	root_mean_square_error_of_fit	P/S/D
effective cloud fraction	$f_{\rm eff,NO_2}$	1	cloud_fraction_crb_nitrogendioxide_window	P/S/D
	feff	1 1	cloud_fraction_crb	P/S/I
ghost column ‡	N _v ghost	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_ghost_column	P/S/D
ground pixel coordinates	$\delta_{ m geo}$	0	latitude	P
	ϑ_{geo}	0	longitude	P
ground pixel corners	$\delta_{ ext{geo}}$	0	latitude_bounds	P/S/G
1 1 11 1	$artheta_{ ext{geo}}$		longitude_bounds	P/S/G
ground pixel index	_	1	ground_pixel	P
land/water classification	_	1	surface_classification	P/S/I
measurement time § t		ms	delta_time	P
<i>a</i>	t	UTC	time_utc	P
profile layers	N_l	1	layer	P
processing quality flags	_	1	processing_quality_flags	P/S/D
quality assuarance value	_	1	qa_value	P
satellite coordinates	Zsat	m 。	satellite_altitude	P/S/G
	δ_{sat}	0	satellite_latitude	P/S/G
	ϑ_{sat}		satellite_longitude	P/S/G
	φ_{sat}	1	satellite_orbit_phase	P/S/G
scanline index	_	1	scanline	P
scene albedo	A_{SC}	1	scene_albedo	P/S/I
scene pressure	p_{sc}	hPa	apparent_scene_pressure	P/S/I P/S/I
snow-ice flag	_	1 2	snow_ice_flag	
tripe amplitude ⊗ mol/m² nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density_stripe_amplitud		P/S/D		
surface albedo	A_{S,NO_2}	1	surface_albedo_nitrogendioxide_window	P/S/I
	A_{S}	1	surface_albedo	P/S/I
surface elevation	Zs *	m	surface_altitude	P/S/I
surface pressure	p _s	hPa -	surface_pressure	P/S/I P
TM5 pressure level	A_l^{TM5}	Pa	tm5_constant_a	
coefficients	B_l^{TM5}	1	tm5_constant_b	Р
TM5 tropopause	l _{tp} ^{TM5}	1	tm5_tropopause_layer_index	Р
layer index				

Table 4: — continued.

				data
name/data	symbol	unit	data set name	group †
vertical column density	$N_{\rm v,NO_2}^{\rm trop}$	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column	
	$\Delta N_{\rm v,NO_2}^{\rm trop}$	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision	Р
	$\Delta N_{v,NO_2}^{\text{trop,kernel}}$	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision_kernel	Р
	Nstrat *	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column	P/S/D
	$N_{\text{v,NO}_2}$	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_total_column	P/S/D
	$\Delta N_{\rm v,NO_2}$	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision	P/S/D
	ΔN _{v,NO₂} ΔN _{v,NO₂}	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision_kernel	P/S/D
	Nsum *	mol/m ²	nitrogendioxide_summed_total_column	P/S/D
viewing geometry data			P/S/G	
	ϕ_0	0	solar_azimuth_angle	P/S/G
	θ	0	viewing_zenith_angle	P/S/G
	φ	0	viewing_azimuth_angle	P/S/G
wavelength calibration	w_s		P/S/D	
	w_q *	1	wavelength_calibration_stretch	P/S/D
	χ_w^2	1	wavelength_calibration_chi_square	P/S/D

[†] Data groups in the output file: P = PRODUCT, P/S/D = PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS, P/S/G = PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATION, P/S/I = PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA.

8.4 The NO₂ data product

The main data sets provided in the TROPOMI NO_2 data product are listed in Table 3, consisting of the data sets resulting from the DOAS NO_2 retrieval, the data assimilation step and the AMF calculation. Table 4 provides a list of the names and units of the data sets in the output product file. A more detailed description of each of the data sets can be found in Sect. ?? and further, while Sect. 9 describes the general structure of the TROPOMI output product files.

In order to comply with the SI unit definitions, the TROPOMI NO_2 data product file gives trace gas concentrations in mol/m^2 , rather than in the commonly used unit $molec/cm^2$. The following multiplication factors – also provided as attributes to the data sets – enabling the user to easily make the conversions, if needed:

- The multiplication factor to convert mol/m² to molec/cm² is 6.02214×10^{19} .
- The multiplication factor to convert mol/m² to DU is 2241.15.
- The O_2 – O_2 concentration is given in mol^2/m^5 ; the multiplication factor to convert this to the commenly used unit $molec^2/cm^5$ is 3.62662×10^{37} .

A cloud product for TROPOMI is retrieved from the O_2 A-band using the FRESCO-S algorithm and the results of this are copied to the NO_2 data product file. Because of the large difference in wavelength between the O_2 A-band and the NO_2 retrieval window, and because of the mismatch in ground footprints, the cloud fraction retrieved in the O_2 A-band will not be exactly representative for the cloud fraction in the NO_2 window. To improve the quality of the NO_2 data product, the cloud fraction f_{eff,NO_2} is also retrieved from the NO_2 spectral window ([RD27], App. C; [RD29]). The NO_2 retrieval makes use of the following cloud quantities:

- The cloud radiance fraction cloud_radiance_fraction_nitrogendioxide_window and cloud fraction cloud_fraction_crb_nitrogendioxide_window (group P/S/D), both derived in the NO₂ spectral window.
- The FRESCO-S cloud pressure cloud_pressure_crb (group P/S/I) derived using the O2 A-band.
- In case of snow cover or ocean ice, the retrieval switches to using the apparent_scene_pressure and scene_albedo products (group P/S/I) of the FRESCO-S cloud retrieval.

The output for each ground pixel is accompanied by two flags indicating the status of the results of the processing. The "quality assurance value" or <code>qa_value</code> is a continuous variable, ranging from 0 (no output) to

[‡] The NO₂ ghost column is the NO₂ profile shape from TM5 integrated from the surface to the cloud pressure level.

[§] The measurement time delta_time is the number of milliseconds since the beginning of the current day, while the time_utc gives the absolute measurement time in UTC notation; both have 1 value per scanline.

[#] The actual number of wavelengths N_{λ} used in the fit, i.e. after removel of, for example, bad pixels within the fit window.

[⊗] Since processor version 1.2 (update October 2018).

[™] Since processor version 1.3 (update March 2019).

Table 5: Overview of the data set units, types and sizes in the support output product file. This file is also used to store the profiles of HCHO and SO_2 , delivered along with the NO_2 profile by the TM5 model, in support of the respective TROPOMI data products. The data is provided on the TM5 grid resolution of $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ on a half-hourly basis, rather than on TROPOMI pixel basis. The data sets in the main data file are listed in Table 4.

name/data	symbol	unit	description
HCHO profile	$n_{l, \rm HCHO}$	1	volume mixing ratio
NO ₂ profile	n_{l,NO_2}	1	volume mixing ratio
SO ₂ profile	n_{l,SO_2}	1	volume mixing ratio
TM5 temperature profile	T_l^{TM5}	K	—
TM5 pressure level coefficients	A_l^{TM5}	Pa	_
	B_l^{TM5}	1	—
TM5 surface elevation ‡	z_{s}^{TM5}	m	—
TM5 surface pressure	$p_{\rm s}^{{ m TM5}}$	hPa	—
TM5 tropopause layer index	l_{tp}^{TM5}	1	_
stripe amplitude ⊗	<u> </u>	mol/m ²	NO ₂ slant column stripe amplitude
date & time	_	1	year, month, day, hour, min, sec
time	d	days	no. of days since 1 Jan. 1950

[‡] This data set is provided via a separate static TROPOMI digital elevation map file.

1 (all is well). Warnings that occur during processing or results of the processing can be reasons to decrease the flag value. This flag provides the main filter for users of the data, see Sect. 8.6. The "processing quality flags" contains the individual event that led to processing failure, or a precise record of the warnings that occurred during processing. The definitions and usage of these flags, described in detail in Appendix A (Tables 15–17), has been harmonised between the Level-2 data products of TROPOMI. The NO₂ data product has the Absorbing Aerosol Index (AAI) as additional information for the NO₂ data users, both in the off-line and the NRT processing mode (not used in the calculation of the qa_value at the moment).

8.5 NO₂ data product support file

The data product consists of two files: one with the main retrieval results, detailed above, and a separate file with vertical information on the NO₂ profile and temperature at the $1^{\circ} \times 1^{\circ}$ grid of TM5 on a half-hourly basis. Apart from NO₂ fields, the file also contains HCHO fields and SO₂ fields used as a-priori in the TROPOMI retrievals of these species. Most NO₂ data users will not need this additional dataset. In some cases, however, it may be of use to analyse the a-priori model fields. Table 5 provides an overview of the data sets in the support output data product.

8.6 The ga value field

The output for each ground pixel is accompanied by a quality indicator, the qa_value , indicating the status and quality of the retrieval result. The "quality assurance value" (qa_value or f_{QA}) is a continuous variable ranging from 0 (error, therefore no output) to 1 (no errors and no warnings). The determination of the qa_value is described in detail in the ATBD [RD27]. This is the main quality indicator for pixel selection, and all applications should use this to remove measurements with a qa_value smaller than the required threshold:

- qa_value > 0.75.
 For most users this is the recommended pixel filter. This removes cloud-covered scenes (cloud radiance fraction > 0.5), part of the scenes covered by snow/ice, errors and problematic retrievals.
- qa_value > 0.50.
 This adds the good quality retrievals over clouds and over scenes covered by snow/ice. Errors and problematic retrievals are still filtered out. In particular this choice is useful for assimilation and model comparison studies where the averaging kernels are used.

The qa_value indicates whether the footprint is cloud covered or not, and whether there is snow or ice on the surface. It is set to 0 if anywhere in the processing an error occured, as indicated by the $processing_quality_flags$. Warnings related to the South Atlantic Anomaly, sun glint, or missing non-critical input

Since processor version 1.2 (update October 2018).

data lower the qa_value . Apart from warnings and errors, the qa_value depends on the solar zenith angle, tropospheric air-mass factor, quality of the DOAS fit, and filters unrealistic albedo values.

Since the processor version 1.2 data product additional retrievals over snow-ice get a $qa_value > 0.75$, namely when the cloud pressure is close to the surface pressure, indicating that there is no cloud. This significantly improves the coverage for high latitudes.

8.7 Using the S5P/TROPOMI L2 product

The NO₂ L2 files are extended and can be used for many different purposes, including data assimilation, model validation, comparison with surface remote sensing observations or in-situ profile observations with aircraft, both for the troposphere or stratosphere. Furthermore the data may be used directly to visualise the day-to-day variations in NO₂. The fields that users will read from the L2 file will depend on their specific application. Table 6 provides a list of six main classes of possible NO₂ applications and the data sets that the corrresponding users will need for their purpose. Usage of the NO₂ data product is also discussed in a recent paper, see [RD30].

8.8 Using the averaging kernel

For each retrieved NO₂ column, the TROPOMI data product provides the corresponding averaging kernel, and the information needed to apply this kernel. The averaging kernel for DOAS retrievals is equal to the altitude-dependent air-mass factor (AMF) divided by the total AMF [RD31].

The tropospheric column averaging kernel has to be computed from the total column kernel provided in the datafile. This is done by multiplying the total averaging kernel $\bf A$ by M/M^{trop} (see [RD32]) and setting all

Table 6: Overview of different user applications of NO_2 data and the data sets (and their precision σ) the users will need for this purpose. In addition most users will need pixel related data, such as measurement time and geolocation.

	user application	data sets needed
# 1	Tropospheric chemistry / air quality model evaluation and data assimilation Validation with tropospheric NO ₂ profile measurements (aircraft, balloon, MAX-DOAS)	$N_{ m v}^{ m trop},\sigma(N_{ m v}^{ m trop}) \ M^{ m trop},M,{f A}^{\dagger} \ A_l^{ m TM5},B_l^{ m TM5},l_{ m tp}^{ m TM5},p_{ m s} \ f_{ m QA}$
# 2	Tropospheric column comparisons, e.g. with other NO ₂ column retrievals	$N_{v}^{trop},\sigma(N_{v}^{trop})$ f_{QA}
#3	Stratospheric chemistry model evaluation Validation with stratospheric NO ₂ profile measurements (limb/occultation satellite observations) Stratospheric column comparisons, e.g. with ground-based remote sensors (SAOZ)	$N_{ m V}^{ m strat},\sigmaig(N_{ m V}^{ m strat}ig) \ A_l^{ m TM5},B_l^{ m TM5},l_{ m tp}^{ m TM5},p_{ m S} \ f_{ m QA}$
# 4	Whole atmosphere (troposphere + stratosphere) data assimilation systems	$N_{\rm V}, \sigma(N_{\rm V})$ § A , $f_{\rm QA}$ $A_l^{\rm TM5}, B_l^{\rm TM5}, l_{\rm tp}^{\rm TM5}, p_{\rm S}$
# 5	Whole atmosphere column comparisons e.g. with PANDORA instruments	$N_{ m V}^{ m sum},\sigma(N_{ m V}^{ m sum})$ §
# 6	Visualisation of the NO ₂ product	$N_{v}^{trop}, N_{v}^{strat}, N_{v}^{sum}, f_{QA}$ §

[†] The tropospheric kernel \mathbf{A}^{trop} is derived from the total kernel \mathbf{A} and the air-mass factors M and M^{trop} .

[‡] The stratospheric kernel $\mathbf{A}^{\text{strat}}$ is derived from the total kernel \mathbf{A} and the air-mass factors M and M^{strat} .

[§] Note that the total NO₂ vertical column $N_{\rm v} \equiv N_{\rm s}/M$ is *not* the same as the sum $N_{\rm v}^{\rm sum} \equiv N_{\rm v}^{\rm trop} + N_{\rm v}^{\rm strat}$

elements of the kernel to zero above the tropopause layer,

$$\mathbf{A}^{\text{trop}} = \frac{M}{M^{\text{trop}}} \mathbf{A} \quad , \ l <= l_{\text{tp}}^{\text{TM5}}$$

$$\mathbf{A}^{\text{trop}} = 0 \quad , \ l > l_{\text{tp}}^{\text{TM5}} \tag{1}$$

A model simulated satellite NO₂ column is obtained by multiplying the model partial column profile with the averaging kernel, or

$$N_{\mathbf{v}}^{\mathsf{trop},\mathsf{model}} = \sum_{l} A_{l}^{\mathsf{trop}} x_{m,l} \tag{2}$$

where $x_{m,l}$ is the model partial column in layer l. This can then be compared with the satellite tropospheric NO₂ column retrieved ($N_{\rm v}^{\rm trop}$). This equation defines the observation operator in data assimilation applications. Note that this use of the kernel requires a vertical interpolation (integration) between the model grid and the data product grid. There will also be a mismatch between the surface pressures in the model and in the data product, and it is advised to simply modify one of the pressures to match the other.

Using the averaging kernel is important for data users who wish to minimise the discrepancies between the assumptions in the TROPOMI retrieval and their application of interest, for example for validation, data assimilation, or comparison to a model. Such relative comparisons become independent of the a-priori profile shapes of the TM5-MP model when the kernels are used [RD31].

An important additional feature of the averaging kernel $\bf A$ is that it also allows users to replace the a-priori profile used in the retrieval by their own a-priori, e.g. from a high-resolution regional air-quality chemistry-transport model. The vertical column $N_{\rm v}$ $^{trop'}$ derived from the new NO₂ a-priori profile is achieved by using the following equations:

$$N_{\mathsf{v}}^{\mathsf{trop}^{\mathsf{w}}} = rac{M^{\mathsf{trop}}}{M^{\mathsf{trop}^{\mathsf{w}}}} N_{\mathsf{v}}^{\mathsf{trop}} \ \mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{trop}^{\mathsf{w}}} = rac{M^{\mathsf{trop}^{\mathsf{w}}}}{M^{\mathsf{trop}^{\mathsf{w}}}} \mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{trop}} \ M^{\mathsf{trop}^{\mathsf{w}}}(\mathbf{x}_m) = M^{\mathsf{trop}}(\mathbf{x}_a) \sum_{l} A_l^{\mathsf{trop}} x_{m,l}^{\mathsf{w}} / \sum_{l} x_{m,l}^{\mathsf{w}}$$

Here $M^{\text{trop}}(\mathbf{x}_a)$ is the air-mass factor provided in the data file, depending on the global TM5-MP model a-priori profile \mathbf{x}_a , and $M^{\text{trop}^{\text{II}}}(\mathbf{x}_m^{\text{II}})$ is a new air-mass factor computed with the alternative a-priori model profile \mathbf{x}_m^{II} resulting from a high-resolution regional model forecast or analysis.

8.9 Data Product Example

An example of the TROPOMI NO_2 dataset is given in figure 3. The images were created with the NASA-GISS Panoply software, https://www.giss.nasa.gov/tools/panoply/ which is a recommended tool to visualise the TROPOMI L2 files.

8.10 Product Geophysical Validation

Validation results for the TROPOMI L2 products are generated by the S5P Mission Performance Centre (MPC, http://www.tropomi.eu/data-products/mission-performance-centre) and by the S5P Validation Team (S5PVT) members. The MPC provides routine validation results for the TROPOMI L2 products in the form of up-to-date validation results and a sequence of consolidated validation reports which are updated every 3 months. These are made available through the MPC Validation Data Analysis Facility (VDAF), hosted by BIRA-IASB, http://mpc-vdaf.tropomi.eu. This routine activity started 13 July 2018. The validation activity as described in the validation reports contains the following components:

- TROPOMI NO₂ stratospheric column data are compared to UV-Vis zenith-scattered-light twilight DOAS
 (ZSL-DOAS/SAOZ) measurements collected from the Network for the Detection of Atmospheric Composition Change (NDACC).
- TROPOMI NO₂ tropospheric column data are compared to NDACC UV-Vis Multi-Axis DOAS (MAXDOAS)
 measurements processed in Rapid-Delivery mode.
- TROPOMI NO₂ summed total column data are compared to the Pandonia Global Network (PGN) direct Sun instruments.

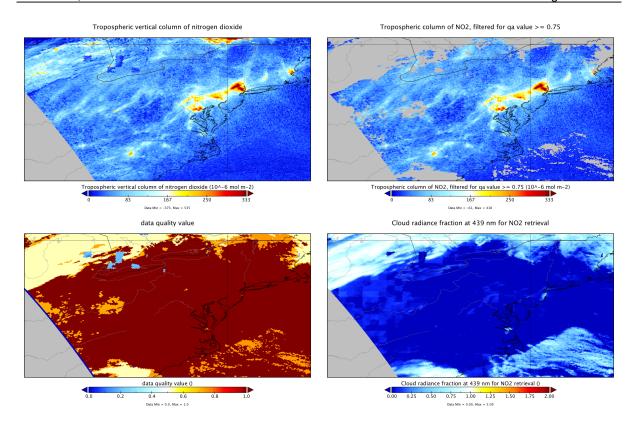


Figure 3: Example of the TROPOMI NO₂ data product, orbit 657, 28 November 2017, view over the Eastern USA. The top-left panel shows the NO₂ tropospheric column as provided in the file (unit μ mol/m²). The top-right shows the same NO₂ tropospheric column, but now the pixels are filtered with $qa_value > 0.75$. The lower-left panel shows the qa_value , which is for a large part determined by the cloud radiance fraction (lower right) for this scene.

Other validation and verification activities are:

- The TROPOMI DOAS NO₂ retrievals have been verified with independent DOAS retrieval software using, in particular, the verification software of IUP-Bremen.
- TROPOMI NO₂ slant columns and tropospheric columns have been compared with Ozone Monitoring Instrument (OMI) retrievals (with the EU project QA4ECV product, and with the NASA OMI retrievals) for the same day and location.

8.11 History of product changes

This product user manual describes the current version of the Level-2 NO₂ data product, v1.4.0. A brief description of data product changes is given here. Detailed description of the algorithms can be found in the NO₂ ATBD.

Important note for users of the NO₂ dataproduct: The latest version 1.4.0 results in considerably higher NO₂ tropospheric columns than versions 1.3.x and 1.2.x. For time series, trend studies or comparisons between years the results from the latest version 1.4.0 should not be mixed with results from the older versions.

8.11.1 Version 1.4.0

On 3 December 2020 the NO_2 processor was upgraded from version 1.3.2 to 1.4.0. The main changes in version 1.4.0 are:

The FRESCO-S cloud retrieval scheme is updated to span a wider range of wavelengths in the O2-A band, including the weaker absorption features (FRESCO-wide). As a result, the cloud pressures show an overall decrease, especially for low clouds. For high clouds the changes are relatively minor. Figure 4, left, shows the change in cloud pressure for pixels with a qa_value > 0.75, which are pixels with a

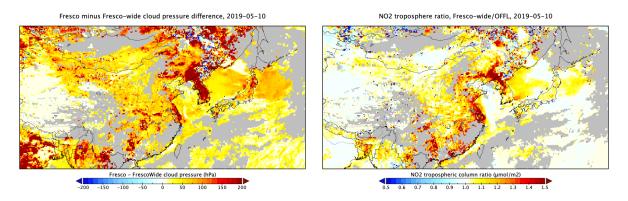


Figure 4: Left:The cloud pressure difference (V01.03.02 using previous FRESCO minus V01.04.00 using the new FRESCOwide) for 10 May 2019 over East Asia (unit: hPa). Note that the data has been filtered for values $qa_value>0.75$, which implies nearly cloud free pixels. For the cloud pressure retrieval this is the most difficult subset of pixels (but also the relevant subset for NO₂ retrievals). Over land, the retrieved pressures for these nearly cloud free pixels may differ by more than 200 hPa for small cloud fractions. The new FRESCO V01.04.00 shows lower cloud pressures in most cases (yellow-red colors). Over sea and ocean the differences are smaller, up to 50 hPa. For cloud-covered pixels (not shown) the differences are smaller. Right: the NO₂ tropospheric column ratio (V01.04.00/ V01.03.02) resulting from the changes in cloud pressure. White and yellow colours indicate small changes < 15% for most of the domain, but a substantial fraction of observations, including polluted regions, shows columns enhanced by up to 50% (red).

cloud radiance fraction < 0.5, pixels which are mostly cloud-free. More detailed inspection shows that the updated FRESCO provides more realistic pressures, for instance in the case of heavy aerosol loads or in the case of low clouds over sea/ocean. In the latter case the previous FRESCO version often shows pressures equal to the sea surface pressure, but the FRESCO update produces more realistic elevated cloud heights. As a result of the higher clouds, the air-mass factor is reduced between 0 and 50%, depending on the location and cloud fraction (for a cloud fraction equal to zero there is no difference). As a consequence, the tropospheric NO_2 column is increased between 0 and about 50%, see Figure 4, right. Similar results are found over other continents.

Because of the overall decrease in cloud pressure, the criterion to decide if pixels above snow and ice
are cloudy or cloud free was also adjusted. This criterion is based on the difference between surface and
cloud pressure as described in the ATBD [RD27].

8.11.2 Versions 1.3.x

On 27 March 2019 the NO₂ processor was upgraded from version 1.2.2 to 1.3.0. The main changes can be summarised as follows:

- The FRESCO-S cloud retrieval has been updated. The surface albedo is now adjusted to match the top of atmosphere reflectance if the top of atmosphere reflectance is lower than expected using the prescribed surface albedo and cloud fraction 0. In this way negative cloud fractions are avoided. Similar changes were implemented for fully cloud covered scenes. In the (relatively rare) case that the cloud fraction from the NO₂ spectral window is larger than zero, but the old FRESCO-S implementation (v1.0.1-v1.2.1) retrieves a negative cloud fraction with unrealistic cloud pressures, this was resulting in high, noisy NO₂ spots. With the new FRESCO-S implementation the retrievals in these cases produce realistic values consistent with nearby retrievals.
- The rules determining the qa_value have been adjusted. In particular the lower limit on the tropospheric air-mass factor was reduced, which increases the number of valid pixels somewhat.
- The fully clear-sky and fully cloudy tropospheric air-mass factors are now written to the output file. Also, the wind speed at 10m altitude was added for interpretation of the observations (to identify the direction of the pollution plumes).

8.11.3 Version 1.2.0 / 1.2.2

In the last week of October 2018 the NO₂ processor was upgraded from version 1.1.0 to 1.2.0. The main changes can be summarised as follows:

- A "destriping" algorithm is used to remove across-track biases between the individual viewing angles (450 in total for TROPOMI). A stripe amplitude is computed on a daily basis over the (clean) tropical Pacific Ocean, and is defined as a difference between the TROPOMI NO₂ slant column and the TM5-MP predicted slant column. These differences are averaged over a 30 degree latitude region and over a period of 7 days, and are de-biased by removing the mean. The slant columns are corrected by subtracting these averaged stripe amplitudes. The array of stripe amplitudes is provided in the L2 files, and also in the product support file (the NRT processor obtains the de-striping information from this file).
- The retrievals for the high solar zenith angles (SZA) and polar regions has improved through a series of changes. In the TM5-MP model the photolysis for SZA > 85 degree was improved, impacting in particular the stratospheric columns at high latitudes. The assimilation of NO₂ observations is now restricted to the ascending part of the orbit, removing the impact of the high SZA less reliable and redundant observations on the stratospheric NO₂ column analysis.
- Good retrievals over snow-ice, with a scene pressure close to the surface pressure, now have a qa_value > 0.75. The cloud retrieval can not distinguish clouds from snow/ice, but the near equivalence of the scene pressure and surface pressure indicates that the scene is nearly cloud-free.
- The computation of the thermal tropopause level now uses a more advanced algorithm, resulting in smaller jumps and more realistic mean values.
- Measurements during Solar eclipse are now labelled as low quality, qa_value < 0.5.

8.11.4 Version 1.0.2 / 1.1.0

Since the launch of Sentinel-5P, the NO_2 processor has been improved considerably. The main developments in the first half-year of 2018, up to the first release of the NO_2 v1.0.2 data in early July, can be summarised as follows:

- KNMI has developed its own new DOAS solver to replace the old inflexible OMNO2A OMI software. The DOAS equation (see ATBD) is solved with a non-linear intensity fit based on optimal estimation, with χ^2 optimisation, which compares well with OMI and QDOAS processor applied to TROPOMI.
- The FRESCO+ cloud (pressure) retrieval has been re-coded to account for the high spectral resolution of TROPOMI in the O2-A band. The new code is called FRESCO-S.
- The NRT retrieval code (implemented in the PDGS) has been updated. It now contains the latest
 developments resulting from the developments in the QA4ECV project, and is consistent with TM5-MPdomino offline code, run at KNMI. As a result, we expect relatively minor differences between the NRT
 and off-line products.
- The filtering of the NO₂ observations has been improved to better deal with saturated pixels, or observations close to saturated pixels. These occur over very bright scenes, mainly high clouds in the tropics. The SCD uncertainty from the DOAS fit is a sensitive parameter to detect effects of saturation.
- The modelling of stratospheric chemistry in the TM5-MP model (NO₂ profile shapes) has been improved by improving the interpolation to the ODIN HNO₃ and HALOE NO₂ climatologies.
- The routine to compute the tropopause level has been replaced, leading to a smoother and more physical tropopause pressure.
- Anomalies over ice near Antarctica have been removed by a better use of the snow-ice information from NISE.
- A detailed recipe for computing the qa_value was developed and implemented.
- The TM5-MP-domino processing at KNMI (chemistry-transport model run, computation of the stratospheric NO₂ column, NO₂ profile shapes and AMF retrievals) originally needed about 5 hours to process one day of TROPOMI NO₂ data. The AMF retrieval module in TM5-MP-domino has been made MPI-parallel. The runtime is now about 1 hour for 1 day of TROPOMI NO₂ (15 orbits).

9 General structure of S5P/TROPOMI Level 2 files

This section gives an overview of the basic structure of all Sentinel 5 precursor level 2 files. In subsections 9.1–9.3 and sections 11–13 some details are provided on the background of the structure of the level 2 files of Sentinel 5 precursor. A complete description of the variables in the Nitrogendioxide files is given in section ??. Figure 5 gives a graphical representation of the generic structure of a TROPOMI Level 2 file. The outermost layer is the file itself. Within the file different groups are used to organise the data and make it easier to find what you are looking for. Within the file there are two groups: "PRODUCT" and "METADATA". Both of these groups contain sub-groups. The purpose of each group are discussed below.

PRODUCT The variables in this group will answer the questions *what, when, where* and *how well.* This group stores the main data fields of the product, including the precision of the main parameters, latitude, longitude and variable to determine the observation time and the dimensions needed for the data (a time reference dimension (time), the number of measurements in the granule (scanline), the number of spectra in a measurement (ground_pixel) and depending on the product also a pressure-level dimension, or state-vector dimensions). The "qa_value" parameter summarizes the processing flags into a continuous value, giving a quality percentage: 100 % is the most optimal value, 0 % is a processing failure, in between lies a continuum of values¹.

In the 'PRODUCT' group a sub-group 'SUPPORT_DATA' can be found:

SUPPORT_DATA Additional data that is not directly needed for using and understanding the main data product is stored in sub-groups of this group.

The data in this group is further split up into the following sub groups:

GEOLOCATIONS Additional geolocation and geometry related fields, including the pixel boundaries (pixel corners), viewing- and solar zenith angles, azimuth angles, and spacecraft location.

DETAILED_RESULTS Additional output, including state-vector elements that are not the main parameter(s), output describing the quality of the retrieval result, such as a χ^2 value, and detailed processing flags.

INPUT_DATA Additional input data, such as meteorological input data, surface albedo values, surface altitude and other data that was used to derive the output. Note that input profile information is not stored here, but is available for download from elsewhere.

METADATA This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that appear in the header file [RD33, section 7] and items required by INSPIRE [ER4], ISO 19115 [RD34], ISO 19115-2 [RD35], ISO 19157 [RD36] and OGC 10-157r3 [RD37]. These metadata standards are all meant to facilitate dataset discovery.

The metadata will be stored as attributes, while grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard will be done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Some attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF metadata conventions [ER5], the Attribute Convention for Dataset Discovery [ER6], the NetCDF-4 user guide [ER7] and the ESA CCI project [RD38]. For interoperability reasons the conventions are followed, and the specified global attributes are added to the output files at the root-level.

ALGORITHM_SETTINGS An attribute is added to this group for each key in the configuration file. The exact contents differ for each processor.

GRANULE_DESCRIPTION Parameters describing the granule, such as an outline of the geolocations covered in the granule, the time coverage, and processing facility.

QA_STATISTICS Quality assurance statistics. This group contains two types of data:

- 1. The total number of pixel matching a certain criterion: number of input pixels, number of pixels successfully processed and the number of pixels that failed for specific reasons. Also part of the pixel counting are the number of warnings that were raised, including those for the south Atlantic anomaly, sun glint and solar eclipse. This is collectively known as 'event counting'.
- 2. Histogram(s) of the main parameter(s) in the file. Histograms are additive and allow for easy monitoring of changes over time. This can be a valuable addition for quality monitoring of the science data.

ESA_METADATA The metadata items that are required in the ESA header.

ISO_METADATA The ISO metadata items, organized in subgroups.

¹ More detailed processing flags indicating precisely why the 100 % value isn't reached, are available elsewhere in the product.

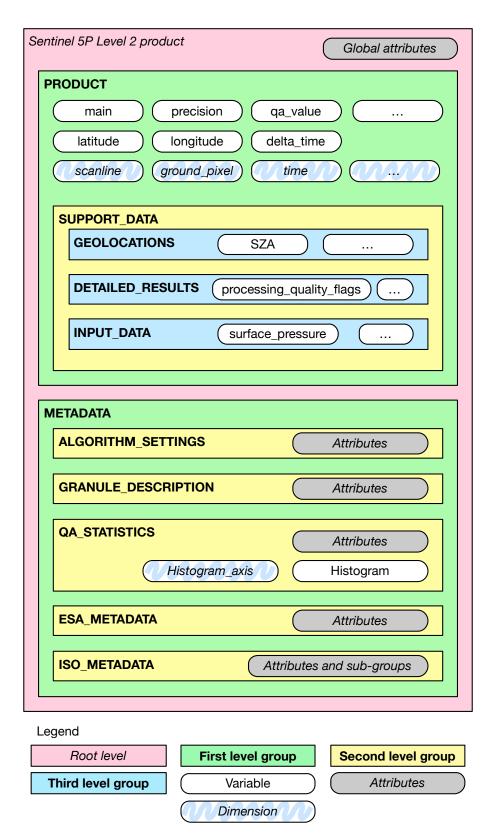


Figure 5: Graphical description of the generic structure of a Level 2 file. The elements labelled as a dimension are coordinate variables. See section 9 for a full description.

EOP METADATA The EOP metadata items, organized in subgroups.

The work of Level 1B on metadata as described in the metadata specification for TROPOMI L01b data processor [RD39] is used as the basis for the level 2 metadata, in particular for the items in the 'ISO_METADATA' and 'EOP_METADATA' subgroups. The listed metadata standards give a data model and an implementation guideline for producing an XML file with the metadata – as a side-file to the data-file itself. The Level 1B IODS [RD2] describes a method to store the metadata in the NetCDF-4 file, and produce XML side-files as needed. A detailed discussion on metadata as it applies to Level 2 can be found in section 13.

Details of the specific format of the level 2 product file for the Nitrogendioxide product is given in section ??. Here all variables are described in detail.

9.1 Dimensions and dimension ordering

All variables in a NetCDF-4 file use named and shared dimensions. This explicitly connects variables to dimensions, and to each other. A few of the dimension names were already shown in figure 5.

time A time dimension. The length of this dimension is 1, at least for S5P. The reason this dimension is used are compatibility with Level 1B, and forward compatibility with Sentinel 4 and Level 3 output. Details are provided in sections 9.2.

scanline The dimension that indicates the flight direction.

ground_pixel The dimension perpendicular to the flight direction.

level For profiles this dimension is used for the vertical grid. The levels indicate the interfaces between layers following the CF metadata conventions [ER5, Appendix D].

layer For profiles this dimension is used for the vertical grid. The layers contain the bulk between the levels, a layer has a thickness, a level is at an altitude. This is not fully CF compliant, but saves a lot of memory.

Other dimensions can be added as needed, but these names shall be the default for these roles.

The climate and forecast metadata conventions recommend a specific order for dimensions in a variable [ER5, section 2.4]. Spatiotemporal dimensions should appear in the relative order: "date or time" (T), "height or depth" (Z), "latitude" (Y), and "longitude" (X). Note that the ordering of the dimensions in CDL, our documentation and C/C++ is row-major: the last dimension is stored contiguously in memory².

Using straight latitude and longitude is fine with model parameters, but the S5P/TROPOMI Level 1B/Level 2 observation grid is not a regular grid. Because of the polar orbit, the across track dimension ('ground_pixel') corresponds most closely with the longitude, and therefore is associated with the *X*-dimension, while the along track dimensions ('scanline') corresponds most directly with latitude, and is therefore labelled as the *Y*-dimension.

However, in the CF conventions goes on to recommend that additional dimensions are added before the (T,Z,Y,X) axes, that is to have contiguous (T,Z,Y,X) hyperslabs, and spread out the data in other dimensions. We do not follow this recommendation. Instead we recommend to keep units that are likely to be accessed as a unit together in memory, but following the recommended order for (T,Y,X). Note that we do not follow the CF conventions for profiles as they are more likely accessed as complete profiles rather than horizontal slices. A few examples will help:

Tropospheric NO₂ column This variable contains a single value per ground pixel, and the dimensions are (time, scanline, ground_pixel).

O₃ profile This variable provides a column per ground pixel. Since the vertical axis is clearly defined we have the dimensions for this variable as (time, scanline, ground_pixel, level). Note that we do not follow the CF conventions in this case as ozone profiles are more likely accessed as complete profiles rather than horizontal slices.

The state_vector_length variable that accompanies the state_vector_length dimension is a string array, giving the names of the state vector elements.

Fortran uses column-major order, effectively reversing the dimensions in the code compared to the documentation.

9.2 Time information

Time information is stored in two steps. We have the time dimension, which indicates the reference time. This reference time is defined to be UTC midnight before the start of the orbit, which itself is defined by spacecraft midnight. The time variable contains the reference time in seconds since 2010-01-01, UTC midnight. Alternative representations of the reference time are listed in table 7. The offset of individual measurements within the granule is given in milliseconds with respect to this reference time in the variable delta_time.

The reason for this double reference is to more closely follow the CF conventions. Because the flight direction relates the latitude and the time within the orbit, we have Y and T dimensions that are closely related. By separating these into a time dimension of length 1 and a scanline dimension, we obtain independent Y and T dimensions. The actual observation time of an individual observation must be reconstructed from an offset and a time-delta.

As a service to the users, the time is also stored in the 'time_utc' variable. This variable is a string array, with each observation time stored as an ISO date string [RD40].

Table 7: Reference times available in a S5P L2 file. Types: (A) global attribute, (D) dimensional variable, (V) variable. All reference times ignore leap seconds.

Name	Type	Description
time_reference	(A)	ISO date/time string [RD40]
time_reference_days_since_1950	(A)	The number of days since January first, 1950, UTC midnight, as used in several weather and climate models (ECMWF, TM5).
time_reference_julian_day	(A)	The Julian date of the reference time as used in astronomy. This is the reference time system as used in IDL.
time_reference_seconds_since_1970	(A)	The number of seconds since January first, 1970, UTC midnight. This is also known as the unix epoch. Time functions on many systems will accept this number.
time	(D)	This variable contains the number of seconds since 2010-01-01, UTC midnight.
time_utc	(V)	Array of ISO date/time strings [RD40], one for each observation, i.e. one for each element in the scanline dimension

9.3 Geolocation, pixel corners and angles

The latitude, longitude, pixel corner coordinates and related angles and satellite position in the level 2 files are copied from the level 1B input data [RD26, chapters 26 and 27]. Details about the definitions can be found there. Note that the latitude and longitude have not been corrected for the local surface altitude, but are instead given at the intersection of the line of sight with the WGS84 ellipsoid.

The geo-coordinates of the pixel corners are shown in Figure 6. Note that this choice follows the CF metadata standard [ER5, section 7.1].

The azimuth angles, i.e. the solar azimuth angle φ_0 and the viewing azimuth angle φ give the angle of the sun and the instrument respectively at the intersection of the line of sight with the WGS84 ellipsoid. Both angles are given as degrees east relative to the local north. This definition is identical to the definition of the azimuth angles in both the OMI and GOME-2 instruments, but requires some care when comparing to a radiative transfer model. A radiative transfer model will typically use $\varphi-\varphi_0$ which differs by 180° as it follows the path of the light.

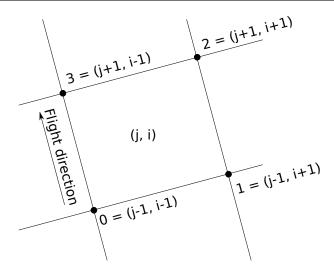


Figure 6: Pixel corner coordinates. The sequence $\{0,1,2,3\}$ refers to the elements in the corner dimension.

10 Description of the nitrogen dioxide product

Description of the output file for the NO₂ product from the TROPOMI instrument on the Sentinel 5-precursor mission.

These are the file-level attributes.

If the ECMWF dynamic auxiliary data is not available a fallback solution will be used. In this case the Level 2 output file will be flagged using the "Status_MET_2D" global attribute.

If the NISE dynamic auxiliary data is not available a fallback solution will be used. In this case the Level 2 output file will be flagged using the "Status_NISE__" global attribute.

Global attributes in NO2

Group attributes attached to NO2					
Name	Value	Туре			
Conventions	'CF-1.7' (static)	NC_STRING			

Name of the conventions followed by the dataset. Note that while we try to follow the climate and forecast metadata conventions, there are some features – notably the use of groups to hierarchicaly organize the data – that are not part of version 1.6 of the CF metadata conventions. In those cases we try to follow the spirit of the conventions. This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

institution '%(institute)s' (dynamic) NC STRING

The institute where the original data was produced. The actual processing center is given in the ProcessingCenter attribute, here we would like to indicate the responsible parties. The value is a combination from BIRA, DLR, ESA, FMI, IUP, KNMI, MPIC, SRON, The actual value is a combination of the ATBD institute and the institute that developed the processor. This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

source 'Sentinel 5 precursor, TROPOMI, space-borne remote NC_STRING sensing, L2' (dynamic)

Method of production of the original data. Value includes instrument, generic description of retrieval, product level, and adds a short product name and processor version. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

history NC_STRING

Provides an audit trail for modifications to the original data. Well-behaved generic netCDF filters will automatically append their name and the parameters with which they were invoked to the global history attribute of an input netCDF file. Each line shall begin with a timestamp indicating the date and time of day that the program was executed. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

summary NC STRING

Miscellaneous information about the data or methods used to produce it.

If processing in a degraded mode occured, then a note should be placed in this attribute. A degraded processing mode can occur for several reasons, for instance the use of static backup data for nominally dynamic input or an irradiance product that is older than a few days. A machine-parseable description is available in the "processing status" attribute. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

tracking id NC STRING

This unique tracking ID is proposed by the Climate Change Initiative – European Space Agency project. This ID is a UUID and allows files to be referenced, and linked up to processing description, input data, documentation, etc. The CCI-ESA project uses version 4 UUIDs (random number based) for consistency with CMIP5. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

id '%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic) NC_STRING

The "id" and "naming_authority" attributes are intended to provide a globally unique identification for each dataset. The "id" value should attempt to uniquely identify the dataset. The naming authority allows a further refinement of the "id". The combination of the two should be globally unique for all time. We use the logical file name for the "id" attribute. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

time_reference 'YYYY-MM-DDT00:00:00Z' (dynamic) NC_STRING

UTC time reference as an ISO 8601 [RD40] string. This corresponds to the UTC value in the time dimensional variable. By definition it indicates UTC midnight before the start of the granule.

time_reference_days_- 0 (dynamic) NC_INT since 1950

The reference time expressed as the number of days since 1950-01-01. This is the reference time unit used by both TM5 and ECMWF.

time_reference_julian_day 0.0 (dynamic) NC_DOUBLE

The reference time expressed as a Julian day number.

time_reference_seconds_- 0 (dynamic) NC_INT64 since 1970

The reference time expressed as the number of seconds since 1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC. This is the reference time unit used by Unix systems.

time_coverage_start 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.mmmmmmZ' (dynamic) NC_STRING Start of the data granule in UTC as an ISO 8601 [RD40] string. See the discussion of the time_delta variable on page 38 for details.

time_coverage_end 'YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.mmmmmmZ' (dynamic) NC_STRING End of the data granule in UTC as an ISO 8601 [RD40] string. See the discussion of the time_delta variable on page 38 for details.

time coverage duration NC STRING

Duration of the data granule as an ISO 8601 [RD40] duration string ("PT%(duration_seconds)sS"). This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

time coverage resolution NC STRING

Interval between measurements in the data granule as an ISO 8601 [RD40] duration string ("PT%(interval_seconds)fS"). For most products this is 1080 ms in nominal operation, except for "L2__03__PR", which uses 3240 ms due to coaddition. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

orbit 0 (dynamic) NC_INT

The absolute orbit number, starting at 1 – first ascending node crossing after spacecraft separation. For pre-launch testing this value should be set to "-1".

references '%(references)s' (static) NC_STRING

References that describe the data or methods used to produce it. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

processor_version '%(version)s' (dynamic) NC_STRING
The version of the data processor, as string of the form "major.minor.patch".

keywords_vocabulary 'AGU index terms, http://publications.agu.org/author- NC_STRING resource-center/index-terms/' (static)

The guidelines followed for the keywords attribute. We use the index terms published by the AGU.

keywords	'%(keywords_agu)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Keywords from the "keywords ATBD authors.	_vocabulary" describing the contents of the file. To b	e provided by the
standard_name_vocabulary	'NetCDF Climate and Forecast Metadata Conventions Standard Name Table (v29, 08 July 2015), http:// cfconventions.org/standard-names.html' (static)	_
The table followed for the stands	_	
naming_authority	'%(naming_authority)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Specify who is giving out the id	attribute. This attribute originates from the CCI standar	
cdm_data_type	'Swath' (static)	NC_STRING
The THREDDS data type appr attribute originates from the CC		
date_created	'YYYY-mm-ddTHH:MM:SS.ffffffZ' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The date on which this file was	created. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.	
creator_name	'%(credit)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
to "The Sentinel 5 Precursor TF Space Agency (ESA), the Nethe Aerospace Center (DLR) and the	al to the value of the "gmd:credit" attribute. For S5P the ROPOMI Level 2 products are developed with funding from the Indian Science Policy Carlands Space Office (NSO), the Belgian Science Policy Carlands Staatsministerium für Wirtschaft und Mebute originates from the CCI standard.	om the European Office, the German
creator_url	'%(creator_url)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Hyperlink to a location where mo $\mathrm{eu}/.$ This attribute originates from	are information on the product can be found. Set to \mathtt{http} : om the CCI standard.	//www.tropomi.
creator_email	'EOSupport@Copernicus.esa.int' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Point of contact for mo "mailto:EOSupport@Copernicus	ore information and support for this products.esa.int". This attribute originates from the CCI standard	
project	'Sentinel 5 precursor/TROPOMI' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The name of the scientific projection	ct that created the data. This attribute originates from th	e CCI standard.
geospatial_lat_min		NC_FLOAT
Lowest latitude present in the fil	e in decimal degrees. This attribute originates from the	CCI standard.
geospatial_lat_max		NC_FLOAT
Highest latitude present in the fi	ile in decimal degrees. This attribute originates from the	CCI standard.
geospatial_lon_min		NC_FLOAT
Lowest longitude present in the	file in decimal degrees. This attribute originates from the	e CCI standard.
geospatial_lon_max		NC_FLOAT
Highest longitude present in the	file in decimal degrees. This attribute originates from the	e CCI standard.
license	'No conditions apply' (static)	NC_STRING
describe the restrictions to data originates from the CCI standar	a access and distribution. For S5P "No conditions app d.	ly". This attribute
platform	'S5P' (static)	NC_STRING
Name of the satellite, set to "S5	P". This attribute originates from the CCI standard.	
sensor	'TROPOMI' (static)	NC_STRING
Name of the sensor, set to "TRO	DPOMI". This attribute originates from the CCI standard.	
spatial_resolution		NC_STRING
	most products this is " $3.5 \times 7 \text{km}^2$ ", except for "L203_ and "L2CH4", which both use " $7 \times 7 \text{km}^2$ ". This a	
cpp_compiler_version		NC_STRING
The version of the compiler use	d for the C++ code. The value of this attribute is set via	the Makefile.

cpp_compiler_flags NC_STRING

The compiler flags passed to the C++ compiler. The value of this attribute is set via the Makefile.

f90 compiler version NC STRING

The version of the compiler version used for the Fortran code. The value of this attribute is set via the Makefile. Note that not all processors make use of Fortran code.

f90 compiler flags NC STRING

The compiler flags passed to the Fortran compiler. The value of this attribute is set via the Makefile. Note that not all processors make use of Fortran code.

build_date NC_STRING

The date on which the processor was built.

revision_control_identifier '%(revision_control_source_identifier)s' (dynamic) NC_STRING

Revision control system identifier for the source used to build this processor.

geolocation_grid_from_band NC_INT

The band from which the geolocation was taken, useful for colocating the level 2 output with other products.

identifier_product_doi '%(product_doi)s' (dynamic) NC_STRING
This is the DOI ("Digital Object Identifier") of the current product. It allows to easily find download and background information, even if that location is moved after the file has been created.

identifier_product_doi_au- 'http://dx.doi.org/' (static) NC_STRING thority

This attribute defines the authoritative service for use with DOI values in resolving to the URL location.

algorithm_version '%(algorithm_version)s' (dynamic) NC_STRING

The algorithm version, separate from the processor (framework) version, to accommodate different release schedules for different products.

title 'TROPOMI/S5P NO2 %s L2 Swath %sx%skm' (dy- NC_STRING namic)

This is a short description of the product.

For the full NO_2 vertical column product the title is "TROPOMI/S5P NO2 1-Orbit L2 Swath yx3.5km", with the y dimension adjusted according to the spatial sampling of the input (7.0 or 5.5). This attribute originates from the NUG standard.

processing_status NC_STRING

This attribute indicates how the data is produced. The possible values are indicated. For near real time processing forecast profiles produced by TM5 at KNMI will be used. For offline processing the nominal data stream is processed at KNMI where assimilation is used to produce optimal quality data. However, as a backup the forecast NO_2 profile shapes from the NRT data stream can be used. This backup product is of sub-optimal quality, but can be used to meet delivery requirements. This attribute indicates the status of the product.

Note that both the NRT product and the backup product need to be sent to KNMI for processing. The backup product replaces the slant column product that was mentioned in earlier releases of the IODD.

Possible values: NRTI-processing product, OFFL-processing backup product/slant column product, OFFL-processing nominal product

product_version '1.2.0' (dynamic) NC_STRING

Included for compatibility with the CCI project, where this item is defined as "the product version of this data file." We will use the file format version for this attribute following several CCI sub-projects. This attribute originates from the CCI standard.

Status MET 2D NC STRING

The status of ECMWF input, either "Nominal" or "Fallback". Note that the "MET_2D" auxiliary input is used as an achor point for *all* meteorological data (where applicable).

Possible values: Nominal, Fallback

Status_NISE__ NC_STRING

The status of NISE input, either "Nominal", "ECMWF Fallback" or "Static Fallback".

Possible values: Nominal, ECMWF_Fallback, Static_Fallback

Status CTMFCT NC STRING

The status of TM5 forecast input, either "Nominal", "Fallback" or "Not applicable". The latter is for nominal offline products.

Possible values: Nominal, Fallback, Not applicable

10.1 Group "PRODUCT" in "NO2"

This is the main group containing the NO₂ vertical column product. At this level the dimensions and the main data fields are defined. Support data can be found in the "SUPPORT_DATA" group.

The dimensions that are common to all products. These are all located in the "PRODUCT" group, and can be accessed from that group and all sub-groups of the "PRODUCT" group, that is everywhere except the "METADATA" group.

All dimensions have an associated variable. These variables give a meaning to the dimension, spanning the axis of other variables.

The latitude and longitude. Used in all products, placed in the "PRODUCT" group.

Dimensions in NO2/PRODUCT

scanline The number of measurements along the swath, in the flight-direction.

size Unlimited.

ground_pixel The number of ground pixels across track. This depends on the product and will follow the dimension found in the main input Level 1B product.

```
size -1 (dynamic) source L1B.
```

corner The number of corners for a pixel.

```
size 4 (fixed)
```

time The time dimension. See the discussion of the associated dimensional variable on page 35 for details.

```
size 1 (fixed)
```

polynomial_exponents The number of polynomial coefficients in the DOAS fit: $N_p + 1$, with N_p the degree of the polynomial.

```
size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.
```

intensity_offset_polynomial_exponents The number of polynomial coefficients in the background offset correction in the DOAS fit: $N_{\text{off}} + 1$, with N_{off} the degree of the background offset correction polynomial.

```
size -1 (dynamic) source Processor.
```

layer Number of layers, N_l , in the TM5 model for the NO₂ profile and AMF calculations.

```
size -1 (dynamic)
source Processor.
```

vertices Dimension to indicate layer boundaries.

size 2 (fixed)

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT

scanline in NO2/PRODUCT

Description:

The coordinate variable scanline refers to the along-track dimension of the measurement. The scanlines are time-ordered, meaning that "earlier" measurements have a lower index than "later" measurements. This variable merely contains an index to ensure that when indicating a pixel in a file the same index is used. This avoids the off-by-one confusion that frequently occurred in OMI discussions.

corner in NO2/PRODUCT

Dimensions:	scanline (coordinate	e variable)		
Type:	NC INT.	e variable).		
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
Allibutes.	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
		physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CI		
	axis	'Y' (static)	NC_STRING	
		, ,	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'along-track dimension index' (static) 'This coordinate variable defines the indices along		
	comment	track; index starts at 0' (static)	NC_STRING	
ground_pixe	I in NO2/PRODUCT			
Description:	urement. The grou For the Sentinel 5 part of the orbit, i.e. contains an index t	iable ground_pixel refers to the across-track dimend_pixel ordering is from left to right with respect to precursor orbit this corresponds to west to east durit, a higher index corresponds to a higher longitude. The ensure that when indicating a pixel in a file the saby-one confusion that frequently occurred in OMI disc	the flight direction. ng the ascending is variable merely me index is used.	
Dimensions:	ground_pixel (coord	dinate variable).		
Type:	NC_INT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	Dimensionless, no	physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CI	standard.	
	axis	'X' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'across-track dimension index' (static)	NC_STRING	
	comment	'This coordinate variable defines the indices across track, from west to east; index starts at 0' (static)	NC_STRING	
time in NO2/F	PRODUCT			
Description:	The variable time (time) is the reference time of the measurements. The reference time is set to YYYY-MM-DDT00:00:00 UTC, midnight UTC before spacecraft midnight, the formal start of the current orbit. The delta_time(scanline) variable indicates the time difference of the observations with the reference time. Thus combining the information of time(time) and delta_time(scanline) yields the measurement time for each scanline as UTC time. The reference time(time) corresponds to the global attribute time_reference which is specified as a UTC time specified as an ISO 8601 [RD40] date.			
Dimensions:	time (coordinate va		- •	
Type:	NC_INT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
-	units	'seconds since 2010-01-01 00:00:00' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'time' (static)	NC_STRING	
	axis	'T' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'reference time for the measurements' (static)	NC_STRING	
	comment	'The time in this variable corresponds to the time in	NC_STRING	

the time_reference global attribute' (static)

Description:	The full coordinate clockwise, starting longitude on the as	xel corners. We follow the CF-Metadata conventions a system is right-handed, and the order of the pixel of in the "lower-left" corner (i.e. the smallest value in cending part of the orbit, or equivalently for TROPOMI to pixel and scanline indices). See figure 6 on page trners.	orners is counter- both latitude and he lowest value for
Dimensions:	corner (coordinate	variable).	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	Dimensionless, no	physical quantity. This attribute originates from the CI	= standard.
	long_name	'pixel corner index' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'This coordinate variable defines the indices for the pixel corners; index starts at 0 (counter-clockwise, starting from south-western corner of the pixel in ascending part of the orbit)' (static)	NC_STRING
polynomial_e	exponents in NO2/P	RODUCT	
Description:	The coordinate variable polynomial_exponents contains the exponents for the polynomial in the DOAS fit: $0, 1,, N_p$, with N_p the degree of the polynomial.		
Dimensions:	polynomial_expone	ents (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	Dimensionless, no	physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
	long_name	'Polynomial exponents for background polynomial' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES- ULTS/polynomial_coefficients' (static)	NC_STRING
intensity_off	set_polynomial_ex	ponents in NO2/PRODUCT	
Description:		iable intensity_offset_polynomial_exponent ensity offset polynomial in the DOAS fit: $0,1,\ldots,N_p$, with	
Dimensions:	intensity_offset_po	lynomial_exponents (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	Dimensionless, no	physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
	long_name	'Polynomial exponents for intensity offset' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES- ULTS/polynomial_coefficients' (static)	NC_STRING

layer in NO2/PRODUCT

Description:

The coordinate variable layer contains the numbers of the atmospheric layers in the TM5 model: N_l . The tm5_tropopause_layer_index is given in terms of this coordinate.

With the tm5_constant_a 25 a, tm5_constant_b 26 b and surface_proscure 25 a.

With the tm5_constant_a as a, tm5_constant_b as b and surface_pressure as p_s the pressure at the interfaces between these layers can be calculated using

$$p(t,k,j,i,l) = a(k,l) + b(k,l) * p_s(t,j,i)$$
(3)

The indices in equation 3 have the following meanings: t is time (always 0 in TROPOMI), k is the layer index, starting at the surface, j the scanline (flight direction), i the ground-pixel (across track) and l indicates bottom (l=0, highest pressure) or top (l=1, lowest pressure) of the layer.

Dimensions: layer (coordinate variable).

Type: NC_INT. Source: Processor.

		••			
Δ	ttı	rır	۱ I	te	c.
$\overline{}$	ш	III.	u	ıc	э.

Name	Value	Туре
standard_name	'atmosphere_hybrid_sigma_pressure_coordinate' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
Dimensionless, no p	physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
long_name	'TM5 atmospheric layer numbers' (static)	NC_STRING
positive	'down' (static)	NC_STRING
Give the ordering of standard.	of the layers in the TM5 model. This attribute origin	ates from the CF
axis	'Z' (static)	NC_STRING
formula_terms	'ap: tm5_constant_a b: tm5_constant_b ps: /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/ surface_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'p(t, k, j, i, l) = ap(k, l) + b(k, l)*ps(t, j, i); k from surface to top of atmosphere: $l=0$ for base of layer.	NC_STRING

vertices in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: The coordinate variable vertices is is used to indicate boundaries for vertical layers, it is

I=1 for top of layer.' (static)

short for *number of vertices*.

Dimensions: vertices (coordinate variable).

Type: NC_INT.
Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
Dimensionless, i	no physical quanity. This attribute originates from the CF	standard.
long_name	'TM5 atmospheric layer upper and lower bound	NC_STRING
	indices' (static)	

latitude in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: The latitude of the pixel centers of the ground pixels in the data. Latitude, longitude

coordinates for the ground pixel center and the ground pixel corners are calculated at the

WGS84 ellipsoid.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'pixel center latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'degrees_north' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
valid_min	-90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT

valid_max	90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
bounds	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS/ latitude bounds' (static)	NC_STRING

A link to the boundary coordinates, i.e. the pixel corners. Note that the use of group-names in this attribute is an extension of the climate and forecasting metadata conventions.

longitude in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: The longitude of the pixel centers of the ground pixels in the data. Latitude, longitude

coordinates for the ground pixel center and the ground pixel corners are calculated at the

WGS84 ellipsoid.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
long_name	'pixel center longitude' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'degrees_east' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'longitude' (static)	NC_STRING
valid_min	-180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
bounds	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS/ longitude bounds' (static)	NC_STRING

A link to the boundary coordinates, i.e. the pixel corners. Note that the use of group-names in this attribute is an extension of the climate and forecasting metadata conventions.

delta_time in NO2/PRODUCT

Description:

The delta_time(scanline) variable indicates the time difference with the reference time time(time) (see page 35). Thus combining the information of time(time) and delta_time(scanline) yields the start of the measurement time for each scanline as TAl2010 time. Combining the information in the global attribute time_reference with delta_time(scanline) yields the start of the measurement time in UTC time. The UTC time derived for the first scanline corresponds to the global attribute time_coverage_-start. However, the UTC time derived for the last scanline does not correspond to global attribute time_coverage_end. One scanline measurement is the result of adding independent measurements during one coaddition period. The scanline measurement is given the measurement time of the first sample in this co-addition. It is the measurement time of the last sample in the coaddition period of the last scanline that corresponds to time_coverage_end.

This variable gives the time offset in ms accuracy.

Dimensions: time, scanline.

Type: NC_INT.

Source: Processor.

Source: Processor
Attributes: Name

Name	Value	Type
long_name	'offset of start time of measurement relative to time_reference' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'milliseconds' (static)	NC_STRING

time utc in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: The time of observation expressed as ISO 8601 [RD40] date-time string.

Dimensions: time, scanline.

Type: NC_STRING.

Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

	long_name	'Time of observation as ISO 8601 date-time string' (static)	NC_STRING
qa_value in N	IO2/PRODUCT		
Description:	value will change ba	y descriptor, varying between 0 (no data) and 1 (full of ased on observation conditions and retrieval flags. Def processing_quality_flags elsewhere in the pro	tailed quality flags
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_UBYTE.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	scale_factor	0.01 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	add_offset	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_min	0 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	valid_max	100 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	long_name	'data quality value' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'A continuous quality descriptor, varying between 0 (no data) and 1 (full quality data). Recommend to ignore data with qa_value < 0.5' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide tropospheric co	blumn in NO2/PRODUCT	
Description:		al column of NO_2 , $N_V^{trop}(NO_2)$.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC STRING
	standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Tropospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision air_mass_factor_troposphere air_mass_factor total averaging_kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
	Provide a connection standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates from	om the NUG, CF
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The quantities in Se value this means the is "molecules cm ⁻² ". column in molecules	entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an intention at the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an intention $mol m^{-2}$ attribute provides the multiplication factor to $mol m^{-2}$ from the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as let that work in molecules $mol m^{-2}$.	ntegrated column calculate the total

 $\label{eq:continuous} \text{users who have tools that work in molecules } cm^{-2}.$ $\textbf{nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision} \text{ in NO2/PRODUCT}$

Description: Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of NO₂. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_precision_kernel in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of NO₂ when the averaging kernel is applied.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the tropospheric vertical column of ni- trogen dioxide when applying the averaging kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo-	6.022140857e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

averaging_kernel in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Averaging kernel A for in the air mass factor correction, describing the NO₂ profile sensitivity

of the vertical column density. This is dimensionless, and the profile is given as subcolumn

per layer.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, layer.

lecules percm2

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Averaging kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_variables

'tm5_constant_a tm5_constant_b tm5_tropo- NC_STRING pause_layer_index /PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/

INPUT_DATA/surface_pressure' (static)

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

air mass factor troposphere in NO2/PRODUCT

Description:

Tropospheric air mass factor, M^{trop} , computed by integrating the altitude dependent air mass factor over the atmospheric layers from the surface up to and including the layer with the tropopause, i.e. over atmospheric layers $l=1,2,\ldots,l_{\text{tp}}$, with l_{tp} given in tm5_-tropopause_layer_index.

Dimensions:

time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Source:

Type:

NC_FLOAT. Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Tropospheric air mass factor' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_vari-

 $\verb|'tm5_tropopause_layer_index'| (static) \\$

NC STRING

ables

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

air mass factor total in NO2/PRODUCT

Description:

Total air mass factor, M, computed by integrating the altitude dependent air mass factor over the atmospheric layers from the surface to top-of-atmosphere, i.e. over atmospheric layers $l = 1, 2, ..., N_l$, with N_l given by the dimension profile_layers.

The total air mass factor is used to compute the total vertical column no2_total_-vertical from the total slant column nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density.

Dimensions:

time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: Source: NC_FLOAT. Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Total air mass factor' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

tm5_tropopause_layer_index in NO2/PRODUCT

Description: Index of the highest layer in TM5 which is completely inside the troposphere, in terms of the

layer coordinate. See variable layer on page 36 for details.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_INT.
Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type

	!4	(4' /-1-1:-\	NO OTDINO
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'TM5 layer index of the highest layer in the tropo-	NC_STRING
		pause' (static)	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'tm5_constant_a tm5_constant_b /PRODUCT/ SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/surface_pres- sure' (static)	NC_STRING
	Provide a connection standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates from	om the NUG, CF
tm5_constan	t_a in NO2/PRODUC	Т	
Description:	Hybrid A coefficient	at the TM5 pressure levels. See variable layer on pa	age 36 for details.
Dimensions:	layer, vertices.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'TM5 hybrid A coefficient at upper and lower interface levels' (static)	NC_STRING
tm5_constan	t_b in NO2/PRODUC	Т	
Description:	Hybrid B coefficient	at the TM5 pressure levels. See variable layer on pa	age 36 for details.
Dimensions:	layer, vertices.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'TM5 hybrid B coefficient at upper and lower interface levels' (static)	NC_STRING

10.1.1 Group "SUPPORT_DATA" in "PRODUCT"

10.1.1.1 Group "GEOLOCATIONS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

	I : NOO/DDODII	OT/OURDORT DATA/OFOLOGATIONS	
satellite_latit	ude in NO2/PRODU	CT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS	
Description:	Latitude of the geo	detic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellips	soid.
Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'sub satellite latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'degrees_north' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Latitude of the geodetic sub satellite point on the	NC_STRING
		WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static)	
	valid_min	-90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	90.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
satellite_long	gitude in NO2/PROD	UCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS	
Description:	Longitude of the ge	eodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference elli	psoid.

Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Type:	NC FLOAT.		
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'satellite_longitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'degrees_east' (static)	NC STRING
	comment	'Longitude of the geodetic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	-180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
satellite_altit	ude in NO2/PRODU	CT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS	
Description:	The altitude of the streference ellipsoid.	satellite with respect to the geodetic sub satellite poi	nt on the WGS84
Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'satellite altitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'The altitude of the satellite with respect to the geo- detic sub satellite point on the WGS84 reference ellipsoid' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	700000.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	900000.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
satellite_orbi	t_phase in NO2/PRO	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS	
Description:	Relative offset [0.0,	$\ldots, 1.0$] of the measurement in the orbit.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'fractional satellite orbit phase' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Relative offset [0.0,, 1.0] of the measurement in the orbit' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	-0.02 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	1.02 (static)	NC_FLOAT
solar_zenith_	angle in NO2/PROD	DUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS	
Description:	measured away from when $\vartheta_0 \leq \vartheta_0^{\sf max}$ with	ϑ_0 at the ground pixel location on the reference element the vertical. ESA definition of day side: $\vartheta_0 < 92^\circ$. Pixeth $80^\circ \le \vartheta_0^{\rm max} \le 88^\circ$, depending on the algorithm. The in the algorithm metadata settings.	els are processe
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Type.			
	L1B.		
	L1B. Name	Value	Туре
Source:		Value 'solar zenith angle' (static)	Type NC_STRING
Source:	Name		

	valid_min	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the case is not specified in the climate and forecast	• .
	comment	'Solar zenith angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured away from the vertical' (static)	NC_STRING
solar_azimut	h_angle in NO2/PRO	ODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS	
Description:	measured clockwis This is the same de See the note on the	angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipe from the North (North = 0° , East = 90° , South = ± 18 efinition that is use in both OMI and GOME-2 level 1B e viewing_azimuth_angle on the calculation of the diative transfer calculations.	80° , West = -90° files.
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou		
Туре:	NC FLOAT.	- <u>-</u>	
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'solar azimuth angle' (static)	NC STRING
	standard_name	'solar_azimuth_angle' (static)	NC STRING
	units	'degree' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid min	-180.0 (static)	NC FLOAT
	valid max	180.0 (static)	NC FLOAT
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING
	The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER5].		
	comment	'Solar azimuth angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured clock- wise from the North (East = 90, South = +/-180, West = -90)' (static)	NC_STRING
viewing_zeni	th_angle in NO2/PR	ODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS	
Description:	Zenith angle of the is measured away	satellite ϑ at the ground pixel location on the reference from the vertical.	ce ellipsoid. Angl
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	L1B.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'viewing zenith angle' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'viewing_zenith_angle' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'degree' (static)	NC_STRING
	valid_min	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the case is not specified in the climate and forecast	

comment	'Zenith angle of the satellite at the ground pixel loc- ation on the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured away from the vertical' (static)	NC_STRING
viewing enimouth angle is NO	O/DDODLICT/CLIDDODT DATA/CEOLOCATIONS	

viewing_azimuth_angle in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

Description:

The satellite azimuth angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. The angle is measured clockwise from the North (North = 0° , East = 90° , South = $\pm 180^{\circ}$, West = -90°). This is the same definition that is use in both OMI and GOME-2 level 1B files.

To calculate the azimuth difference $\varphi - \varphi_0$ it is not sufficient to just subtract solar_azimuth_angle from viewing_azimuth_angle. The angle needed for radiative transfer calculations is $(180^{\circ} - (\varphi - \varphi_0)) \mod 360^{\circ}$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: L1B.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'viewing azimuth angle' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'viewing_azimuth_angle' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'degree' (static)	NC_STRING
valid_min	-180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
valid_max	180.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER5].

'Satellite azimuth angle at the ground pixel location on the reference ellipsoid. Angle is measured clockwise from the North (East = 90, South = +/-180, West = -90)' (static)

latitude bounds in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

Description:

The latitude of the pixel corners of the ground pixels in the data. Latitude, longitude coordinates for the ground pixel center and the ground pixel corners are calculated at the WGS84 ellipsoid.

The order of the pixel corners follows the CF-metadata conventions [ER5, section 7.1], i.e. the ordering is counter-clockwise when viewed from above. A graphical representation is given in figure 6.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, corner.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

longitude_bounds in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

Description:

The longitude of the pixel corners of the ground pixels in the data. Latitude, longitude coordinates for the ground pixel center and the ground pixel corners are calculated at the WGS84 ellipsoid.

The order of the pixel corners follows the CF-metadata conventions [ER5, section 7.1], i.e. the ordering is counter-clockwise when viewed from above. A graphical representation is given in figure 6.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel, corner.

Type: NC_FLOAT.
Source: Processor.

geolocation_flags in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/GEOLOCATIONS

NC_STRING

Description:	possibility of sun gli	scribing the ground pixel, including the influence of a int, whether we are in the descending part of the orbithe orbit, whether the pixel crosses the dateline (usefublocation error.	t, whether we are
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_UBYTE.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	_FillValue	255 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	flag_masks	0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 128 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	flag_meanings	'no_error solar_eclipse sun_glint_possible des- cending night geo_boundary_crossing spacecraft manoeuvre geolocation_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	flag_values	0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 128 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	long_name	'geolocation flags' (static)	NC_STRING
	max_val	254 (static)	NC_UBYTE
	min_val	0 (static)	NC_UBYTE

10.1.1.2 Group "DETAILED_RESULTS" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

units

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

'1' (static)

processing_	quality_flags in N	O2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
Description:	a particular pixel occured while pr	ity flag. This flag indicates processing errors or reasons (collectively 'errors', leading to a fill value in the output) rocessing this pixel (warnings which may affect the quand description is provided in appendix A.	and warnings that
Dimensions:	time, scanline, g	round_pixel.	
Type:	NC_UINT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'Processing quality flags' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'Flags indicating conditions that affect quality of the retrieval.' (static)	NC_STRING

flag_meanings

'success radiance missing irradiance missing input spectrum missing reflectance range error ler range error snr range error sza range error vza range error lut range error ozone range error wavelength offset error initialization error memory error assertion error io error numerical_error lut_error ISRF_error convergence_error cloud_filter_convergence_error max_iteration_convergence error aot lower boundary convergence_error other_boundary_convergence_error geolocation error ch4 noscat zero error h2o noscat zero error max optical thickness error aerosol boundary error boundary hit error chi2 error svd error dfs error radiative transfer_error optimal_estimation_error profile_error cloud error model error number of input data points too low error cloud pressure spread too low error cloud too low level error generic_range_error generic_exception input_spectrum_alignment_error abort_error wrong_input type error wavelength calibration error coregistration error slant column density error airmass factor error vertical column density error signal_to_noise_ratio_error configuration_error key error saturation error max num outlier exceeded error solar eclipse filter cloud filter altitude consistency filter altitude roughness filter sun glint filter mixed surface type filter snow ice filter aai filter cloud fraction fresco filter aai_scene_albedo_filter small_pixel_radiance_std_filter cloud_fraction_viirs_filter cirrus_reflectance_viirs_filter cf_viirs_swir_ifov_filter cf viirs swir ofova filter cf viirs swir ofovb filter cf viirs swir ofovc filter cf viirs nir ifov filter cf viirs nir ofova filter cf viirs nir ofovb filter cf viirs nir ofovc filter refl cirrus viirs swir filter refl cirrus viirs nir filter diff refl cirrus viirs filter ch4_noscat_ratio_filter ch4_noscat_ratio_std_filter h2o noscat ratio filter h2o noscat ratio std filter diff psurf fresco ecmwf filter psurf fresco stdv filter ocean filter time range filter pixel or_scanline_index_filter geographic_region_filter input spectrum warning wavelength calibration warning extrapolation warning sun glint warning south atlantic anomaly warning sun glint correction snow ice warning cloud warning pixel level input data missing AAI warning data range warning low cloud fraction warning altitude_consistency_warning signal to noise_ratio_warning deconvolution_warning so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning so2_volcanic_origin certain warning interpolation warning saturation_warning high_sza_warning cloud_retrieval warning cloud inhomogeneity warning'

(static)

NC STRING

	flag_masks	255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	NC_UINT
		255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	
		255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	
		255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	
		255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	
		255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	
		255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	
		255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255, 255,	
		255, 255, 255, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192,	
		16384, 32768, 65536, 131072, 262144, 524288,	
		1048576, 2097152, 4194304, 8388608, 16777216,	
		33554432, 67108864, 134217728, 268435456, 536870912 (static)	
	flag_values	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,	NC_UINT
		17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30,	
		31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43,	
		44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79,	
		80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93,	
		94, 95, 96, 97, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192,	
		16384, 32768, 65536, 131072, 262144, 524288,	
		1048576, 2097152, 4194304, 8388608, 16777216,	
		33554432, 67108864, 134217728, 268435456,	
		536870912 (static)	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	The latitude and loc coordinates in this		elated geospatia
number_of_s	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5].	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r	elated geospatia netadata conven
number_of_s Description:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast n	elated geospatia netadata conven
	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast neetrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL tts in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval.	elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of poin	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast neetrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL tts in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval.	elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of poin time, scanline, grou	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast neetrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL tts in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval.	elated geospatia netadata conven LED_RESULTS
Description: Dimensions: Type:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, ground NC_USHORT.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast n retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL Its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. Ind_pixel. Value	elated geospatia netadata conven
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of poin time, scanline, grou NC_USHORT. Processor.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. Ind_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static)	elated geospatia netadata conven LED_RESULTS Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast n retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL ats in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. and_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval'	elated geospatia netadata conven LED_RESULTS Type
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grountime, grountime, scanline, grountime, grountime, scanline, grountime, scanline, grountime,	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. Ind_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static)	elated geospatia netadata conven LED_RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatia
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name long_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5].	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast n retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL Its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. Ind_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r	elated geospatianetadata convenue LED_RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatia
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. Spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name long_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRocessor.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL atts in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. and_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast in	elated geospatia netadata conven LED_RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatia
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. Spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name long_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRocessor.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. and_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not specified in the climate and forecast not specified to achieve convergence.	elated geospatia netadata conven LED_RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatia
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: number_of_it Description: Dimensions:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name long_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRocessor.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. and_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not specified in the climate and forecast not specified to achieve convergence.	elated geospatianetadata convenue LED_RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatia
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: number_of_it Description: Dimensions: Type:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. Spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, ground NC_USHORT. Processor. Name Iong_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRote time, scanline, ground NC_INT.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. and_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast not specified in the climate and forecast not specified to achieve convergence.	elated geospatianetadata convenue LED_RESULTS Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatia
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: number_of_it Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. Spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name long_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRoterations, scanline, grount NC_INT. Processor.	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast n retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. ind_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast n ODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ations needed to achieve convergence. Ind_pixel.	elated geospatianetadata convenue de la convenue de
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: number_of_it Description: Dimensions: Type:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. Spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name Iong_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRote time, scanline, grount NC_INT. Processor. Name	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. Ind_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast reconstructions needed to achieve convergence. Ind_pixel. Value	elated geospatianetadata convenue Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatianetadata convenue Type
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: number_of_it Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name long_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRote The number of iteratime, scanline, grount NC_INT. Processor. Name long_name	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) Ingitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast in the retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. Ind_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) Ingitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast in the climate a	elated geospatianetadata convenue de la convenue de
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: number_of_it Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. Spectral_points_in_r The number of point time, scanline, grount NC_USHORT. Processor. Name Iong_name coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. terations in NO2/PRote time, scanline, grount NC_INT. Processor. Name	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r retrieval in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL its in the spectrum that were used in the retrieval. Ind_pixel. Value 'Number of spectral points used in the retrieval' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast reconstructions needed to achieve convergence. Ind_pixel. Value	elated geospatianetadata convenue Type NC_STRING NC_STRING elated geospatianetadata convenue Type

Description:	Fitted wavelength o	ffset from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Lev	el 2 processor.
		$\lambda_{true} = \lambda_{nominal} + \delta \lambda$	(4)
	See [RD41] for deta	ails about the wavelength fit.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	<u> </u>	
Type:	NC FLOAT.	-	
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'wavelength offset' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING
	wavelength_fit window_start	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The start wavelengt	h of the wavelength fit window.	
	wavelength_fit window_end	0.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The end wavelength	n of the wavelength fit window.	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast recast re	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'wavelength_calibration_offset_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'True wavelength = nominal wavelength + wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_offset_p	recision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	ILED_RESULTS
Description:	A posteriori precision	on of the fitted wavelength offset.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Source: Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	Name long_name	'wavelength offset precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	Name long_name units	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING
	Name long_name units coordinates	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static)	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial
Attributes:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5].	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven-
Attributes:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch in	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast recovery.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven-
Attributes:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch in Fitted wavelength stretch	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_REstretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L $\lambda_{\rm true} = \lambda_{\rm nominal} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven- SULTS evel 2 processor. (5)
Attributes: wavelength_ Description:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch in Fitted wavelength stretch with λ* a scaled was fit parameter.	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_REstretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L $\lambda_{\rm true} = \lambda_{\rm nominal} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven- SULTS evel 2 processor. (5)
wavelength_Description:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch is Fitted wavelength stretch with λ* a scaled was fit parameter. time, scanline, grounds.	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_REstretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L $\lambda_{\rm true} = \lambda_{\rm nominal} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven- SULTS evel 2 processor. (5)
wavelength_Description: Dimensions: Type:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch if Fitted wavelength stretch with λ* a scaled was fit parameter. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT.	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_REstretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L $\lambda_{\rm true} = \lambda_{\rm nominal} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven- SULTS evel 2 processor. (5)
wavelength_Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch is Fitted wavelength stretch with λ* a scaled war fit parameter. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ingitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_REstretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L $\lambda_{\rm true} = \lambda_{\rm nominal} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$ evelength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven- SULTS evel 2 processor. (5) This is an optional
wavelength_Description: Dimensions: Type:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch if Fitted wavelength streameter. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_REstretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L $\lambda_{\rm true} = \lambda_{\rm nominal} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$ welength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven- SULTS evel 2 processor. (5) This is an optional
wavelength_Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lor coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_stretch is Fitted wavelength stretch with λ* a scaled war fit parameter. time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor.	'wavelength offset precision' (static) 'nm' (static) 'PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ingitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_REstretch q from the wavelength calibration pre-fit in the L $\lambda_{\rm true} = \lambda_{\rm nominal} + \delta \lambda + q \lambda^*$ evelength to the range $[-1,1]$ over the full fit window. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatial metadata conven- SULTS evel 2 processor. (5) This is an optional

	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'wavelength_calibration_stretch_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'True wavelength = nominal wavelength + wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_	calibration_stretch_	precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	AILED_RESULT:
Description:	A posteriori precisio	n of the fitted wavelength stretch.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grour	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'wavelength stretch precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
		ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	
wavelength_	calibration chi squa	are in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_	RESULTS
		-	
Description:	. – – •	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor.	
Description: Dimensions:		velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor.	
•	The χ^2 from the way	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor.	
Dimensions:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor.	
Dimensions: Type:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT.	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor.	Туре
Dimensions: Type: Source:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor.	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel.	Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel. Value	
Dimensions: Type: Source:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel. Value 'wavelength calibration chi square' (static)	NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lon coordinates in this tions [ER5].	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel. Value 'wavelength calibration chi square' (static) '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the r case is not specified in the climate and forecast r	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospation metadata conve
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lone coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel. Value 'wavelength calibration chi square' (static) '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast rece_offset in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata conversal
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lone coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel. Value 'wavelength calibration chi square' (static) '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast rece_offset in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA offset from the irradiance wavelength calibration pre-	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converse. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel. Value 'wavelength calibration chi square' (static) '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the recase is not specified in the climate and forecast rece_offset in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converse. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of processor.	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. nd_pixel. Value 'wavelength calibration chi square' (static) '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rease is not specified in the climate and forecast rece_offset in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETA offset from the irradiance wavelength calibration pre-	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converse. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of processor.	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converse. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of processor. See [RD41] for detail	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converse. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of processor. See [RD41] for detat time, ground_pixel.	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converted. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions: Type:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of processor. See [RD41] for detail time, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT.	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converted. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lone coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength or processor. See [RD41] for detatime, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor.	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospatia metadata convert AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, groun NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lon coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of processor. See [RD41] for detatime, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel. Value 'wavelength calibration chi square' (static) '1' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) ngitude are in a different group. How to specify the rase is not specified in the climate and forecast rate of the control of the contro	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospation metadata converted and the converted strength of the converted
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiance Fitted wavelength of processor. See [RD41] for detatime, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospationetadata converted. AILED_RESULTS refit in hte Level (6) Type NC_STRING
Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: wavelength_ Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The χ^2 from the way time, scanline, ground NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units coordinates The latitude and lond coordinates in this tions [ER5]. calibration_irradiant Fitted wavelength of processor. See [RD41] for detattime, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name long_name units wavelength_fit window_start	velength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 processor. Ind_pixel.	NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING related geospation that a converted the converted to the converted t

	The end wavelength	of the irradiance wavelength fit window.	
	ancillary_vari- ables	'wavelength_calibration_offset_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'True wavelength = nominal wavelength + wavelength offset + wavelength stretch * scaled wavelength' (static)	NC_STRING
wavelength_c RESULTS	calibration_irradian	ce_offset_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_0	DATA/DETAILED_
Description:	A posteriori precisio	n of the fitted wavelength offset for the irradiance spe	ctrum.
Dimensions:	time, ground_pixel.		
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	long_name	'irradiance wavelength offset precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'nm' (static)	NC_STRING
ULTS Description: Dimensions: Type:	The χ^2 from the irratime, ground_pixel. NC_FLOAT. Processor.	diance wavelength calibration pre-fit in the Level 2 pr	ocessor.
Source:			-
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	long_name	'wavelength calibration irradiance chi squared' (static)	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox		olumn in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL	ED_RESULTS
Description:	Stratospheric vertical	al column of NO_2 , $N_V^{strat}(NO_2)$.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	standard_name	'stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Stratospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide, derived from the TM5-MP vertical profiles' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari-	'nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_precision	NC_STRING
	ables	air_mass_factor_stratosphere /PRODUCT/air mass_factor_total /PRODUCT/averaging_kernel' (static)	
	Provide a connection standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates from	om the NUG, C
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

Description: Precision of the stratospheric vertical column of NO₂.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of stratospheric vertical column of nitrogen dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con-	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_total_column in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Total vertical column of NO_2 , defined by the ratio of the slant column density of NO_2 and the

total air mass factor: $N_V(NO_2) = N_S(NO_2)/M$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

lecules percm2

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Processor.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Total vertical column of nitrogen dioxide derived NC_STRING from the total slant column and TM5 profile in stratosphere and troposphere' (static)	
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision / PRODUCT/averaging_kernel' (static)	NC_STRING
Provide a connection standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates fr	om the NUG, CF
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo-	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Precision of the total vertical column of NO₂ given in the variable no2_total_vertical

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the total vertical column of nitrogen dioxide derived from the total slant column and TM5 profile in stratosphere and troposphere' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert to mo-	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_total_column_precision_kernel in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

Description: Precision of the total vertical column of NO₂ given in the variable no2_total_vertical,

when the averaging kernel is applied.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

FIUCESSUI.		
Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the total vertical column of nitrogen dioxide derived from the total slant column and TM5 profile in stratosphere and troposphere, when the averaging kernel is applied' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide summed total column in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Total vertical column of NO₂, defined by the sum of the vertical tropospheric NO₂ column

and the vertical stratospheric NO₂ column: $N_V^{\text{sum}}(\text{NO}_2) = N_V^{\text{trop}}(\text{NO}_2) + N_V^{\text{strat}}(\text{NO}_2)$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name Value		Туре	
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING	
proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide' (static)	NC_STRING	
long_name	'Sum of the tropospheric and stratospheric vertical columns' (static)	NC_STRING	
coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_summed_total_column_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_- 6.02214e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_con-

vert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_summed_total_column_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

Description: Precision of the total vertical column of NO₂ given in the variable no2_sum_vertical

 $(N_V^{\text{sum}}(NO_2)).$

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'atmosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the sum of the tropospheric and stra- tospheric vertical columns' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'longitude latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor to con-	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: NO_2 slant column density, $N_S(NO_2)$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'NO2 slant column density' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2 6.02214e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_-RESULTS

Description: NO₂ slant column density precision.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'NO2 slant column density precision' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
multiplication	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm^{-2} ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

nitrogendioxide_slant_column_density_stripe_amplitude in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description:

The stripe amplitude is subtracted from the NO_2 slant column density before the vertical column is computed. The stripe amplitude is determined at the last output time step in the TM5 system, using a 7-day running mean for data over the Pacific Ocean.

Dimensions:	time, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Across-track NO2 slant column stripe offset, 7-day mean, determined over the Pacific Ocean' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'The stripe amplitude is subtracted from the NO2 slant column before the vertical columns are computed' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	The quantities in Se	ntinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an i	ntegrated column

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol \, m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $molecules \, cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol \, m^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $molecules \, cm^{-2}$.

ozone_slant_column_density in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: O_3 slant column density as part of the NO_2 slant column fit, $N_S(O_3)$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'O3 slant column density' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari-	'ozone_slant_column_density_precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_- 6.02214e+19 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_con-

vert_to_molecules_percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

multiplication_- 2241.15 (static) NC_FLOAT factor_to_convert_to_DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

ozone_slant_column_density_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS Description: O₃ slant column density precision as part of the NO₂ slant column fit.

Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'O3 slant column density precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	multiplication factor_to_con-	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm⁻²". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in $\mathrm{molecules}\,\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$.

multiplication_- 2241.15 (static) factor to con-

NC_FLOAT

factor_to_convert_to_DU

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "DU" or Dobson Units. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in DU from the value in $\mathrm{mol}\,\mathrm{m}^{-2}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in DU.

oxygen_oxygen_dimer_slant_column_density in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RES-ULTS

Description: O_2-O_2 slant column density as part of the NO_2 slant column fit, $N_S(O_2-O_2)$.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'mol2 m-5' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name 'Slant column density of oxygen collision induce absorption' (static)		NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'oxygen_oxygen_dimer_slant_column_density precision' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

multiplication_- 3.62662e+37 (static)

NC DOUBLE

factor_to_convert_to_molecules2_percm5

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For the integrated column value of O_2 – O_2 this means that the unit is $\mathrm{mol}^2\,\mathrm{m}^{-5}$. Traditionally the unit for O_2 – O_2 column is "molecules $^2\,\mathrm{cm}^{-5}$ ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules $^2\,\mathrm{cm}^{-5}$ from the value in $\mathrm{mol}^2\,\mathrm{m}^{-5}$. This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules $^2\,\mathrm{cm}^{-5}$.

oxygen_oxygen_dimer_slant_column_density_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/
DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: O₂–O₂ slant column density precision as part of the NO₂ slant column fit.

Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.	•		
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol2 m-5' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Precision of the slant column density of oxygen collision induced absorption' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	multiplication	3.62662e+37 (static)	NC_DOUBLE	
	factor_to_con-			
	vert_to_mo-			
	lecules2_percm5	antinal E proguracy files are given in Stunita. For the i	ntograted column	
	value of O2-O2 this	entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For the imeans that the unit is mol^2m^{-5} . Traditionally the unit ". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to a	for O_2 – O_2 columr	
		s^2 cm ⁻⁵ from the value in mol ² m ⁻⁵ . This is provided		
	to users who have	tools that work in molecules 2 cm $^{-5}$.		
water_slant_		NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESU	LTS	
Description:	H ₂ O vapor slant col	umn density as derived as part of the NO ₂ slant colum	In fit, $N_{\rm S}({\rm H_2O_{\rm vap}})$	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.		
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name	'Water vapor slant column density' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ancillary_vari-	'water_slant_column_density_precision' (static)	NC_STRING	
	ables	,	_	
	Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.			
	multiplication	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT	
	factor_to_con-			
	vert_to_mo-			
	lecules_percm2	ontinal E proguracy files are given in Stupite. For an i	ntograted column	
		entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an interpretable hat the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an interpretable u		
		. This attribute provides the multiplication factor to d		
		${ m scm^{-2}}$ from the value in ${ m molm^{-2}}$. This is provided as	a convenience to	
	users who have too	ols that work in molecules cm^{-2} .		
water_slant_		ecision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL	_	
Description:	H ₂ O vapor slant column density precision as derived as part of the NO ₂ slant column fit.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING	

(static)

coordinates

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

NC_STRING

multiplication -

6.02214e+19 (static)

NC FLOAT

Timo

factor to convert to molecules percm2

The quantities in Sentinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an integrated column value this means that the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an integrated column is "molecules cm-2". This attribute provides the multiplication factor to calculate the total column in molecules cm⁻² from the value in mol m⁻². This is provided as a convenience to users who have tools that work in molecules cm⁻².

water liquid slant column density in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Liquid H_2O column density as part of the NO_2 slant column fit, $N_S(H_2O_{lig})$. Description:

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Processor. Source:

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Liquid water column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

'water_liquid_slant_column_density_precision' ancillary vari-NC STRING ables (static)

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

water liquid slant column density precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RES-**ULTS**

Description: Liquid H₂O column density precison as part of the NO₂ slant column fit.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of liquid water column' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ring coefficient in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Fit coefficient of the Ring effect, C_{ring} .

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Nama 1/0/110 Attributes:

Name	value	rype
units '1' (static)		NC_STRING
long_name	'Fit coefficient of the Ring effect' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_vari-

'ring coefficient precision' (static)

NC STRING

ables

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

ring_coefficient_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Fit coefficient of the Ring effect precision

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of fit coefficient of the Ring effect' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

polynomial coefficients in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: The polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit. The wavelengths in the polynomial have been

scaled from -1 to +1 over the fit window. The fit window is given in the "ALGORITHM_-

SETTINGS" in the metadata.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, polynomial exponents.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name 'Polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit' (static)		NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

ancillary_vari- 'polynomial_coefficients_precision' (static) NC_STRING **ables**

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

polynomial_coefficients_precision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Precision of the polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit. Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel, polynomial exponents.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Precision of the polynomial coefficients of the DOAS fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

intensity offset coefficients in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description:	wavelengths in the p	efficients of the background offset correction in the polynomial have been scaled from -1 to $+1$ over the ne "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in the metadata.	
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel, intensity_offset_polynomial_exponents.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Polynomial coefficients of the intensity offset' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	product of latitude a	gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defin nd longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we u th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the 0	se this attribute to
	ancillary_vari- ables	'polynomial_coefficients_precision' (static)	NC_STRING
	Provide a connection standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates fr	om the NUG, CF
		cision in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAIL	_
Description:		nomial coefficients of the background offset correction	on in DOAS fit.
Dimensions:	-	nd_pixel, intensity_offset_polynomial_exponents.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Precision of the polynomial coefficients of the intensity offset' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	product of latitude a	gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defin nd longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we u th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the 0	se this attribute to
cloud_fraction	on_crb_nitrogendiox	ide_window in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/	DETAILED_RES-
Description:	fraction at the wave	fraction for the scene. Note that the NO_2 retrieval der length where the air mass factor calculation is done it 0.8, and the cloud pressure taken from the O_2 A-ba	, 440 nm, with the
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	nd_pixel.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type
	proposed_stand- ard_name	<pre>'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed cloud_albedo' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Cloud fraction at 440 nm for NO2 retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	product of latitude a	gitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defin nd longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we u th the geolocation. This attribute originates from the 0	se this attribute to
	radiation wavelength	440.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT

The wavelengths i	used for the determin	nation of the cloud fractior	n.

assumed -0.8 (static) NC FLOAT

cloud albedo

The cloud albedo assumed in the cloud fraction retrieval.

ancillary variables

'cloud radiance fraction nitrogendioxide window NC STRING

/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA/

cloud pressure crb' (static)

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

cloud radiance fraction nitrogendioxide window in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED -**RESULTS**

Description: The cloud radiance fraction for the scene.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC_FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Type
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Cloud radiance fraction at 440 nm for NO2 retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

radiation -440.0 (static) NC FLOAT wavelength

The wavelengths used for the determination of the cloud fraction.

assumed -0.8 (static) cloud albedo

NC FLOAT

NC STRING

The cloud albedo assumed in the cloud fraction retrieval.

ancillary variables

'cloud fraction crb nitrogendioxide window /PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA/

cloud pressure crb' (static)

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

chi square in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: The χ^2 value of the fit.

$$\chi^{2} = \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\lambda}} \left[\frac{R_{\text{meas}}(\lambda_{i}) - R_{\text{mod}}(\lambda_{i})}{\Delta R_{\text{meas}}(\lambda_{i})} \right]^{2}$$
 (7)

with $R_{\text{meas}}(\lambda)$ the measured reflectance spectrum, $R_{\text{mod}}(\lambda)$ the modelled reflectance spectrum, and N_{λ} the number of spectral pixels in the fit window.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Processor. Source:

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Chi squared of fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

NC STRING

ancillary vari-'number of spectral points in retrieval degrees -NC STRING ables of freedom' (static)

Provide a connection with the number of data points in the fit and the degrees of freedom, required to properly interpret the χ^2 values. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

root mean square error of fit in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Root mean square residual of the fit. Description:

$$R_{\text{RMS}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N_{\lambda}} \sum_{i=1}^{N_{\lambda}} \left[R_{\text{meas}}(\lambda_i) - R_{\text{mod}}(\lambda_i) \right]^2}$$
 (8)

time, scanline, ground pixel. Dimensions:

coordinates

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value **Type** units '1' (static) NC STRING 'Root mean square residual of the fit' (static) long_name NC STRING

> The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

'number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval' (static) ancillary vari-NC STRING ables

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

degrees of freedom in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/DETAILED RESULTS

Description: Number of degrees of freedom for the DOAS fit. The method used for the fit is an optimal

estimation based routine, for the definition of degrees of freedom see Rodgers [RD42].

time, scanline, ground pixel. Dimensions:

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name	'Degrees of freedom from slant column fit' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
ancillary_vari- ables	'number_of_spectral_points_in_retrieval' (static)	NC_STRING

Provide a connection with associated data. This attribute originates from the NUG, CF standards.

air_mass_factor_stratosphere in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS

Description: Stratospheric air mass factor, Mstrat, computed by integrating the altitude dependent air

mass factor over the atmospheric layers above the layer with the tropopause to top-ofatmosphere, i.e. over atmospheric layers $l = l_{tp} + 1, \dots, N_l$, with N_l given by the dimension

profile_layers and l_{to} given by the variable tm5_tropopause_layer_index.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name Value Type units '1' (static) NC STRING

NC_FLOAT.

Type:

	long_name	'Stratospheric air mass factor' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	product of latitude a	ngitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not define and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we u with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the 0	se this attribute to		
	ancillary_vari- ables	'/PRODUCT/tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static)	NC_STRING		
	Provide a connecti standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates fr	om the NUG, CF		
air_mass_fac	ctor_cloudy in NO2/	PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS			
Description:	by integrating the a	ass factor for the cloud-covered part of the satellite for altitude dependent cloud-covered air mass factor over all pressure up to and including the layer with the trop $l=1,2,\ldots,l_{\mathrm{tp}}$, with l_{tp} given in <code>tm5_tropopause_1</code>	r the atmospheric copause, i.e. over		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Air mass factor for the cloud-covered part of the scene' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	product of latitude a	ngitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not define and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use ith the geolocation. This attribute originates from the 0	se this attribute to		
	ancillary_vari- ables	'tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static)	NC_STRING		
air_mass_fac	ctor_clear in NO2/PF	RODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS			
Description:	integrating the altituthe surface up to a	ass factor for the cloud-free part of the satellite footp de dependent clear-sky air mass factor over the atmos nd including the layer with the tropopause, i.e. over a $l_{ m tp}$ given in tm5_tropopause_layer_index.	pheric layers from		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	ınd_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Air mass factor for the cloud-free part of the scene' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	The latitude and lor	ngitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defin	ed as a Cartesian		
	product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to				
	connect the data w	ith the geolocation. This attribute originates from the			
	ancillary_vari- ables	'tm5_tropopause_layer_index' (static)	NC_STRING		
nitrogendiox	ide_ghost_column	in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RE	SULTS		
Description:	_	s the NO_2 profile shape from TM5 integrated over the cloud pressure level. (The ghost column does not h	•		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou				
	NO FLOAT				

	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Ghost column NO2: modelled NO2 column below the cloud top' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	ancillary_vari- ables	'/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA/cloud_pressure_crb' (static)	NC_STRING
	Provide a connecti standards.	on with associated data. This attribute originates from	om the NUG, CF
	multiplication factor_to_con- vert_to_mo- lecules_percm2	6.02214e+19 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	value this means the is "molecules cm ⁻² " column in molecule	entinel 5 precursor files are given in SI units. For an interaction hat the unit is $mol m^{-2}$. Traditionally the unit for an interaction factor to $c s cm^{-2}$ from the value in $mol m^{-2}$. This is provided as observed in molecules cm^{-2} .	ntegrated column calculate the total
	users who have too	ois that work in molecules cm	
cloud_select		DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS	
cloud_select Description:	ion_flag in NO2/PRO Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. 1		
_	ion_flag in NO2/PRO Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. 1	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profine 'forced_selection' flag indicates that the normal se e only a single product was available.	
Description:	ion_flag in NO2/PRO Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profine 'forced_selection' flag indicates that the normal se e only a single product was available.	
Description: Dimensions:	ion_flag in NO2/PRO Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus time, scanline, grou	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profine 'forced_selection' flag indicates that the normal se e only a single product was available.	
Description: Dimensions: Type:	ion_flag in NO2/PRO Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus time, scanline, grou NC_UBYTE.	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profine 'forced_selection' flag indicates that the normal se e only a single product was available.	
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ion_flag in NO2/PR0 Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus time, scanline, grou NC_UBYTE. Processor.	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profile (forced_selection) flag indicates that the normal se e only a single product was available. und_pixel.	lection rules were
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ion_flag in NO2/PR0 Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus time, scanline, grou NC_UBYTE. Processor. Name	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ich cloud product was used as input for the cloud profile 'forced_selection' flag indicates that the normal see only a single product was available. Ind_pixel. Value	lection rules were
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	ion_flag in NO2/PR0 Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus time, scanline, grou NC_UBYTE. Processor. Name units	DDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profile (forced_selection) flag indicates that the normal see only a single product was available. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static)	lection rules were Type NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Flag in NO2/PRO Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus time, scanline, grou NC_UBYTE. Processor. Name units long_name	CDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profile forced_selection' flag indicates that the normal set only a single product was available. Ind_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cloud product selection flag' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	Flag in NO2/PRO Flag indicating whi cessing this pixel. I not applied becaus time, scanline, grou NC_UBYTE. Processor. Name units long_name coordinates	CDUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/DETAILED_RESULTS ch cloud product was used as input for the cloud profile 'forced_selection' flag indicates that the normal se e only a single product was available. und_pixel. Value '1' (static) 'Cloud product selection flag' (static) '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	Type NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

10.1.1.3 Group "INPUT_DATA" in "SUPPORT_DATA"

Variables in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

surface_altitude in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA				
Description:	The mean of the sub-pixels of the surface altitude within the approximate field of view, based on the GMTED2010 surface elevation database. The surface altitude is referenced to the Earth Gravitational Model 1996 (EGM96) geoid.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	surface elevation database.			
Attributes:	Name Value Type			
	long_name	'Surface altitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	standard_name	'surface_altitude' (static)	NC_STRING	

	units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
	source	'http://topotools.cr.usgs.gov/gmted_viewer/' (static)	NC_STRING
	comment	'The mean of the sub-pixels of the surface altitude-	NC_STRING
		within the approximate field of view, based on the	
		GMTED2010 surface elevation database' (static)	
surface_altit	ude_precision in N	O2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA	
Description:	The standard devi	ation of sub-pixels used in calculating the mean surface	ce altitude, based

on the GMTED2010 surface elevation database. See the description of the ${\tt surface_-}$

altitude variable for details.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT.

Source: surface elevation database.

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'surface altitude precision' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'surface_altitude standard_error' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'm' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_error multiplier	1.0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING
source	'http://topotools.cr.usgs.gov/gmted_viewer/' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'The standard deviation of sub-pixels used in cal- culating the mean surface altitude, based on the GMTED2010 surface elevation database' (static)	NC_STRING

surface_classification in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description:

This is a combined land/water mask and surface classification data field. For land the "Global Land Cover Characteristics Data Base Version 2.0" is used [ER8], specifically the "USGS Land Use/Land Cover System (Modified Level 2)" classification. Over water the classification from the NASA SDP toolkit [ER9], which is based on [RD43].

The structure of this variable is indicated with the flag_meanings, flag_values and flag_masks, following the CF-metadata convensions. Bits 0 and 1 indicate the land-water mask at two levels, bit 2 gives a rough statistic on the coverage of the pixel, and the remainder of the byte indicates the surface classification in more detail. Note that these values are static and based on the databases indicated above.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_UBYTE.

Source: surface elevation database (including flag attributes).

Attri	bu'	tes:	

Name	Value	Type
long_name	'Land-water mask and surface classification based on a static database' (static)	NC_STRING
comment	'Flag indicating land/water and further surface classifications for the ground pixel' (static)	NC_STRING
source	'USGS (https://lta.cr.usgs.gov/GLCC) and NASA SDP toolkit (http://newsroom.gsfc.nasa.gov/ sdptoolkit/toolkit.html)' (static)	NC_STRING

flag_me	eanings	'land water some_water coast value_cov- NC_STRING ers majority of pixel water+shallow ocean
		water+shallow_inland_water water+ocean
		coastline-lake_shoreline water+intermittent_water
		water+deep_inland_water water+continental
		shelf_ocean water+deep_ocean land+urban
		and_built-up_land land+dryland_cropland
		and_pasture land+irrigated_cropland_and_pas-
		ture land+mixed_dryland-irrigated_cropland and_pasture land+cropland-grassland_mosaic
		land+cropland-woodland mosaic land+grassland
		land+shrubland land+mixed shrubland-
		grassland land+savanna land+deciduous
		broadleaf_forest land+deciduous_needleleaf
		forest land+evergreen_broadleaf_forest
		land+evergreen_needleleaf_forest_land+mixed
		forest land+herbaceous_wetland land+wooded wetland land+barren or sparsely vegetated
		land+herbaceous tundra land+wooded tundra
		land+mixed tundra land+bare ground tundra
		land+snow_or_ice' (static)
flag_va	lues	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 17, 25, 33, 41, 49, 57, 8, 16, 24, 32, NC_UBYTE
		40, 48, 56, 64, 72, 80, 88, 96, 104, 112, 120, 128, 136, 144, 152, 160, 168, 176, 184 (static)
flag ma	noko	3, 3, 3, 4, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, NC UBYTE
nay_ma	35/5	249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249,
		249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249, 249,
		249, 249, 249 (static)
coordin	nates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING
instrument configura	tion identif	ior in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INDUIT DATA

instrument_configuration_identifier in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description:

The IcID from the instrument configuration in the Level 1B data product. The TROPOMI instrument has many configurable parameters. For example, the exposure time, co-addition period, gains and (for UVN-DEMs) the binning factors can be varied. As a result, the instrument can be operated in many different modes or configurations. Each combination of instrument settings is referred to as an instrument configuration and is identified by an instrument configuration ID, a number in the range [1,65535]. This instrument configuration ID, or IcID, is primarily used by the instrument, where it identifies an entry in the instrument configuration tables. On ground, the IcID is used to determine the intended purpose of a measurement and is used in the L0 to 1b data processing to determine the processing path.

Dimensions: time, scanline.

Type: NC_INT. Source: L1B.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре	
long_name	'IcID' (static)	NC_STRING	
comment	'The Instrument Configuration ID defines the type of measurement and its purpose. The number of instrument configuration IDs will increase over the mission as new types of measurements are created and used' (static)	NC_STRING	

instrument_configuration_version in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

For an IcID (see the instrument configuration identifier above), it is possible Description:

> to have multiple versions, identified by the instrument configuration version or lcVersion. The combination of IcID and IcVersion uniquely identifies the set of configuration settings of the instrument. At a given time, only one IcVersion of an IcID can be active within the instrument. The IcVersion allows to have multiple versions of a measurement with the same purpose, but with different settings. As a result of, for example, instrument degradation, it may be required to change the settings for a measurement. In that case, it is not necessary to create a new IcID, instead the same IcID can be using with a new IcVersion.

Dimensions: time, scanline. NC SHORT. Type:

Source: L1B.

Attributes: Name Value Type

long_name 'IcVersion' (static) NC STRING 'Version of the instrument_configuration_identifier' NC STRING comment

scaled small pixel variance in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

The scaled variance of the small pixel values for each ground pixel. Description:

$$\langle R(t,r,c) \rangle = \frac{1}{N_{\text{small pixels}}} \sum_{i=0}^{N_{\text{small pixels}}-1} R(t,r,c,i)$$
 (9)
$$V(t,r,c) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{small pixels}}} \sum_{i=0}^{N_{\text{small pixels}}-1} (R(t,r,c,i) - \langle R(t,r,c) \rangle)^{2}$$
 (10)
$$V_{\text{scaled}}(t,r,c) = \frac{V(t,r,c)}{\langle R(t,r,c) \rangle^{2}}$$
 (11)

$$V(t,r,c) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{small pixels}}} \sum_{i=0}^{N_{\text{small pixels}}-1} (R(t,r,c,i) - \langle R(t,r,c) \rangle)^2$$
 (10)

$$V_{\text{scaled}}(t,r,c) = \frac{V(t,r,c)}{\langle R(t,r,c) \rangle^2}$$
 (11)

with $\langle R(t,r,c)\rangle$ the mean reflectance for small pixels of ground pixel (t,r,c), V(t,r,c) the variance of the small pixels, $V_{\text{scaled}}(t,r,c)$ the scaled small pixel variance, and R(t,r,c,i) with $i = [0, \dots, N_{\mathsf{small pixels}} - 1]$ the small pixel reflectance of ground pixel (t, r, c). The reflectance *R* is calculated as $R = (\pi I)/(\mu_0 E_0)$, with *I* the radiance, E_0 the irradiance and $\mu_0 = \cos(\vartheta_0)$, where ϑ_0 is the solar zenith angle.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
long_name	'scaled small pixel variance' (static)	NC_STRING
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude are in a different group. How to specify the related geospatial coordinates in this case is not specified in the climate and forecast metadata conventions [ER5].

comment	'The scaled variance of the reflectances of the	NC_STRING
	small pixels' (static)	

NC FLOAT radiation wavelength

The approximate wavelength of the small pixel column in nm. Note that due to the spectral smile this wavelength will depend on the ground pixel index.

eastward wind in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: The horizontal component of the wind at 10 meter height in the eastward direction. This is

the 10U parameter from ECMWF (grib variable 165).

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type:

Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
•	standard_name	'eastward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Eastward wind from ECMWF at 10 meter height level' (static)	NC_STRING		
	units	'm s-1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	ancillary_vari-	'northward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING		
	ables				
_		CT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA			
Description:	The horizontal component of the wind at 10 meter height in the northward direction. This is the 10V parameter from ECMWF (grib variable 166).				
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.				
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
	standard_name	'northward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Northward wind from ECMWF at 10 meter height level' (static)	NC_STRING		
	units	'm s-1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	ancillary_vari-	'eastward_wind' (static)	NC_STRING		
	ables				
— -		JCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA			
Description:	Surface pressure.				
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.				
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.		-		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Type		
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'surface_air_pressure' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Surface pressure' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING				
	The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to				
	connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.				
surface albe		e_window in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPU			
Description:	Surface albedo in tl		_		
Dimensions:	time, scanline, grou	und_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.				
Source:	Processor.				
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре		
- - -	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING		
	standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING		
	long_name	'Surface albedo in the NO2 fit window' (static)	NC_STRING		
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING		
	The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.				

radiation -

440.0 (static)

NC FLOAT

wavelength

The wavelength at which the surface albedo is determined. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.

surface_albedo in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Surface albedo in the cloud product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING
standard_name	'surface_albedo' (static)	NC_STRING
long_name 'Surface albedo in the cloud product' (static)		NC_STRING
coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

radiation wavelength

758.0 (static)

NC FLOAT

The wavelength at which the surface albedo is determined. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.

cloud pressure crb in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Cloud pressure from the cloud product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type: NC FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name	Value	Туре
units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING
proposed_stand-	'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid' (static)	NC_STRING
ard_name		

There is no standard name for this parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

NC STRING

The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

'Cloud optical centroid pressure' (static) long name NC STRING '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) coordinates NC STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

cloud fraction crb in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: The effective cloud fraction from the cloud product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

NC FLOAT. Type: Source: Processor.

Attributes:

Name Value Type NC STRING units '1' (static) proposed_stand-'effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed_-NC STRING cloud_albedo' (static) ard_name

There is no standard name for this parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

source NC STRING

The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

long_name 'Effective cloud fraction from the cloud product' NC_STRING (static)

coordinates '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static) NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

cloud_albedo_crb in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Cloud albedo used in the retrieval.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

 Attributes:
 Name
 Value
 Type

 units
 '1' (static)
 NC_STRING

 standard_name
 'cloud_albedo' (static)
 NC_STRING

 source
 NC_STRING

The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

 long_name
 'Cloud albedo in the cloud product' (static)
 NC_STRING

 coordinates
 '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)
 NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

scene albedo in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT DATA/INPUT DATA

Description: Scene albedo in the cloud product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground_pixel.

Type: NC_FLOAT. Source: Processor.

Attributes: Name

 Name
 Value
 Type

 units
 '1' (static)
 NC_STRING

 proposed_stand-ard_name
 'cloud_albedo_assuming_completely_cloudy_sky'
 NC_STRING

 source
 NC_STRING

The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'.

This attribute originates from the CF standard.

 long_name
 'Scene albedo in the cloud product' (static)
 NC_STRING

 coordinates
 '/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)
 NC_STRING

The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.

radiation_- 758.0 (static) NC_FLOAT wavelength

The wavelength at which the surface albedo is determined. The CF-conventions propose to use a coordinate variable for this, but this seems more appropriate.

apparent_scene_pressure in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description: Scene pressure from the cloud product.

Dimensions: time, scanline, ground pixel.

Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'Pa' (static)	NC_STRING	
	proposed_stand- ard_name	'air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid_assum-ing_completely_cloudy_sky' (static)	NC_STRING	
	There is no standard name for this parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
	source		NC_STRING	
	The short name of the cloud product ingested for producing this granule. Default is 'FRESCO'. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
	long_name	'Scene pressure from the cloud product' (static)	NC_STRING	
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as a Cartesian product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use this attribute to connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF standard.			
snow_ice_fla	ng in NO2/PRODUCT	/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA		
Description:	This is a snow/ice classification data field.			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_UBYTE.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	long_name	'Snow-ice mask' (static)	NC_STRING	
	_FillValue	254 (static)	NC_UBYTE	
	comment	'Flag indicating snow/ice at center of ground pixel' (static)	NC_STRING	
	source		NC_STRING	
	Possible values: NS	SIDC/NISE, ECMWF		

NC STRING

NC_STRING

flag meanings

'snow-free land sea ice 1 percent sea ice 2 percent sea ice 3 percent sea ice 4 percent sea_ice_5_percent sea_ice_6_percent sea_ice_-7_percent sea_ice_8_percent sea_ice_9_percent sea ice 10 percent sea ice 11 percent sea ice 12 percent sea ice 13 percent sea ice 14 percent sea_ice_15_percent sea_ice_16_percent sea_ice_17_percent sea_ice_18_percent sea_ice 19 percent sea ice 20 percent sea ice 21 percent sea_ice_22_percent sea_ice_23_percent sea_ice_24_percent sea_ice_25_percent sea_ice_26_percent sea_ice_27_percent sea_ice_28_percent sea ice 29 percent sea ice 30 percent sea ice 31 percent sea ice 32 percent sea ice_33_percent sea_ice_34_percent sea_ice_35_percent sea_ice_36_percent sea_ice_37_percent sea_ice_38_percent sea_ice_39_percent sea_ice_40_percent sea_ice_41_percent sea_ice_42_percent sea_ice_43_percent sea_ice_44_percent sea_ice_45_percent sea_ice_46_percent sea_ice 47 percent sea ice 48 percent sea ice 49 percent sea ice 50 percent sea ice 51 percent sea ice 52 percent sea ice 53 percent sea ice 54 percent sea ice 55 percent sea ice 56 percent sea_ice_57_percent sea_ice_58_percent sea_ice_59_percent sea_ice_60_percent sea_ice 61 percent sea ice 62 percent sea ice 63 percent sea ice 64 percent sea ice 65 percent sea_ice_66_percent sea_ice_67_percent sea_ice_68_percent sea_ice_69_percent sea_ice_70_percent sea_ice_71_percent sea_ice_72_percent sea_ice_73_percent sea_ice_74_percent sea_ice 75 percent sea ice 76 percent sea ice 77 percent sea_ice_78_percent sea_ice_79_percent sea_ice_80_percent sea_ice_81_percent sea_ice 82 percent sea ice 83 percent sea ice 84 percent sea_ice_85_percent sea_ice_86_percent sea_ice_87_percent sea_ice_88_percent sea_ice_89_percent sea_ice_90_percent sea_ice_91_percent sea_ice_92_percent sea_ice_93_percent sea_ice_94_percent sea_ice_95_percent sea_ice_96_percent sea_ice_97_percent sea_ice_98_percent sea ice 99 percent sea ice 100 percent permanent ice snow mixed_pixels_at_coastlines suspect ice value corners ocean' (static)

flag values

coordinates

0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, NC_UBYTE
17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29,
30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42,
43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55,
56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68,
69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81,
82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94,
95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 252, 253, 254,
255 (static)

'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)

aerosol_index_354_388 in NO2/PRODUCT/SUPPORT_DATA/INPUT_DATA

Description:	Absorbing aerosol index from the AAI product (AER_AI).			
Dimensions:	time, scanline, ground_pixel.			
Type:	NC_FLOAT.			
Source:	Processor.			
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре	
	units	'1' (static)	NC_STRING	
	long_name 'Absorbing aerosol index from the TROPOMI AAI NC_STRII product' (static)			
	coordinates	'/PRODUCT/longitude /PRODUCT/latitude' (static)	NC_STRING	
	The latitude and longitude coordinates of the TROPOMI swath is not defined as product of latitude and longitude axes. Following [ER5, section 5.2] we use thi connect the data with the geolocation. This attribute originates from the CF states.			

10.2 Group "METADATA" in "NO2"

This is a group to collect metadata items, such as the items that also appear in the header file and items required by Inspire [ER4]. Most metadata will be stored as attributes. Grouping attributes that belong to a specific standard is done by using sub-groups in the Metadata group. Included in this group are the granule description, algorithm settings and quality assurance parameters. Note that some metadata attributes are required to be attached to the global level by convention, such as the CF-Metadata convention [ER5] and the NetCDF user guide [ER7].

10.2.1 Group "QA_STATISTICS" in "METADATA"

Quality assurance statistics are gathered in variables located in this group. These can include histograms of the main parameters and event occurrence statistics. The contents of this group is under discussion. Note that the QA statistics may be stored as scalar variables rather than attributes. The former allow attributes to be attached to them, providing a more meaningful description than just the name.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

Group attributes attached to QA	A_STATISTICS	
Name	Value	Туре
number_of_groundpixels	0 (static)	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels in the	file.	
number_of_processed pixels	0 (static)	NC_INT
• ,	a retrieval was attempted. This is the number_of_groed on time or configuration (range and step-size in scanles)	-
number_of_successfully processed_pixels	0 (static)	NC_INT
Number of ground pixels where	a retrieval was successful.	
number_of_rejected_pixels not_enough_spectrum	0 (static)	NC_INT
·	ing was not attempted because after filtering for bad and r s left in either the radiance, irradiance or after calculating	
number_of_failed_retrievals	0 (static)	NC_INT
Number of pixels where proces	sing failed for whatever reason.	
number_of_ground_pixels with_warnings	0 (static)	NC_INT
Number of pixels with one or m	ore warnings.	

ror occurrences

number_of_missing_scan- 0 (static) NC_INT lines

Number of scanlines that are missing from the input.

number_of_radiance_miss- 0 (static) NC_INT ing_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the number of spectral pixels in the radiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "1".

number_of_irradiance_miss- 0 (static) NC_INT ing occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the number of spectral pixels in the irradiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "2".

 number_of_input_spec 0 (static)

 trum_missing_occurrences
 NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the reflectance spectrum does not contain enough points to perform the retrieval. This is different from (ir)radiance_missing in that the missing points may not be aligned" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "3".

 number_of_reflectance_ 0 (static)

 range_error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "any of the reflectances is out of bounds (R < 0 or $R > R_{\text{max}}$)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "4".

number_of_ler_range_er- 0 (static) NC_INT ror occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "lambert-equivalent reflectivity out of range error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "5".

Number of ground pixels where processing error "too low signal to noise to perform retrieval" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "6".

 number_of_sza_range_er 0 (static)

 ror occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "solar zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "7".

number_of_vza_range_er- 0 (static) NC_INT
ror occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "viewing zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "8"

"8".

number of lut range er- 0 (static)

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "extrapolation in lookup table (airmass factor, cloud radiances)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "9".

number_of_ozone_range_er- 0 (static) NC_INT ror occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "ozone column significantly out of range of profile climatology" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "10".

 number_of_wavelength_off 0 (static)
 NC_INT

 set_error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "wavelength offset exceeds maximum from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "11".

number_of_initialization_er- 0 (static)

NC INT

ror_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "an error occurred during the processing of the pixel, no output was generated. The following errors raise this flag: Mismatch between irradiance and radiance wavelengths; The on-ground distance between band 1 and band 2 ground pixels exceeds a threshold set in the configuration. Derived a-priori information does not validate, no processing is possible" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "12".

number_of_memory_error_- 0 (static)

NC_INT

occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "memory allocation or deallocation error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "13".

 $number_of_assertion_er-$

0 (static)

NC_INT

ror_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error in algorithm detected during assertion" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "14".

number_of_io_error_occur-

0 (static)

NC INT

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error detected during transfer of data between algorithm and framework" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "15".

number_of_numerical_er-

0 (static)

NC INT

ror_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "general fatal numerical error occurred during inversion" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "16".

number_of_lut_error_occur-

0 (static)

NC INT

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error in accessing the lookup table" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "17".

$number_of_ISRF_error_oc-$

0 (static)

NC INT

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error detected in the input instrument spectral response function input data" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "18".

number_of_convergence_er- 0 (static)

NC INT

ror_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the main algorithm did not converge" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "19".

number_of_cloud_filter_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

convergence_error_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the cloud filter did not converge" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "20".

number_of_max_iteration_-

0 (static)

NC INT

convergence_error_occur-

rancas

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no convergence because retrieval exceeds maximum number of iterations. Maximum value from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "21".

number_of_aot_lower_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

boundary_convergence_er-

ror_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no convergence because the aerosol optical thickness crosses lower boundary twice in succession" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "22".

number_of_other_bound-

0 (static)

NC INT

ary_convergence_error_oc-

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no convergence because a state vector element crosses boundary twice in succession. Note that a separate failure flag is defined for non-convergence due to crossing of lower AOT boundary" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "23".

 $number_of_geolocation_er-$

NC INT

ror_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "geolocation out of range" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "24".

number_of_ch4_noscat_-

0 (static)

0 (static)

NC INT

zero_error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the CH_4 column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "25".

number_of_h2o_noscat_-

0 (static)

NC INT

zero_error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the H_2O column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "26".

number_of_max_optical_-

0 (static)

NC INT

thickness_error_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "maximum optical thickness exceeded during iterations" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "27".

number_of_aerosol_bound-

0 (static)

NC IN

ary_error_occurrences

error occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "boundary hit of aerosol parameters at last iteration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "28".

number of boundary hit -

0 (static)

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "fatal boundary hit during iterations" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "29".

number of chi2 error oc-

0 (static)

NC INT

currences

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing error " χ^2 is not-a-number or larger than 10^{10} " occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "30".

number of svd error oc-

0 (static)

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "singular value decomposition failure" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "31".

number_of_dfs_error_occur- 0 (static)

NC_INT

rancas

Number of ground pixels where processing error "degree of freedom is not-a-number" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "32".

number_of_radiative_trans-

fer_error_occurrences

0 (static)

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "errors occurred during the radiative transfer computations, no processing possible" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "33".

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "errors occurred during the optimal estimation, processing has been terminated" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "34".

number_of_profile_error_oc- 0 (static)
currences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "flag that indicates if there were any errors during the computation of the ozone profile" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "35".

 ${\color{red}\textbf{number_of_cloud_error_oc-}} \quad 0 \; (\text{static})$

NC_INT

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no cloud data" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "36".

number_of_model_error_oc- 0 (static)

NC_INT

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "forward model failure" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "37".

number_of_number_of_in-

NC INT

put_data_points_too_low_-

error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "not enough input ozone columns to calculate a tropospheric column" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "38".

number_of_cloud_pressure spread too low er0 (static)

0 (static)

NC_INT

ror occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "cloud pressure variability to low to estimate a tropospheric column" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "39".

number_of_cloud_too_low_- 0 (static)

NC INT

level_error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "clouds are too low in the atmosphere to assume sufficient shielding" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "40".

number_of_generic_range_- 0 (static)
error occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "generic range error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "41".

number_of_generic_excep- 0

0 (static)

NC INT

tion_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "catch all generic error" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "42".

number_of_input_spec-

0 (static)

NC_INT

trum_alignment_error_oc-

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "input radiance and irradiance spectra are not aligned correctly" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "43".

number_of_abort_error_occurrences 0 (static)

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "not processed because processor aborted prematurely (time out or user abort" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing quality_flags have the value "44".

number of wrong input type_error_occurrences

0 (static)

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "wrong input type error, mismatch between expectation and received data" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "45".

number_of_wavelength_cal-0 (static) ibration_error_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "an error occurred in the wavelength calibration of this pixe" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing quality_flags have the value "46".

number of coregistration -0 (static) NC INT

error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "no colocated pixels found in a supporting ban" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "47".

number of slant column density error occurrences

0 (static)

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing error "slant column fit returned error, no values can be compute" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "48".

number_of_airmass_factor_- 0 (static)

NC INT

error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "airmass factor could not be compute" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "49".

number of vertical -

0 (static)

NC INT

column density_error_-

occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "vertical column density could not be compute" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "50".

number of signal to -

0 (static)

NC INT

noise ratio error occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the signal to noise ratio for this spectrum is too low for processin" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "51".

number of configuration -

0 (static)

error_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "error while parsing the configuratio" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "52".

number of key error oc-

0 (static)

NC_INT

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "key does not exis" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "53".

number of saturation er-

0 (static)

NC INT

ror occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "saturation in input spectru" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "54".

number_of_max_num_out-

0 (static)

NC INT

lier exceeded error occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing error "the number of outliers detected in the DOAS fit exceeds a maximum set for healthy spectra." occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "55".

number_of_solar_eclipse_fil- 0 (static) ter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "solar eclipse" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "64".

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the cloud filter triggered causing the pixel to be skipped" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "65".

number_of_altitude_consist- 0 (static) ency filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "too large difference between ECMWF altitude and DEM altitude value" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "66".

0 (static)

number_of_altitude_roughness filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "too large standard deviation of altitude in DEM" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "67".

number_of_sun_glint_filter_- 0 (static) occurrences

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "for pixels over water, viewing direction inside sun glint region. Definition of sun glint angle and threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "68".

number_of_mixed_surface_- 0 (static) type filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains land and water areas (e.g. coastal pixel)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "69".

number_of_snow_ice_filter_- 0 (static) occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains snow/ice: Snow/ice flag according to dynamic input OR climatological surface albedo at VIS wavelength is larger than 0.5" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "70".

number_of_aai_filter_occur- 0 (static) rences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "aAl smaller than 2.0" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "71".

number_of_cloud_fraction_- 0 (static) fresco filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: The FRESCO effective cloud fraction is larger than threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "72".

number_of_aai_scene_al-

0 (static)

NC_INT

bedo filter occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: The difference between scene albedo at 380 nm from AAI calculation and the climatological surface albedo exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD. This test filters out clouds" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "73".

number_of_small_pixel_radi- 0 (static)

NC INT

ance_std_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: Standard deviation of radiances in small-pixel column exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "74".

number_of_cloud_fraction_- 0 (static) viirs filter occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: The cloud fraction from VIIRS / NPP exceeds the shold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "75".

number_of_cirrus_reflect-

0 (static)

NC INT

ance_viirs_filter_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel contains clouds: Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS / NPP exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "76".

number_of_cf_viirs_swir_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

ifov_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "77".

number_of_cf_viirs_swir_-

0 (static)

0 (static)

0 (static)

NC_INT

ofova_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "78".

number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ofovb filter occurrences NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "79".

number_of_cf_viirs_swir_-

NC INT

ofovc_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "80".

number_of_cf_viirs_nir_-ifov_filter_occurrences

0 (static)

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_-quality_flags have the value "81".

number_of_cf_viirs_nir_-

0 (static)

NC INT

ofova filter occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wintin S5P NIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "82".

number_of_cf_viirs_nir_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

ofovb_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "83".

number of cf viirs nir -

0 (static)

NC INT

ofovc_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "84".

number_of_refl_cirrus_viirs swir filter occur0 (static)

NC_INT

rences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "85".

number_of_refl_cirrus_- 0 (station

NC_INT

viirs_nir_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "86".

number_of_diff_refl_cirrus_- 0 (static) viirs_filter_occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "difference in VIIRS average cirrus reflectance between SWIR and NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "87".

number_of_ch4_noscat_ra- 0 (static)

NC_INT

tio_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the ratio between $[CH_4]_{weak}$ and $[CH_4]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "88".

number_of_ch4_noscat_ratio std filter occurrences 0 (static)

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the standard deviation of [CH₄]_{weak}/[CH₄]_{strong} within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neighbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "89".

number_of_h2o_noscat_ra- 0 (static)

NC INT

tio filter occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the ratio between $[H_2O]_{weak}$ and $[H_2O]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_-flags have the value "90".

number_of_h2o_noscat_ra- 0 (static)

NC INT

tio_std_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the standard deviation of $[H_2O]_{weak}/[H_2O]_{strong}$ within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neigbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "91".

number_of_diff_psurf_- 0 (static)

NC INT

fresco_ecmwf_filter_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "difference between the FRESCO apparent surface pressure and the ECMWF surface pressure exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "92".

number_of_psurf_fresco_- 0 (static)

NC_INT

stdv_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the standard deviation of the FRESCO apparent surface pressure in the NIR pixel and the 8 surrounding pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "93".

number_of_ocean_filter_oc- 0 (static)

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "the ground pixel is over ocean (and ocean glint retrievals are not switched on)" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "94"

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "time is out of the range that is to be processed" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "95".

number_of_pixel_or_scan-

0 (static)

NC INT

line_index_filter_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where input filter "not processed because pixel index does not match general selection criteria" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "96".

number_of_geographic_region_filter_occurrences

0 (static)

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where input filter "pixel falls outside the specified regions of interest" occurred, i.e. where the lower 8 bits of the processing_quality_flags have the value "97".

number_of_input_spec-

0 (static)

NC INT

trum warning occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "number of good pixels in radiance, irradiance or calculated reflectance below threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where bit 8 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_wavelength_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

calibration_warning_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "offset from wavelength fit is larger than limit set in configuration" occurred, i.e. where bit 9 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_extrapolation_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

warning_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "pressure or temperature outside cross section LUT range, other lookup table extrapolation" occurred, i.e. where bit 10 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_sun_glint_warn-

0 (static)

NC INT

ing_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "sun glint posibility warning" occurred, i.e. where bit 11 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_south_atlantic -

0 (static)

NC_INT

anomaly_warning_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "tROPOMI is inside the south Atlantic anomaly while taking these measurements" occurred, i.e. where bit 12 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_sun_glint_correction occurrences 0 (static)

NC_INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "a sun glint correction has been applied" occurred, i.e. where bit 13 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_snow_ice_warn-

0 (static)

NC INT

ing occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "snow/ice flag is set, i.e. using scene data from the cloud support product" occurred, i.e. where bit 14 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_cloud_warning_- 0 (static)

NC INT

occurrences

occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "cloud filter based on FRESCO apparent surface pressure (VIIRS not available), cloud fraction above threshold or cloud pressure adjusted to force cloud above surface. In case of Cloud product this flag indicates the possiblity of ice-clouds" occurred, i.e. where bit 15 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_AAI_warning_-

0 (static)

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "possible aerosol contamination as either indicated by the AAI (O_3 profile) or other criteria (Cloud)" occurred, i.e. where bit 16 in the processing_quality_-flags is set to "1".

number_of_pixel_level_in-

0 (static)

NC_INT

put_data_missing_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "dynamic auxiliary input data (e.g.. cloud) is missing for this ground pixel. A fallback option is used" occurred, i.e. where bit 17 in the processing_quality_-flags is set to "1".

number_of_data_range_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

warning_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "carbon monoxide column tends to negative values; Water column tends to negative values; Heavy water (HDO) column tends to negative values; others. In case of the O₃ product this flag indicates VCD or effective albedo values outside a valid range. In case of the SO₂ or the HCHO product this flag indicates AMF values outside a valid range" occurred, i.e. where bit 18 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_low_cloud_frac- 0 (static)

NC_INT

tion_warning_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "low cloud fraction, therefore no cloud pressure retrieved" occurred, i.e. where bit 19 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_altitude_consist- 0 (static)

NC_INT

ency_warning_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "difference between ECMWF surface elevation and high-resolution surface elevation exceeds threshold from configuration" occurred, i.e. where bit 20 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_signal_to_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

noise_ratio_warning_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "signal to noise ratio in SWIR and/or NIR band below threshold from configuration. For the O_3 and HCHO products this flag indicates an RMS above a certain threshold" occurred, i.e. where bit 21 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_deconvolution_- 0 (static)

NC INT

warning_occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "failed deconvolution irradiance spectrum (not pixel-specific, but row-specific)" occurred, i.e. where bit 22 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_so2_volcanic_-

0 (static)

NC INT

origin_likely_warning_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning for SO₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin except for heavily polluted sites" occurred, i.e. where bit 23 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_so2_volcanic_-

0 (static)

NC_INT

origin_certain_warning_oc-

currences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning for SO₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin certain" occurred, i.e. where bit 24 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_interpolation_- 0 (static)

NC_INT

warning occurrences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning for interpolation on partially missing data. In this case the valid available data is used, potentially leading to a bias" occurred, i.e. where bit 25 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of saturation warn-0 (static) ing occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "saturation occurred spectrum, possibly causing biases in the retrieval" occurred, i.e. where bit 26 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number_of_high_sza_warn-0 (static) ing occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning for high solar zenith angle. In this case, the processing can be performed with less final quality" occurred, i.e. where bit 27 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of cloud retrieval -0 (static) warning occurrences

NC INT

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "warning occurring when the retrieval diagnostic indicates a degraded quality of the cloud retrieval" occurred, i.e. where bit 28 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

number of cloud inhomo-

0 (static)

NC INT

geneity_warning_occur-

rences

Number of ground pixels where processing warning "the cloud coregistration inhomogeneity parameter is above a given threshold" occurred, i.e. where bit 29 in the processing_quality_flags is set to "1".

global_	_processing	_warn-
inac		

'None' (static)

NC_STRING

All warning messages, separated by newlines, with duplicates removed.

time for algorithm initializ-

time standard deviation -

-1.0 (static)

NC DOUBLE

Time in seconds needed for initialization.

time for processing

-1.0 (static)

NC DOUBLE

Time in seconds needed for processing.

time_per_pixel

-1.0 (static)

-1.0 (static)

NC DOUBLE

Time per pixel in seconds needed for processing.

per_pixel

NC DOUBLE

Standard deviation of the time per pixel in seconds needed for processing.

Dimensions in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

vertices For the histogram boundaries.

size 2 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_histogram_axis Histogram axis for the tropospheric NO2 column.

size 100 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide tropospheric column pdf axis Probability density function axis for the tropospheric NO2 column.

size 400 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide stratospheric column histogram axis Histogram axis for the stratospheric NO2 column.

size 100 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide stratospheric column pdf axis Probability density function axis for the stratospheric NO₂ column.

size 400 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide total column histogram axis Histogram axis for the total NO₂ column.

size 100 (fixed)

nitrogendioxide_total_column_pdf_axis Probability density function axis for the total NO₂ column.

size 400 (fixed)

Variables in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS

_	kide_stratospheric_column_histogram_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS					
Description:	Horizontal axis for the histogram of the stratospheric NO ₂ vertical column.					
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).					
Type:	NC_FLOAT.					
Source:	Processor.					
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре			
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING			
		main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s				
	comment	'Histogram of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING			
	long_name	'Histogram of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING			
	bounds	<pre>'nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column_histo- gram_bounds' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING			
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric	_column_pdf_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTIC	s			
Description:	Horizontal axis fo column.	or the probability distribution function of the stratosph	eric NO ₂ vertic			
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_s	stratospheric_column_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).				
Type:	NC_FLOAT.					
Source:	Processor.					
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре			
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING			
	Same unit as the main parameter. This attribute originates from the CF standard.					
	comment	'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING			
	long_name	'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING			
	bounds	'aerosol_nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_column pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING			
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric	_column_histogram_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_	STATISTICS			
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_s	stratospheric_column_histogram_axis, vertices.				
Type:	NC_FLOAT.					
Source:	Processor.					
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric	_column_pdf_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATIS	STICS			
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_s	stratospheric_column_pdf_axis, vertices.				
Type:	NC_FLOAT.					
Source:	Processor.					
nitrogendiox	ide_tropospheric_	column_histogram_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STA	TISTICS			
Description:	Horizontal axis for	r the histograms of the tropospheric NO ₂ vertical colum	n.			
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_ti	ropospheric_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variab	ile).			
	NC_FLOAT.					
Type:						
Type: Source:	Processor.					

	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
-		ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	
	comment	'Histogram of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Histogram of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	<pre>'nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_histo- gram_bounds' (static)</pre>	NC_STRING
nitrogendioxi	de_tropospheric_co	olumn_pdf_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTIC	S
Description:	Horizontal axis for to column.	the probability distribution functions of the troposph	eric NO ₂ vertical
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_trop	pospheric_column_pdf_axis (coordinate variable).	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
-	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the ma	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.
-	comment	'Probability density function of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
-	long_name	'Probability density function of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
-	bounds	'nitrogendioxide_tropospheric_column_pdf bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendioxi	de_tropospheric_co	olumn_histogram_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_	STATISTICS
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_trop	pospheric_column_histogram_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
nitrogendioxi	de_tropospheric_co	plumn_pdf_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATIS	TICS
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_trop	oospheric_column_pdf_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
nitrogendioxi			
Description:	de_total_column_hi	istogram_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Dimensions:		istogram_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column.	
	Horizontal axis for the	· –	
Type:	Horizontal axis for the	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column.	
Type: Source:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column.	
	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT.	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column.	Туре
Source:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor.	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable).	<i>Type</i> NC_STRING
Source:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value	NC_STRING
Source:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Source:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the material of the nitrogendioxide_total nitrogendioxide_tota	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol m-2' (dynamic) ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	NC_STRING tandard.
Source:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the maccomment	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol m-2' (dynamic) ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING tandard.
Source: Attributes:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the maccomment long_name bounds	re histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol m-2' (dynamic) ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING
Source: Attributes:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the maccomment long_name bounds	ne histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol m-2' (dynamic) ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram bounds' (static)	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Source: Attributes:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the macomment long_name bounds de_total_column_potential axis for the nitrogendioxide in the nitrogeneous in the	re histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol m-2' (dynamic) ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram bounds' (static) df_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING
Source: Attributes: nitrogendioxi Description:	Horizontal axis for the nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name units Same unit as the macomment long_name bounds de_total_column_potential axis for the nitrogendioxide in the nitrogeneous in the	re histograms of the total NO ₂ vertical column. al_column_histogram_axis (coordinate variable). Value 'mol m-2' (dynamic) ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column' (static) 'nitrogendioxide_total_column_histogram bounds' (static) df_axis in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS ne probability distribution functions of the total NO ₂ vertical column.	NC_STRING tandard. NC_STRING NC_STRING NC_STRING

Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	units	'mol m-2' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	Same unit as the ma	ain parameter. This attribute originates from the CF s	tandard.
	comment	'Probability density function of the total NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	long_name	'Probability density function of the total NO2 vertical column' (static)	NC_STRING
	bounds	'nitrogendioxide_total_column_pdf_bounds' (static)	NC_STRING
nitrogendiox	ide_total_column_hi	stogram_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTI	CS
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tota	ıl_column_histogram_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
nitrogendiox	ide_total_column_p	df_bounds in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_tota	ıl_column_pdf_axis, vertices.	
Type:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
nitrogendiox	ide_tropospheric_co	olumn_histogram in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTI	CS
Description:	Histogram of the tro	pospheric NO ₂ vertical column in the current granule	
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_trop	oospheric_column_histogram_axis.	
Туре:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Histogram of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram.		
	number_of_un- derflow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	histogram.
nitrogendiox	ide_stratospheric_c	olumn_histogram in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATIST	ICS
Description:	Histogram of the stra	atospheric NO ₂ vertical column in the current granule	·.
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_stra	tospheric_column_histogram_axis.	
Type:	NC_INT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Histogram of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
-	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of encountered values that are larger than the top of the histogram.		
		0 (dunameta)	NC INT
	number_of_un- derflow_values	0 (dynamic)	_
	number_of_un- derflow_values	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	_
nitrogendiox	number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco	,	_
_	number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco ide_total_column_hi	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	_
nitrogendiox Description: Dimensions:	number_of_un- derflow_values The number of enco ide_total_column_hi	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the stogram in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	_

Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Histogram of the total NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	number_of_over- flow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are larger than the top of the hist	togram.
	number_of_un- derflow_values	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
	The number of enco	ountered values that are smaller than the base of the	histogram.
nitrogendiox	ide_tropospheric_co	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	
Description:		unction of tropospheric NO $_2$ vertical column in the curl with $\cos(\delta_{ m geo})$ and spread out using the error estima	-
Dimensions:	nitrogendioxide_trop	pospheric_column_pdf_axis.	
Туре:	NC_FLOAT.		
Source:	Processor.		
Attributes:	Name	Value	Туре
	comment	'Probability density function of the tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	NC_STRING
	geolocation sampling_total	0 (static)	NC_FLOAT
	Samping_total		
	• •	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in th	e pdf.
nitrogendiox	The sum of cosine v	values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS	e pdf.
•	The sum of cosine vide_stratospheric_c Probability density f	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e current granul
Description:	The sum of cosine vide_stratospheric_c Probability density f The values are weig	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS unction of the stratospheric NO ₂ vertical column in the	e current granul
Description: Dimensions:	The sum of cosine vide_stratospheric_c Probability density f The values are weig	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{olumn_pdf} \text{ in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS} \\ \text{unction of the stratospheric NO}_2 \text{ vertical column in the phted with } \cos(\delta_{\text{geo}}) \text{ and spread out using the error estimates} \\ \end{array}$	e current granul
Description: Dimensions: Type:	The sum of cosine vide_stratospheric_c Probability density f The values are weig nitrogendioxide_stra	$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{olumn_pdf} \text{ in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS} \\ \text{unction of the stratospheric NO}_2 \text{ vertical column in the phted with } \cos(\delta_{\text{geo}}) \text{ and spread out using the error estimates} \\ \end{array}$	e current granul
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The sum of cosine values are weight nitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT.	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO $_2$ vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\mathrm{geo}})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis. $Value$	e current granul
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The sum of cosine values are weign nitrogendioxide_stratospheric_c Probability density for the values are weign nitrogendioxide_stratogendiox	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO $_2$ vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{ m geo})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis.	e current granul stimate.
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The sum of cosine values are weight nitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO $_2$ vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\mathrm{geo}})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis. $Value$ 'Probability density function of the stratospheric	e current granul
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name comment geolocation sampling_total	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis. $ Value $ 'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static)	timate. Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name comment geolocation sampling_total The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_strate numbers.	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO $_2$ vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis.	timate. Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_stratosheric_c Probability density for the values are weignitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name comment geolocation sampling_total The sum of cosine value ide_total_column_p Probability density for	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis. $ Value $ 'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static) 0 (static) $ Value $ values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the column of the stratospheric static) $ Value $ values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the column of the stratospheric static) $ Value $	Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ne pdf.
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: nitrogendioxi Description:	The sum of cosine values are weight of the values are values are weighted.	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis. Value 'Probability density function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule' (static) 0 (static) values of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the df in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS unction of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the cur	Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ne pdf.
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: nitrogendioxi Description: Dimensions:	The sum of cosine values are weight of the values are values are weighted.	value of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the df in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS of latitudes of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the latitudes of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of the latitudes from the pixels that were used in the latitude of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO3 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO4 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO5 vertical column in the current	Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ne pdf.
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: nitrogendiox Description: Dimensions: Type:	The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name comment geolocation sampling_total The sum of cosine values are weighted nitrogendioxide_total	value of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the df in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS of latitudes of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the latitudes of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of the latitudes from the pixels that were used in the latitude of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO3 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO4 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO5 vertical column in the current	Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ne pdf.
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: nitrogendioxi Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name comment geolocation sampling_total The sum of cosine values are weighted nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT.	value of latitudes from the pixels that were used in the df in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS of latitudes of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the latitudes of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of the latitudes from the pixels that were used in the latitude of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO2 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO3 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO4 vertical column in the current granule of tropospheric NO5 vertical column in the current	Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ne pdf.
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes:	The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_strates or. Processor. Name comment geolocation sampling_total The sum of cosine values are weighted nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Probability density for values are weighted nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor.	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis.	Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT ne pdf. rrent granule. The
Description: Dimensions: Type: Source: Attributes: nitrogendioxi Description: Dimensions: Type: Source:	The sum of cosine values are weignitrogendioxide_strate NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name comment geolocation sampling_total The sum of cosine values are weighted nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Probability density for values are weighted nitrogendioxide_total NC_FLOAT. Processor. Name	olumn_pdf in NO2/METADATA/QA_STATISTICS function of the stratospheric NO2 vertical column in the phted with $\cos(\delta_{\rm geo})$ and spread out using the error estatospheric_column_pdf_axis.	Type NC_STRING NC_FLOAT Te pdf. Trent granule. The te.

10.2.2 Group "ALGORITHM_SETTINGS" in "METADATA"

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

The algorithm settings are attached as attributes to this group. The current settings are listed here, each item in the list is a string attribute.

10.2.3 Group "GRANULE_DESCRIPTION" in "METADATA"

Common granule level metadata.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/GRANULE_DESCRIPTION

Group attributes attached to	GRANULE_DESCRIPTION	
Name	Value	Туре
GranuleStart		NC_STRING
Start of the granule as ISO d definition of ISO date/time st	ate/time string in UTC: YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM: rings is given in [RD40].	:SS.mmmmmm Z . The formal
GranuleEnd		NC_STRING
End of the granule as ISO da definition of ISO date/time st	ate/time string in UTC: YYYY-MM-DD T HH:MM: rings is given in [RD40].	SS.mmmmmmZ. The formal
InstrumentName	'TROPOMI' (static)	NC_STRING
The name of the instrument,	fixed to "TROPOMI".	
MissionName	'Sentinel-5 precursor' (static)	NC_STRING
The name of the mission, fix	ed to "Sentinel-5 precursor".	
MissionShortName	'S5P' (static)	NC_STRING
The short name of the mission	on, fixed to "S5P".	
ProcessLevel	'2' (static)	NC_STRING
This is a level 2 product.		
ProcessingCenter	'%(processingcenter)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Where was the processor rur use is "DLR/Oberpfaffenhofe	n? The source is the probably the joborder, the men".	ost likely value for operationa
ProcessingNode		NC_STRING
The name of the machine the	at processed the data. This may aid in diagnosir	ng failures in the processing.
ProcessorVersion	'%(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The version number of the jor.minor.bugfix".	processor used to produce the file. This is	a string formatted as "ma
ProductFormatVersion	1 (static)	NC_INT
The version of the format of the files.	the product file. This should be incremented whe	enever a datafield is added to
ProcessingMode		NC_STRING
This attribute indicates the m	node of the processor.	
Possible values: Near-realting	ne, Offline, Reprocessing, Test, SyntheticTest	
LongitudeOfDaysideNadirl	EquatorCrossing	NC_FLOAT
	pint at the day-side equator crossing. This gives calculated using an orbit propagator before the obing stages.	•
CollectionIdentifier		NC_STRING
Identification of the process consistent data set.	sing collection, i.e. the group of products that	can be used together as a
ProductShortName	'L2NO2' (static)	NC_STRING
The about was divisit was a	r the NO ₂ vertical column product the short name	e is fixed to "L2 NO2 "

10.2.3.1 Group "ISO_METADATA" in "iso_metadata"

Metadata that is structured following the ISO metadata standards [RD34, RD44], especially part 2. The metadata in this group is structured using the methods from Level 1B, which is described in the Level 1B metadata specification [RD39].

All "objectType" attributes indicate the XML object when generating an ISO 19139 [RD44] compliant XML metadata file.

Note that this group is meant to be treated as a 'black box'. The information is collected here so that it can be extracted into XML side-files for ingestion into data search tools and metadata collections.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA

Group attributes attached to ISO	METADATA		
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:dateStamp	'2015-10-16' (static)	NC STRING	
Date of creation of the metadata, as ISO 8601 [RD40] string specifying year, month and day.			
gmd:fileldentifier	'urn:ogc:def:EOP:ESA:SENTINEL.S5P_TROP %(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Unique identifier for metadata file of the value.	e, see the Level 1B metadata specification [RD39, table 5]	for a discussion	
Replace %()s with the "Prodescription" metadata group.	oductShortName" value from the Level 2 "/METADA	ATA/GRANULE	
gmd:hierarchyLevelName	'EO Product Collection' (static)	NC_STRING	
Name of the hierarchy levels for	which the metadata is provided.		
gmd:metadataStandardName	'ISO 19115-2 Geographic Information - Metadata Part 2 Extensions for imagery and gridded data' (static)	NC_STRING	
Name of the metadata standard.			
gmd:metadataStandardVersion	n 'ISO 19115-2:2009(E), S5P profile' (static)	NC_STRING	
Version (profile) of the metadata	standard used.		
objectType	'gmi:MI_Metadata' (static)	NC_STRING	
Name of the metadata class [RD	39, table 5].		

10.2.3.2 Group "gmd:language" in "ISO_METADATA"

Language used for the metadata, fixed to English.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:language

Group attributes attached to gmd:language			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'eng' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:LanguageCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.3 Group "gmd:characterSet" in "ISO_METADATA"

The character encoding used for the metadata. This is fixed to UTF-8, but the climate and forecasting conventions, version 1.6 limits this further to 7-bit ASCII (which is a subset of UTF-8).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:characterSet

Group attributes attached to gmd:characterSet			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'utf8' (static)	NC_STRING	

objectType	'gmd:MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.4 Group "gmd:hierarchyLevel" in "ISO_METADATA"

Scope to wich metadata applies.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:hierarchyLevel

Group attributes attached to gmd:hierarchyLevel			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'series' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.5 Group "gmd:contact" in "ISO_METADATA"

Contact information for the product.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:contact

Group attributes attached to gmd:contact			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:organisationName	'Copernicus Space Component Data Access System, ESA, Services Coordinated Interface' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_ResponsibleParty' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.6 Group "gmd:contactInfo" in "gmd:contact"

The detailed contact information.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:contact/gmd:contactInfo

Group attributes attached to gmd:contactInfo			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Contact' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.7 Group "gmd:address" in "gmd:contactInfo"

The actual email address.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:contact/gmd:contactInfo/gmd:address

Group attributes attached to gmd:address			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:electronicMailAddress	'EOSupport@copernicus.esa.int' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Address' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.8 Group "gmd:role" in "gmd:contact"

The role of the adress provided in this group.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:contact/gmd:role

Group attributes attac	hed to gmd:role	
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING

codeListValue	'pointOfContact' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.9 Group "gmd:identificationInfo" in "ISO METADATA"

Identification information contains information to uniquely identify the data. Identification information includes information about the citation for the resource, an abstract, the purpose, credit, the status and points of contact. The MD_Identification entity is mandatory. The MD_Identification entity is specified (subclassed) as MD_DataIdentification because in this case it is used to identify data.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo

Group attributes attached to gmd:identificationInfo		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:abstract		NC_STRING

Brief narrative summary of the content of the resource. This is product specific, with modifications for timeliness and and pixel size. The pixel size listed below are the "small" pixels, with a length of 5.5 km in the flight direction for the main bands. For observations before August 6, 2019, the length in the flight direction is 7 km. Ozone profile adds several pixels in the flight direction, and has an approximate pixel size of $30 \times 30 \, \text{km}^2$ for the "small" pixels, and $35 \times 30 \, \text{km}^2$ for the "large" pixels.

- **L2_AER_AI (KNMI)** Aerosol index with a spatial resolution of $5.5 \times 3.5 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_AER_LH (KNMI)** Altitude of elevated aerosol layer for cloud-free observations with a spatial resolution of $5.5 \times 3.5 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_NO2__ (KNMI)** Nitrogen dioxide tropospheric column with a spatial resolution of $5.5 \times 3.5 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_O3_PR (KNMI)** Ozone profile with a vertical resolution of 6 km and a horizontal resolution of $30 \times 30 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_CH4__ (SRON)** Dry-air mixing ratio of methane for cloud-free observations with a spatial resolution of $5.5 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_CO___ (SRON)** Carbon monoxide column with a spatial resolution of $5.5 \times 7 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI
- **L2_FRESCO (KNMI)** Cloud fraction and cloud pressure with a spatial resolution of $5.5 \times 3.5 \, \text{km}^2$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI (KNMI FRESCO cloud support product)
- **L2_O22CLD (KNMI)** O_2 – O_2 cloud retrieval with a spatial resolution of $5.5 \times 3.5 \,\mathrm{km^2}$ observed at about 13:30 local solar time from spectra measured by TROPOMI (KNMI O_2 – O_2 cloud support product)

gmd:credit	'%(credit)s' (static)	NC_STRING
Recognition of those who co	ntributed to the resource(s).	
gmd:language	'eng' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:topicCategory	'climatologyMeteorologyAtmosphere' (static)	NC_STRING
Main theme(s) of the dataset.		
objectType	'gmd:MD_DataIdentification' (static)	NC_STRING
Name of the metadata class [RD39, table 10].		

10.2.3.10 Group "gmd:citation" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Citation data for the resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation

Group attributes attached to gmd:citation			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:title		NC_STRING	
Name by which the cited resource is known. This is the same as the global "title" attribute.			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	
Name of the metadata class [RD39, table 11].			

10.2.3.11 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:citation"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'%(processor_release_date)s' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.12 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Event used for reference date.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.13 Group "gmd:identifier" in "gmd:citation"

Unique identifier for metadata file, see the Level 1B metadata specification [RD39, table 5] for a discussion of the value.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:citation/gmd:identifier

Group attributes attached	d to gmd:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'urn:ogc:def:EOP:ESA:SENTINEL.S5P_TROP %(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Replace "%(shortname)s' DESCRIPTION" metadata	"with the "ProductShortName" value from the Level 2 "/MET a group.	ADATA/GRANULE
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.14 Group "gmd:pointOfContact" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

See description of the "gmd:contact" attribute above.

$Attributes\ in\ NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd: identification Info/gmd: point Of Contact$

Group attributes attached to gmd:pointOfContact			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:organisationName	'Copernicus Space Component Data Access System, ESA, Services Coordinated Interface' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_ResponsibleParty' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.15 Group "gmd:contactInfo" in "gmd:pointOfContact"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:pointOfContact/gmd:contactInfo

Group attributes attached to gmd:contactInfo			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Contact' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.16 Group "gmd:address" in "gmd:contactInfo"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:pointOfContact/gmd:contactInfo/gmd:address

Group attributes attached to gmd:address			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:electronicMailAddress	'EOSupport@copernicus.esa.int' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Address' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.17 Group "gmd:role" in "gmd:pointOfContact"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:pointOfContact/gmd:role

Group attributes attached to gmd:role			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'distributor' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_RoleCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.18 Group "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Provides category keywords, their type, and reference source. Within the framework of GEMET the choise of keywords is very limited. More meaningful keywords can be derived from the Climate and Forecast metadada conventions' standard name list, see "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2" below.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1

Group attributes attached to gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:keyword#1	'Atmospheric conditions' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_Keywords' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.19 Group "gmd:type" in "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1"

Subject matter used to group similar keywords.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1/gmd:type

Group attributes attached to gmd:type			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_KeywordTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'theme' (static)	NC_STRING	

objectType	'gmd:MD_KeywordTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.20 Group "gmd:thesaurusName" in "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1"

Name by which the cited resource is known.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1/gmd:thesaurusNan

Group attributes attached to gmd:thesaurusName			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:title	'GEMET - INSPIRE themes, version 1.0' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.21 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:thesaurusName"

Reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1/gmd:thesaurusNan gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'2008-06-01' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.22 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

What date is used for the reference date.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#1/gmd:thesaurusNangmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.23 Group "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Provides category keywords, their type, and reference source. These keywords are taken from the Climate and Forecast metadada conventions' standard name list [ER5]. The keywords listed below identify the most important parameters in the product.

- L2__AER_AI (KNMI) ultraviolet_aerosol_index
- L2__AER_LH (KNMI) height_of_elevated_aerosol_layer
- **L2_NO2__ (KNMI)** troposphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide, stratosphere_mole_content_of_nitrogen_dioxide
- L2 O3 PR (KNMI) mole fraction of ozone in air
- L2_CH4_ (SRON) atmosphere_mole_fraction_of_methane_in_dry_air
- L2__CO____ (SRON) atmosphere_mole_content_of_carbon_monoxide
- **L2_FRESCO (KNMI)** air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid, effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_-fixed_cloud_albedo, cloud_albedo_assuming_completely_cloudy_sky, air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid assuming completely cloudy sky

L2_O22CLD (KNMI) air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid, effective_cloud_area_fraction_assuming_fixed_-cloud_albedo, cloud_albedo_assuming_completely_cloudy_sky, air_pressure_at_cloud_optical_centroid_-assuming_completely_cloudy_sky

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2

Group attributes attached to gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:keyword#1		NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_Keywords' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.24 Group "gmd:thesaurusName" in "gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2"

Name by which the cited resource is known.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2/gmd:thesaurusNan

Group attributes attached to gmd:thesaurusName			
Name	Value		Туре
gmd:title	'CF Standard Name Table v65' (static)		NC_STRING
xlink:href	'http://cfconventions.org/standard-names.html' namic)	(dy-	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)		NC_STRING

10.2.3.25 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:thesaurusName"

Reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2/gmd:thesaurusNangmd:date

Group attributes attach	ned to gmd:date	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'2019-04-09' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.26 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

What date is used for the reference date.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:descriptiveKeywords#2/gmd:thesaurusNangmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.27 Group "gmd:resourceConstraints" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Provides information about constraints which apply to the resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:resourceConstraints

Group attributes attached to gmd:resourceConstraints		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:useLimitation	'no conditions apply' (static)	NC_STRING
Limitation affecting the fitness for use of the resource or metadata.		
objectType	'gmd:MD_LegalConstraints' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.28 Group "gmd:accessConstraints" in "gmd:resourceConstraints"

Access constraints applied to assure the protection of privacy or intellectual property, and any special restrictions or limitations on obtaining the resource or metadata.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:resourceConstraints/gmd:accessConstrain

Group attributes attached to gmd:accessConstraints		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_RestrictionCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'copyright' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_RestrictionCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.29 Group "gmd:spatialRepresentationType" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Method used to spatially represent geographic information.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:spatialRepresentationType

Group attributes attached to gmd:spatialRepresentationType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_SpatialRepresentation- TypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'grid' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_SpatialRepresentationTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.30 Group "gmd:characterSet" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:characterSet

Group attributes attached to gmd:characterSet		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'utf8' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_CharacterSetCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.31 Group "gmd:extent" in "gmd:identificationInfo"

Extent information including the bounding box, bounding polygon, vertical, and temporal extent of the dataset.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent

Group attributes attac	ched to gmd:extent	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:EX_Extent' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.32 Group "gmd:geographicElement" in "gmd:extent"

Geographic position of the granule. This is only an approximate reference so specifying the coordinate reference system is unnecessary. The usual limitations apply: $-180^{\circ} \leq \vartheta \leq 180^{\circ}$ and $-90^{\circ} \leq \delta \leq 90^{\circ}$. Note that for full orbits these values provide little information as at lease one pole will be present in the data, ensuring full longitudinal coverage.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent/gmd:geographicElement

Group attributes attached to gmd:geographicElement			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:eastBoundLongitude	180.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:northBoundLatitude	90.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:southBoundLatitude	-90.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:westBoundLongitude	-180.0 (dynamic)	NC_FLOAT	
gmd:extentTypeCode	'true' (static)	NC_STRING	
Indication of whether the bounding polygon encompasses an area covered by the data or an area where data is not present. The value "true" indicates <i>inclusion</i> .			
objectType	'gmd:EX_GeographicBoundingBox' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.33 Group "gmd:temporalElement" in "gmd:extent"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/qmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent/qmd:temporalElement

Group attributes attacl	hed to gmd:temporalElement	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:EX_TemporalExtent' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.34 Group "gmd:extent" in "gmd:temporalElement"

Time period covered by the content of the dataset.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:identificationInfo/gmd:extent/gmd:temporalElement/gmd:extent

Group attributes attach	ed to gmd:extent	
Name	Value	Туре
gml:beginPosition	'2014-11-14T19:58:00' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Time of the start of the	granule, expressed as ISO 8601 [RD40] date-time string.	
gml:endPosition	'2014-11-14T20:08:00' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Time of the end of the granule, expressed as ISO 8601 [RD40] date-time string.		
objectType	'gml:TimePeriod' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.35 Group "gmd:dataQualityInfo" in "ISO_METADATA"

This group contains a general assessment of the quality of the dataset. In addition, the package contains information about the sources and production processes used in producing a dataset, which is of particular importance for imagery and gridded data.

For the TROPOMI level 2 products the use of the contained class LI_Lineage (group "gmd:lineage", section 10.2.3.43 on page 101) is important for describing the sources which are either used or produced (output) in a series of process steps. The sources refer to the various L1b data products used as inputs (and the L0 products used in producing *those* products) and the auxiliary data (static and especially dynamic) when producing the L2 products.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo

Group attributes attack	ned to gmd:dataQualityInfo	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:DQ_DataQuality' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.36 Group "gmd:scope" in "gmd:dataQualityInfo"

The specific data to which the data quality information applies.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:scope

Group attributes attac	hed to gmd:scope	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:DQ_Scope' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.37 Group "gmd:level" in "gmd:scope"

Hierarchical level of the data specified by the scope.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:scope/gmd:level

Group attributes attached to gmd:level			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'dataset' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:MD_ScopeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.38 Group "gmd:report" in "gmd:dataQualityInfo"

Value (or set of values) obtained from applying a data quality measure or the outcome of evaluating the obtained value (or set of values) against a specified acceptable conformance quality level.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report

Group attributes attached to gmd:report			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmd:DQ_DomainConsistency' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.39 Group "gmd:result" in "gmd:report"

Value (or set of values) obtained from applying a data quality measure or the outcome of evaluating the obtained value (or set of values) against a specified acceptable conformance quality level.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result

Group attributes attached to	o gmd:result			
Name	Value	Туре		
objectType	'gmd:DQ_ConformanceResult' (static)	NC_STRING		
gmd:pass	'true' (static)	NC_STRING		
Indication of confomance result. The value "true" indicates "pass".				
gmd:explanation	'INSPIRE Data specification for orthoimagery is not yet officially published so conformity has not yet been evaluated' (static)	NC_STRING		
Explanation of the meaning currently not be determined	of conformance for this result. Within the context of INSPIRE of	conformance can		

10.2.3.40 Group "gmd:specification" in "gmd:result"

Citation of product specification or user requirement against which data is being evaluated.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result/gmd:specification

Group attributes attached to gmd:specification		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'INSPIRE Data Specification on Orthoimagery - Guidelines, version 3.0rc3' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.41 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:specification"

Reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result/gmd:specification/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'2013-02-04' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.42 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:report/gmd:result/gmd:specification/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'publication' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.43 Group "gmd:lineage" in "gmd:dataQualityInfo"

Non-quantitative quality information about the lineage of the data specified by the scope.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage

Group attributes attached to gmd:lineage		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:LI_Lineage' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:statement	'L2 %(product)s dataset produced by %(processingcenter)s from the S5P/TROPOMI L1B product' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
General explanation of the	data producer's knowledge about the lineage of a dataset. Insert	short description

General explanation of the data producers knowledge about the lineage of a dataset. Insert short description of the actual Level 2 product in this string (at the %(...)s).

10.2.3.44 Group "gmd:processStep" in "gmd:lineage"

Information about an event or transformation in the life of the dataset including details of the algorithm and software used for processing.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep

Group attributes attached to gmd:processStep			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStep' (static)	NC_STRING	
gmd:description	'Processing of L1b to L2 %(product)s data for orbit %(orbit)d using the %(institute)s processor version %(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	

Description of the event, including related parameters or tolerances. Insert short description of the actual Level 2 product, the orbit number, the name of the institude responsible for the CFI and the software version in this string (at the respective %(...)s and %(...)d).

10.2.3.45 Group "gmi:output" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the output.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output

Group attributes attached to gmi:output			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:description		NC_STRING	
Short description of	Short description of the output, a copy of the global 'title' attribute.		
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.46 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmi:output"

Reference to the actual filename of the output data and production date and time.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes attached to gmd:sourceCitation			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:title	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Output file name without extension.			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.47 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Production date and time of the output file.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date		NC_STRING	
Production date and time of the output file. Note that the definition in the XML schema appears to allow the use of a "CI_DateTime" instead of a "CI_Date".			
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.48 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#Cl_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.49 Group "gmd:identifier" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Identification of the output product.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:identifier

Group attributes attac	hed to gmd:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'%(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The product short name, a copy of the 'ProductShortName' attribute in '/METADATA/GRANULE_DESCRIPTION'.		
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.50 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmi:output"

Process level of the output file.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:output/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attached to gmi:processedLevel		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'L2' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.51 Group "gmi:processingInformation" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the processor in more detail.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInf

Group attributes attached to gmi:processingInformation		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_Processing' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.52 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Identification of the processor.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmi:identifier

Group attributes attached to	gmi:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'%(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor, version %(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Descriptive name of the pro name, product name and so	decessor, with the $\%(\dots)$ s placeholders replaced with the responditware release version.	onsible institute's
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.53 Group "gmi:softwareReference" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to document describing processing software.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:softwareReference

Group attributes attached to gmi:softwareReference		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:title	'%(processor_name)s processor' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Name of the processor.		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.54 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:softwareReference"

Release date (compile date) of the processor.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:softwareReference/gmd:date

Group attributes attac	ched to gmd:date	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'%(processor_release_date)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Release date of the p	rocessor expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD40].	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.55 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

The release date of the processor.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmi:softwareReference/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.56 Group "gmi:documentation#1" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the ATBD of the product.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmi:documentation#1

Group attributes attach	ned to gmi:documentation#1	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'%(title_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Specification of the cur	rent release of the ATBD of the product.	
doi	'%(atbd_doi)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
DOI for the algorithm th	neoretical basis document.	

10.2.3.57 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#1"

Release date of the ATBD.

$Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd: dataQualityInfo/gmd: lineage/gmd: processStep/gmi: processingInfo/gmd: dataQualityInfo/gmd: dataQuality$

Group attributes attached to gmd:date		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'%(date_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Release date of the A	TBD expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD40].	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.58 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Specify the type of the date of the ATBD (revision of publication).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmi:documentation#1/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'revision' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.59 Group "gmi:documentation#2" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the PUM of the product.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:documentation#2

Group attributes attach	ed to gmi:documentation#2	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'%(title_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Specification of the cur	rent release of the PUM of the product.	
doi	'%(pum_doi)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
DOI for the product use	er manual.	

10.2.3.60 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#2"

Release date of the PUM.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processIngInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processIngInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processIngInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processIngInfo/gmd:dataQualityI

Group attributes attached to gmd:date		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'%(date_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Release date of the F	PUM expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD40].	
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.61 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Specify the type of the date of the PUM (revision of publication).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:processingInfo/gmi:documentation#2/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#Cl_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'revision' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.62 Group "gmi:report" in "gmd:processStep"

Short report of what occurred during the process step.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmi:report

Group attributes attached to gmi:report			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmi:description	'Sentinel 5-precursor TROPOMI L1b processed to L2 data using the %(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Textual description of what occurred during the process step. Replace %()s as indicated.			
gmi:fileType	'netCDF-4' (static)	NC_STRING	
Type of file that contains the processing report, in our case the processing report is contained in the main output file.			
gmi:name	'%(logical_filename)s.nc' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStepReport' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.63 Group "gmd:source#1" in "gmd:processStep"

Information about the source data used in creating the data specified by the scope. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the source (after the # mark).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1

Group attributes attached to gmd:source#1		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:description		NC_STRING

Description of the input data, including L1B, L2, dynamic auxiliary input data and semi-static auxiliary input data. Base strings are "TROPOMI L1B %s radiance product", "TROPOMI L1B %s irradiance product", "TROPOMI L2 %s product", "Auxiliary ECMWF %s Meteorological forecast data", "Processor %s configuration file", "Auxiliary %s reference data", "Auxiliary %s algorithm lookup table", "Auxiliary CTM %s model input data", "Auxiliary snow and ice input data" and "Auxiliary NPP/VIIRS cloud screening input data". The %s to be replaced with specific descriptors.

10.2.3.64 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmd:source#1"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attached to gmi:processedLevel		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	Empty!	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.65 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmd:source#1"

Reference to the actual filename of the input data.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes attached to gmd:sourceCitation		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.66 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date		NC_STRING	
Production date and time of the input file(s) in this group expressed as an ISO 8601 date-time string [RD40] Note that the definition in the XML schema appears to allow the use of a "CI_DateTime" instead of a "CI_Date".			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.67 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.68 Group "gmd:title" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:title

Group attributes a	attached to gmd:title	
Name	Value	Туре
gco:characterStr	ring	NC_STRING
Textual description Source" object).	n of the input file group (same as the "gmo	d:description" attribute in the "gmi:LE

10.2.3.69 Group "gmd:alternateTitle#1" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

All filenames in this group, in case more files of a particular file type are delivered, for instance for meteorological or model input. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the input file (after the # mark).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmd:dataQualityInfo/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep/gmd:source#1/

gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:alternateTitle#1

Group attributes attached to gmd:alternateTitle#1			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmx:FileName	Empty!	NC_STRING	
The basename of the in	put file.		

10.2.3.70 Group "gmi:acquisitionInformation" in "ISO_METADATA"

Metadata regarding the acquisition of the original data.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation

Group attributes attached to gmi:acquisitionInformation		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:MI_AcquisitionInformation' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.71 Group "gmi:platform" in "gmi:acquisitionInformation"

The platform we are on.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform

Group attributes attached to gmi:platform			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmi:description	'Sentinel 5 Precursor' (static)	NC_STRING	
objectType	'gmi:MI_Platform' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.72 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:platform"

Short identifier of the platform.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform/gmi:identifier

Group attributes attached to gmi:identifier		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'S5P' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:codeSpace	'http://www.esa.int/' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:RS_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.73 Group "gmi:instrument" in "gmi:platform"

The instrument used for the observations.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform/gmi:instrument

Group attributes attached to gmi:instrument		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:MI_Instrument' (static)	NC_STRING
gmi:type	'UV-VIS-NIR-SWIR imaging spectrometer' (static)	NC_STRING
Type of the instrument.		

10.2.3.74 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:instrument"

Unique identifier for the instrument.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ISO_METADATA/gmi:acquisitionInformation/gmi:platform/gmi:instrument/gmi:identifier

Group attributes attached to gmi:identifier		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'TROPOMI' (static)	NC_STRING
The actual identifier.		
gmd:codeSpace	'http://www.esa.int/' (static)	NC_STRING
Name or identifier of the	organization responsible for the namespace.	
objectType	'gmd:RS_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.75 Group "EOP_METADATA" in "EOP_metadata"

Based on the OGC 10-025 standard for Observations & Measurements [RD45], an Earth Observation Product (EOP) schema was developed which refines an observation into the feature type earth observation. This schema was then extended with sensor-specific thematic schemas.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA

Group attributes attac	ched to EOP_METADATA	
Name	Value	Туре
gml:id	'%(logical_filename)s.ID' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Unique ID for this "atm:EarthObservation" object. Constructed from the logical output filename and the extension "ID" separated by a dot.		
objectType	'atm:EarthObservation' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.76 Group "om:phenomenonTime" in "EOP_METADATA"

Time coverage of the granule.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP METADATA/om:phenomenonTime

Group attributes atta	ached to om:phenomenonTime	
Name	Value	Туре
gml:beginPosition		NC_STRING
Start of time coverage of the data in the granule expressed as an ISO 8601 date-time string [RD40].		
gml:endPosition		NC_STRING
End of time coverage of the data in the granule expressed as an ISO 8601 date-time string [RD40].		
objectType	'gml:TimePeriod' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.77 Group "om:procedure" in "EOP_METADATA"

Platform, instrument and sensor used for the acquisition and the acquisition parameters.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:procedure

Group attributes attached to om:procedure			
Name	Value	Туре	
gml:id	'%(logical_filename)s.EOE' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Unique ID for this "eop:EarthObservationEquipment" object. Constructed from the logical output filename and the extension "EOE" separated by a dot.			
objectType	'eop:EarthObservationEquipment' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.78 Group "eop:platform" in "om:procedure"

Platform name and orbit type.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:procedure/eop:platform

Group attributes attached to eop:platform		
Name	Value	Туре
eop:shortName	'Sentinel-5p' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'eop:Platform' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.79 Group "eop:instrument" in "om:procedure"

Instrument descriptor.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:procedure/eop:instrument

Group attributes attached to eop:instrument		
Name	Value	Туре
eop:shortName	'TROPOMI' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'eop:Instrument' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.80 Group "eop:sensor" in "om:procedure"

Sensor description.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:procedure/eop:sensor

Group attributes attached to eop:sensor		
Name	Value	Туре
eop:sensorType	'ATMOSPHERIC' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'eop:Sensor' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.81 Group "eop:acquisitionParameters" in "om:procedure"

Additional parameters describing the data acquisition. Only an orbit number is used here.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:procedure/eop:acquisitionParameters

Group attributes attached	to eop:acquisitionParameters	
Name	Value	Туре
eop:orbitNumber	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
objectType	'eop:Acquisition' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.82 Group "om:observedProperty" in "EOP_METADATA"

An xlink to the observed property definition.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:observedProperty

Group attributes attached to om:observedProperty		
Name	Value	Туре
nilReason	'inapplicable' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
This element should us	se the attribute 'nilReason="inapplicable"".	

10.2.3.83 Group "om:featureOfInterest" in "EOP_METADATA"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:featureOfInterest

Group attributes attached to om:featureOfInterest		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'eop:FootPrint' (static)	NC_STRING

gml:id	'%(logical_filename)s.FP' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Unique ID for this "eop:FootPrint "FP" separated by a dot.	nt" object. Constructed from the logical output file	ename and the extension

10.2.3.84 Group "eop:multiExtentOf" in "om:featureOfInterest"

Acquisition footprint coordinates, described by a closed polygon – the last point is equal to the first point, using latitude, longitude pairs. The expected structure is "gml:Polygon/gml:exterior/gml:LinearRing/gml:posList".

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP METADATA/om:featureOfInterest/eop:multiExtentOf

Group attributes attac	hed to eop:multiExtentOf	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gml:MultiSurface' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.85 Group "gml:surfaceMembers" in "eop:multiExtentOf"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:featureOfInterest/eop:multiExtentOf/gml:surfaceMembers

Group attributes attached to gml:surfaceMembers		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gml:Polygon' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.86 Group "gml:exterior" in "gml:surfaceMembers"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/om:featureOfInterest/eop:multiExtentOf/gml:surfaceMembers/gml:exterior

Group attributes att	ached to gml:exterior		
Name	Value	Туре	
gml:posList		NC_STRING	
(WGS-84) and the	The Polygon geometry shall be encoded in the EPSG:4326 geographic coordinate reference system (WGS-84) and the coordinate pairs shall be ordered as latitude/longitude. Polygons enclose areas with points listed in counter-clockwise direction.		
objectType	'gml:LinearRing' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.87 Group "eop:metaDataProperty" in "EOP_METADATA"

This group contains all the metadata relative to the Eath observation product that do not fit inside one of the other groups, i.e. metadata that do not describe the time, the mechanism, the location or the result of the observation.

These metadata are mainly the EarthObservation identifier, the acquisition type and information relative to the downlink and archiving centers.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/eop:metaDataProperty

Group attributes attached to eop:metaDataProperty		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'eop:EarthObservationMetaData' (static)	NC_STRING
eop:acquisitionType	'NOMINAL' (dynamic)	NC_STRING

Used to distinguish at a high level the appropriateness of the acquisition for "general" use, whether the product is a nominal acquisition, special calibration product or other. Copy from L1b. For Level 2 this should *always* be 'NOMINAL'.

eop:identifier	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Logical file name.		
eop:doi	'%(product_doi)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Digital Object Identifier identify	ving the product (see http://www.datacite.org for I	OOIs for datasets).
eop:parentldentifier	'urn:ogc:def:EOP:ESA:SENTINEL.S5P_TROP %(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Unique collection identifier for discussion of the value.	metadata file, see the Level 1B metadata specification [F	RD39, table 5] for a
This is a copy of the "gmd:filel	dentifier" attribute in the "/METADATA/ISO_METADATA" ${f g}$	jroup.
eop:productType	'S5P_%(mode)s_%(product)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Product type identifier. Replace %(mode)s with the operational mode the processor is running in ('NRTI', 'OFFL' or 'RPRO', as per [RD25]) and %(product)s with the 10 character output file name semantic descriptors as given in [RD46, RD47, RD48].		
eop:status	'ACQUIRED' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
•	s listed in the standard: 'ARCHIVED', 'ACQUIRED', 'CANG EJECTED', 'QUALITY-DEGRADED'. Copied from L1B.	DELLED', 'FAILED',
eop:productQualityStatus	'NOMINAL' (dynamic)	NC STRING

eop:productQualityDegradationTagT APPLICABLE' (dynamic)

NC_STRING

Contains further textual information concerning the quality degradation. According to the metadata standards it shall be provided *only* if "eop:productQualityStatus" value is set to 'DEGRADED'. Because the way we generate out output files, this attribute will always be present, even when "eop:productQualityStatus" value is 'NOMINAL'. In those cases the value shall be set to "NOT APPLICABLE".

Indicator that specifies whether the product quality is degraded or not. Allowed values: 'DEGRADED',

Possible values are "MISSING AUXILIARY INPUT" and "NOT APPLICABLE". Note that Level 1B does not set this value, so only problems detectable in the processor are covered.

10.2.3.88 Group "eop:processing" in "eop:metaDataProperty"

Processing information.

'NOMINAL'.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/EOP_METADATA/eop:metaDataProperty/eop:processing

Group attributes attached to eop:processing			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'eop:ProcessingInformation' (static)	NC_STRING	
eop:processingCenter	'%(processingcenter)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
The processing center, taken from	om the "Processing_Station" key in the joborder.		
eop:processingDate	'YYYY-mm-ddTHH:MM:SSZ' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
The processing date, as an ISC	8601 date-time string [RD40].		
eop:processingLevel	'L2' (static)	NC_STRING	
These are all Level 2 products.			
eop:processorName	'%(processor_name)s' (static)	NC_STRING	
The name of the processor, "tr	opnll2dp.exe" for KNMI and "upas-12" for DLR.		
eop:processorVersion	'%(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Version of the processor, as "m	ajor.minor.bugfix".		
eop:nativeProductFormat	'netCDF-4' (static)	NC_STRING	
Native product format.			
eop:processingMode	'%(mode)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Processing mode taken from mission specific code list. For S5P we use the <i>File Class</i> identifiers [RD25, section 4.1.2]: 'TEST', 'OGCA', 'GSOV', 'OPER', 'NRTI', 'OFFL', 'RPRO'.			

10.2.3.89 Group "ESA_METADATA" in "ESA_metadata"

Metadata defined in the ESA file format standard [RD33].

10.2.3.90 Group "earth_explorer_header" in "ESA_METADATA"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header

Group attributes attached to earth_explorer_header			
Name	Value	Туре	
objectType	'Earth_Explorer_Header' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.91 Group "fixed_header" in "earth_explorer_header"

The fixed header. We do not use a variable header, so only the fixed header is present.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/fixed_header

Group attributes attached	d to fixed_header	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Fixed_Header' (static)	NC_STRING
File_Name	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The logical file name, i.e.	the file name without extension.	
File_Description		NC_STRING
This is a copy of the glob	al "title" attribute.	
Notes		NC_STRING
This is a copy of the glob	al "comment" attribute.	
Mission	'S5P' (static)	NC_STRING
The mission identifier for	the Sentinel 5-precursor mission is "S5P".	
File_Class	'%(mode)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The file class of the output section 4.1.2].	it. Values are taken from the tailoring of the EO file forn	nat tailoring for S5P [RD25,
File_Type	'%(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Following the EO file form	nat tailoring for S5P [RD25, sections 4.1.3.1 and 4.1.3	.2].
File_Version	0 (dynamic)	NC_INT
The file version information is not part of the file name conventions for S5P. If a file version number is to be recorded in this attribute, then it has to be provided by the PDGS via the job order. If provided, then the value is ≥ 1 . If not provided the fill value is 0.		

10.2.3.92 Group "validity_period" in "fixed_header"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/fixed_header/validity_period

Group attributes att	tached to validity_period	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Validity_Period' (static)	NC_STRING
Validity_Start		NC_STRING
	tring "UTC=" concatenated with the time_coverage_ds to the "Validity_Start" element in the "Validity_Period" X	
Validity_Stop		NC_STRING
The value is the string "UTC=" concatenated with the time_coverage_end global attribute. This attribute corresponds to the "Validity_Stop" element in the "Validity_Period" XML structure in the header file.		

10.2.3.93 Group "source" in "fixed_header"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/fixed_header/source

Group attributes attache	ed to source	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Source' (static)	NC_STRING
System	'%(processingcenter)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
	gment element creating the file. For Level 2 files, the used. This attribute corresponds to the "System" ile.	
Creator	'%(processor_name)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Name of the facility or tool, within the Ground Segment element, creating the file. This attribute corresponds to the "Creator" element in the "Source" XML structure in the header file.		
Creator_Version	'%(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Version number of the to in the "Source" XML stru	ool that created the file. This attribute corresponds to ucture in the header file.	the "Creator_Version" element
Creation_Date		NC_STRING
The start date and time	of processing, as a string: "UTC=YYYY-MM-DDThh	:mm:ss". This attribute corres-

10.2.3.94 Group "variable_header" in "earth_explorer_header"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header

ponds to the "Creator_Date" element in the "Source" XML structure in the header file.

Group attributes attached to variable_header		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'Variable_Header' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.95 Group "gmd:lineage" in "variable_header"

Non-quantitative quality information about the lineage of the data specified by the scope.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage

Group attributes attached	d to gmd:lineage	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:LI_Lineage' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:statement	'L2 %(product)s dataset produced by %(processingcenter)s from the S5P/TROPOMI L1B product' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
•	e data producer's knowledge about the lineage of a dataset. Insert duct in this string (at the $\%()$ s).	short description

10.2.3.96 Group "gmd:processStep" in "gmd:lineage"

Information about an event or transformation in the life of the dataset including details of the algorithm and software used for processing.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep

Group attributes attac	hed to gmd:processStep	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStep' (static)	NC_STRING

gmd:description	'Processing of L1b to L2 %(product)s data for orbit	NC_STRING
	%(orbit)d using the %(institute)s processor version	
	%(version)s' (dynamic)	

Description of the event, including related parameters or tolerances. Insert short description of the actual Level 2 product, the orbit number, the name of the institude responsible for the CFI and the software version in this string (at the respective %(...)s and %(...)d).

10.2.3.97 Group "gmi:output" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the output.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:output

Group attributes att	Group attributes attached to gmi:output			
Name	Value	Туре		
gmd:description		NC_STRING		
Short description of the output, a copy of the global 'title' attribute.				
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING		

10.2.3.98 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmi:output"

Reference to the actual filename of the output data and production date and time.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes attached to gmd:sourceCitation			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:title	'%(logical_filename)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Output file name without extension.			
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.99 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Production date and time of the output file.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date		NC_STRING	
Production date and time of the output file. Note that the definition in the XML schema appears to allow the use of a "CI_DateTime" instead of a "CI_Date".			
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.100 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType		
Name	Value	Туре

codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.101 Group "gmd:identifier" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Identification of the output product.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:output/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:identifier

Group attributes atta	ched to gmd:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'%(shortname)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
The product short name, a copy of the 'ProductShortName' attribute in '/METADATA/GRANULE_DESCRIPTION'.		
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.102 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmi:output"

Process level of the output file.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:output/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attach	ed to gmi:processedLevel	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'L2' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.103 Group "gmi:processingInformation" in "gmd:processStep"

Description of the processor in more detail.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation

Group attributes attached to gmi:processingInformation		
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_Processing' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.104 Group "gmi:identifier" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Identification of the processor.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:identifier

Group attributes attached to	to gmi:identifier	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	'%(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor, version %(version)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Descriptive name of the pr name, product name and s	rocessor, with the $\%(\dots)$ s placeholders replaced with the responsible release version.	onsible institute's
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.105 Group "gmi:softwareReference" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to document describing processing software.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference

Group attributes attached to	gmi:softwareReference	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:title	'%(processor_name)s processor' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Name of the processor.		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.106 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:softwareReference"

Release date (compile date) of the processor.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date			
Name	Value	Туре	
gmd:date	'%(processor_release_date)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING	
Release date of the processor expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD40].			
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTime' (static)	NC_STRING	

10.2.3.107 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

The release date of the processor.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:softwareReference/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.108 Group "gmi:documentation#1" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the ATBD of the product.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1

Group attributes attach	ed to gmi:documentation#1	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'%(title_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Specification of the cur	rent release of the ATBD of the product.	

10.2.3.109 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#1"

Release date of the ATBD.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStep gmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1/gmd:date

Group attributes attack	hed to gmd:date	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'%(date_atbd)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Release date of the ATBD expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD40].		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.110 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Specify the type of the date of the ATBD (revision of publication).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#1/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType		
Name	Value	Туре
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING
codeListValue	'revision' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.111 Group "gmi:documentation#2" in "gmi:processingInformation"

Reference to the PUM of the product.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2

Group attributes attach	ned to gmi:documentation#2	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:title	'%(title_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Specification of the cur	rent release of the PUM of the product.	

10.2.3.112 Group "gmd:date" in "gmi:documentation#2"

Release date of the PUM.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date		
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:date	'%(date_pum)s' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Release date of the PUM expressed as an ISO 8601 date string [RD40].		
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.113 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Specify the type of the date of the PUM (revision of publication).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:processingInformation/gmi:documentation#2/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType			
Name	Value	Туре	
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING	

codeListValue	'revision' (static)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.114 Group "gmi:report" in "gmd:processStep"

Short report of what occurred during the process step.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmi:report

Group attributes attached to	gmi:report	
Name	Value	Туре
gmi:description	'Sentinel 5-precursor TROPOMI L1b processed to L2 data using the %(institute)s L2 %(product)s processor' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
Textual description of what o	ccurred during the process step. Replace %()s as indicate	ed.
gmi:fileType	'netCDF-4' (static)	NC_STRING
Type of file that contains the processing report, in our case the processing report is contained in the main output file.		
gmi:name	'%(logical_filename)s.nc' (dynamic)	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmi:LE_ProcessStepReport' (dynamic)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.115 Group "gmd:source#1" in "gmd:processStep"

Information about the source data used in creating the data specified by the scope. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the source (after the # mark).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmd:source#1

Group attributes attache	ed to gmd:source#1	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmi:LE_Source' (static)	NC_STRING
gmd:description		NC_STRING

Description of the input data, including L1B, L2, dynamic auxiliary input data and semi-static auxiliary input data. Base strings are "TROPOMI L1B %s radiance product", "TROPOMI L1B %s irradiance product", "TROPOMI L2 %s product", "Auxiliary ECMWF %s Meteorological forecast data", "Processor %s configuration file", "Auxiliary %s reference data", "Auxiliary %s algorithm lookup table", "Auxiliary CTM %s model input data", "Auxiliary snow and ice input data" and "Auxiliary NPP/VIIRS cloud screening input data". The %s to be replaced with specific descriptors.

10.2.3.116 Group "gmi:processedLevel" in "gmd:source#1"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmd:source#1/gmi:processedLevel

Group attributes attach	ned to gmi:processedLevel	
Name	Value	Туре
gmd:code	Empty!	NC_STRING
objectType	'gmd:MD_Identifier' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.117 Group "gmd:sourceCitation" in "gmd:source#1"

Reference to the actual filename of the input data.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation

Group attributes atta	ched to gmd:sourceCitation	
Name	Value	Туре
objectType	'gmd:CI_Citation' (static)	NC_STRING

10.2.3.118 Group "gmd:date" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date

Group attributes attached to gmd:date				
Name	Value	Туре		
gmd:date		NC_STRING		
Production date and time of the input file(s) in this group expressed as an ISO 8601 date-time string [RD40]. Note that the definition in the XML schema appears to allow the use of a "CI_DateTime" instead of a "CI_Date".				
objectType	'gmd:CI_Date' (static)	NC_STRING		

10.2.3.119 Group "gmd:dateType" in "gmd:date"

Meaning of the reference date for the cited resource.

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:date/gmd:dateType

Group attributes attached to gmd:dateType				
Name	Value	Туре		
codeList	'http://www.isotc211.org/2005/resources/Codelist/ gmxCodelists.xml#CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING		
codeListValue	'creation' (static)	NC_STRING		
objectType	'gmd:CI_DateTypeCode' (static)	NC_STRING		

10.2.3.120 Group "gmd:title" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:title

Group attributes attached to gmd:title				
Name	Value	Туре		
gco:characterStri	ing	NC_STRING		
Textual description of the input file group (same as the "gmd:description" attribute in the "gmi:LESource" object).				

10.2.3.121 Group "gmd:alternateTitle#1" in "gmd:sourceCitation"

All filenames in this group, in case more files of a particular file type are delivered, for instance for meteorological or model input. Repeat group as needed, incrementing the number of the input file (after the # mark).

Attributes in NO2/METADATA/ESA_METADATA/earth_explorer_header/variable_header/gmd:lineage/gmd:processStepgmd:source#1/gmd:sourceCitation/gmd:alternateTitle#1

Group attributes attached to gmd:alternateTitle#1				
Name	Value	Туре		
gmx:FileName	Empty!	NC_STRING		
The basename of the inp	out file.			

11 Units

The units attribute originates from the NetCDF-4 users guide [ER7]. This means that the use of this attribute is integral to the use of NetCDF-4 itself, and that the use of the units attribute in the NetCDF-4 users guide is a hard requirement. The NetCDF-4 users guide [ER7] strongly suggests to use the UDUnits [ER10] package to handle units. The CF metadata conventions reinforce this requirement [ER5, sections 1.3 and 3.1].

Making the UDUnits package [ER10] a requirement, and thereby forcing all units to be compliant with formal SI units 3 is a good thing for consistency and will help avoid confusion in the long run. In the short term it will require adjustments within the earth observation community, as many of the units that the user community is accustomed to are not SI, and are therefore not available within the UDUnits package. The MAG has decided that Sentinel 5 precursor will represent all level 2 output in SI units. In particular, all column amounts will be given in mol m $^{-2}$.

To make it easier for end-users to adjust to these 'new' units, conversion factors are attached to the appropriate variables.

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_molecules_percm2 Multiply the contents of the variable with this scale factor $(6.02214 \times 10^{+19})$ to obtain columns in molecules cm⁻²

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_DU Multiply the contents of the variable with this scale factor (2241.15) to obtain columns in DU.

multiplication_factor_to_convert_to_photons_persecond_pernm_percm2_persr Multiply the contents of the variable with this scale factor $(6.02214 \times 10^{+19})$ to obtain a radiance in photons s⁻¹ nm⁻¹ cm⁻² sr⁻¹.

12 Quality Assurance parameters

The Level 2 output will include automated quality assurance parameters. These include 'event counters' for each of the flags defined in the processing quality flags, see tables 15 and 16. These processing quality flags are made uniform across all products, and include flags that may not be applicable to a particular algorithm. We still count all flags, so this list is the same for all products, a list is provided in table 8.

In addition to these 'event counters', we also store a histogram of the main parameters. Storing a histogram of retrieved values is easy during processing, and allows for continuous statistical quality monitoring of the retrieval. It also makes it easy to collect histograms of S5P/TROPOMI data for longer periods. The bins for the histogram depend on the parameter in the Level 2 product, and are defined in the configuration file.

In addition to the histogram an approximation of a probability density function can be created:

$$f_{\text{pdf}}(x_j) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N} \frac{\cos\left(\delta_{\text{geo},i}\right)}{\sigma_i \sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left[\frac{(x_j - x_i)^2}{2\sigma_i^2}\right]$$
(12)

This is a discrete approximation of a continuous probability density function, for discrete values x_j for all successful retrievals $i=1,\ldots,N$. The value of $\cos\left(\delta_{\text{geo},i}\right)$ is used to make the result less sensitive to the relative oversampling of S5P at high latitude.

The mission performance center for Sentinel 5 precursor maintains a record of quality control/quality assurance parameters for monitoring purposes.

³ And some deeply entrenched non-SI units such as DU.

Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. The actual integer values of incident occurrences are stored. Using percentages stored as integers will hide potential issues, especially given the total number of pixels in a S5P/TROPOMI granule.

Name	Description
number_of_groundpixels	Number of ground pixels in the file.
number_of_processed_pixels	Number of ground pixels where a retrieval was attempted. This is the number_of_groundpixels minus the pixels that were rejected on trivial grounds, such as the solar zenith angle.
number_of_successfully_processed_pixels	Number of ground pixels where a retrieval was successful.
number_of_rejected_pixels_not_enough_spectrum	Number of ground pixels where a retrieval was not attempted because too many spectral pixels were flagged as bad.
number_of_failed_retrievals	Number of pixels that were attempted but failed.
number_of_ground_pixels_with_warnings	Number of pixels with one or more warnings.
number_of_missing_scanlines	Number of scanlines that are missing from the input, presumably transmission errors.
number_of_radiance_missing_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the number of spectral pixels in the radiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting" occurred.
number_of_irradiance_missing_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the number of spectral pixels in the irradiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting" occurred.
number_of_input_spectrum_missing_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the reflectance spectrum does not contain enough points to perform the retrieval. This is different from (ir)radiance_missing in that the missing points may not be aligned" occurred.
number_of_reflectance_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "any of the reflectances is out of bounds $(R < 0 \text{ or } R > R_{\text{max}})$ " occurred.
number_of_ler_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "lambert-equivalent reflectivity out of range error" occurred.
number_of_snr_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "too low signal to noise to perform retrieval" occurred.
number_of_sza_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "solar zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration" occurred.
number_of_vza_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "viewing zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration" occurred.
number_of_lut_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "extrapolation in lookup table (airmass factor,

cloud radiances)" occurred.

element crosses boundary twice in succession. Note that a separate failure flag is defined for non-convergence due to crossing of lower AOT boundary"

Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. (continued).

Name	Description			
number_of_ozone_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "ozone column significantly out of range of profile climatology" occurred.			
number_of_wavelength_offset_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "wavelength offset exceeds maximum from configuration" occurred.			
number_of_initialization_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "an error occurred during the processing of the pixel, no output was generated. The following errors raise this flag: Mismatch between irradiance and radiance wavelengths; The on-ground distance between band 1 and band 2 ground pixels exceeds a threshold set in the configuration. Derived a-priori information does not validate, no processing is possible" occurred.			
number_of_memory_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "memory allocation or deallocation error" occurred.			
number_of_assertion_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "error in algorithm detected during assertion" occurred.			
number_of_io_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "error detected during transfer of data between algorithm and framework" occurred.			
number_of_numerical_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "general fatal numerical error occurred during inversion" occurred.			
number_of_lut_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "error in accessing the lookup table" occurred.			
number_of_ISRF_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "error detected in the input instrument spectral response function input data" occurred.			
number_of_convergence_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the main algorithm did not converge" occurred.			
number_of_cloud_filter_convergence_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the cloud filter did not converge" occurred.			
number_of_max_iteration_convergence_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "no convergence because retrieval exceeds maximum number of iterations. Maximum value from configuration" occurred.			
number_of_aot_lower_boundary_convergence_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "no convergence because the aerosol optical thickness crosses lower boundary twice in succession" occurred.			
number_of_other_boundary_convergence_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "no convergence because a state vector			

occurred.

 Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. (continued).

Name	Description		
number_of_geolocation_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "geolocation out of range" occurred.		
number_of_ch4_noscat_zero_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the CH ₄ column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0" occurred.		
number_of_h2o_noscat_zero_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the H_2O column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0" occurred.		
number_of_max_optical_thickness_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "maximum optical thickness exceeded during iterations" occurred.		
number_of_aerosol_boundary_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "boundary hit of aerosol parameters at last iteration" occurred.		
number_of_boundary_hit_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "fatal boundary hit during iterations" occurred.		
number_of_chi2_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where " χ^2 is not-a-number or larger than 10^{10} " occurred.		
number_of_svd_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "singular value decomposition failure" occurred.		
number_of_dfs_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "degree of freedom is not-a-number" occurred.		
number_of_radiative_transfer_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "errors occurred during the radiative transfer computations, no processing possible" occurred.		
number_of_optimal_estimation_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "errors occurred during the optimal estimation, processing has been terminated" occurred.		
number_of_profile_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "flag that indicates if there were any errors during the computation of the ozone profile" occurred.		
number_of_cloud_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "no cloud data" occurred.		
number_of_model_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "forward model failure" occurred.		
<pre>number_of_number_of_input_data_points_too_low_error_occurrences</pre>	Number of ground pixels where "not enough input ozone columns to calculate a tropospheric column" occurred.		
number_of_cloud_pressure_spread_too_low_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "cloud pressure variability to low to estimate a tropospheric column" occurred.		
number_of_cloud_too_low_level_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "clouds are too low in the atmosphere to assume sufficient shielding" occurred.		
number_of_generic_range_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "generic range error" occurred.		
number_of_generic_exception_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "catch all generic error" occurred.		

 Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. (continued).

Name	Description
number_of_input_spectrum_alignment_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "input radiance and irradiance spectra are not aligned correctly" occurred.
number_of_abort_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "not processed because processor aborted prematurely (time out or user abort)" occurred.
number_of_wrong_input_type_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "wrong input type error, mismatch between expectation and received data" occurred.
number_of_wavelength_calibration_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "an error occurred in the wavelength calibration of this pixel" occurred.
number_of_coregistration_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "no colocated pixels found in a supporting band" occurred.
number_of_slant_column_density_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "slant column fit returned error, no values can be computed" occurred.
number_of_airmass_factor_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "airmass factor could not be computed" occurred.
number_of_vertical_column_density_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "vertical column density could not be computed" occurred.
number_of_signal_to_noise_ratio_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the signal to noise ratio for this spectrum is too low for processing" occurred.
number_of_configuration_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "error while parsing the configuration" occurred.
number_of_key_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "key does not exist" occurred.
number_of_saturation_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "saturation in input spectrum" occurred.
number_of_max_num_outlier_exceeded_error_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the number of outliers detected in the DOAS fit exceeds a maximum set for healthy spectra." occurred.
number_of_solar_eclipse_filter_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "solar eclipse" occurred.
number_of_cloud_filter_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the cloud filter triggered causing the pixel to be skipped" occurred.
number_of_altitude_consistency_filter_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "too large difference between ECMWF altitude and DEM altitude value" occurred.
number_of_altitude_roughness_filter_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "too large standard deviation of altitude in DEM" occurred.

Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. (continued).

Name
number_of_sun_glint_filter_occurrences
number_of_mixed_surface_type_filter_occurrences
number_of_snow_ice_filter_occurrences
number_of_aai_filter_occurrences
number_of_cloud_fraction_fresco_filter_occurrences
number_of_aai_scene_albedo_filter_occurrences
number_of_small_pixel_radiance_std_filter_occurrences
number_of_cloud_fraction_viirs_filter_occurrences
number_of_cirrus_reflectance_viirs_filter_occurrences
number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ifov_filter_occurrences
number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ofova_filter_occurrences
number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ofovb_filter_occurrences
number_of_cf_viirs_swir_ofovc_filter_occurrences

number of cf viirs nir ifov filter occurrences

Description

Number of ground pixels where "for pixels over water, viewing direction inside sun glint region. Definition of sun glint angle and threshold value from ATBD" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "pixel contains land and water areas (e.g. coastal pixel)" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "pixel contains snow/ice: Snow/ice flag according to dynamic input OR climatological surface albedo at VIS wavelength is larger than 0.5" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "AAI smaller than 2.0" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "pixel contains clouds: The FRESCO effective cloud fraction is larger than threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "pixel contains clouds: The difference between scene albedo at 380 nm from AAI calculation and the climatological surface albedo exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD. This test filters out clouds" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "pixel contains clouds: Standard deviation of radiances in small-pixel column exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "pixel contains clouds: The cloud fraction from VIIRS / NPP exceeds the shold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "pixel contains clouds: Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS / NPP exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. (continued).

Name						
number	of	сf	wiire	nir	ofova	fil:

number of cf viirs nir ofova filter occurrences number of cf viirs nir ofovb filter occurrences number of cf viirs nir ofovc filter occurrences number of refl cirrus viirs swir filter occurrences number of refl_cirrus_viirs_nir_filter_occurrences number of diff refl cirrus viirs filter occurrences number of ch4 noscat ratio filter occurrences number of ch4 noscat ratio std filter occurrences number of h2o noscat ratio filter occurrences number of h2o noscat ratio std filter occurrences number of diff psurf fresco_ecmwf filter occurrences number_of_psurf_fresco_stdv_filter_occurrences number_of_ocean_filter_occurrences

Description

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P NIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "difference in VIIRS average cirrus reflectance between SWIR and NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "the ratio between $[CH_4]_{weak}$ and $[CH_4]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "the standard deviation of [CH $_4$] $_{weak}$ /[CH $_4$] $_{strong}$ within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neighbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "the ratio between $[H_2O]_{weak}$ and $[H_2O]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "the standard deviation of $[H_2O]_{weak}/[H_2O]_{strong}$ within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neigbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "difference between the FRESCO apparent surface pressure and the ECMWF surface pressure exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "the standard deviation of the FRESCO apparent surface pressure in the NIR pixel and the 8 surrounding pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration" occurred.

Number of ground pixels where "the ground pixel is over ocean (and ocean glint retrievals are not switched on)" occurred.

 Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. (continued).

Name	Description
number_of_time_range_filter_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "time is out of the range that is to be processed" occurred.
number_of_pixel_or_scanline_index_filter_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "not processed because pixel index does not match general selection criteria" occurred.
number_of_geographic_region_filter_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "pixel falls outside the specified regions of interest" occurred.
number_of_input_spectrum_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "number of good pixels in radiance, irradiance or calculated reflectance below threshold from configuration" occurred.
number_of_wavelength_calibration_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "offset from wavelength fit is larger than limit set in configuration" occurred.
number_of_extrapolation_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "pressure or temperature outside cross section LUT range, other lookup table extrapolation" occurred.
number_of_sun_glint_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "sun glint posibility warning" occurred.
number_of_south_atlantic_anomaly_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "TROPOMI is inside the south Atlantic anomaly while taking these measurements" occurred.
number_of_sun_glint_correction_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "A sun glint correction has been applied" occurred.
number_of_snow_ice_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "snow/ice flag is set, i.e. using scene data from the cloud support product" occurred.
number_of_cloud_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "cloud filter based on FRESCO apparent surface pressure (VIIRS not available), cloud fraction above threshold or cloud pressure adjusted to force cloud above surface. In case of Cloud product this flag indicates the possiblity of ice-clouds" occurred.
number_of_AAI_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "possible aerosol contamination as either indicated by the AAI (O ₃ profile) or other criteria (Cloud)" occurred.
<pre>number_of_pixel_level_input_data_missing_occurrences</pre>	Number of ground pixels where "dynamic auxiliary input data (e.g., cloud) is missing for this ground pixel. A fallback option is used" occurred.

 Table 8: Common quality assurance parameters. (continued).

Name	Description
number_of_data_range_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "carbon monoxide column tends to negative values; Water column tends to negative values; Heavy water (HDO) column tends to negative values; others. In case of the O ₃ product this flag indicates VCD or effective albedo values outside a valid range. In case of the SO ₂ or the HCHO product this flag indicates AMF values outside a valid range" occurred.
number_of_low_cloud_fraction_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "low cloud fraction, therefore no cloud pressure retrieved" occurred.
<pre>number_of_altitude_consistency_warning_occurrences</pre>	Number of ground pixels where "difference between ECMWF surface elevation and high-resolution surface elevation exceeds threshold from configuration" occurred.
<pre>number_of_signal_to_noise_ratio_warning_occurrences</pre>	Number of ground pixels where "signal to noise ratio in SWIR and/or NIR band below threshold from configuration. For the O_3 and HCHO products this flag indicates an RMS above a certain threshold" occurred.
number_of_deconvolution_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "failed deconvolution irradiance spectrum (not pixel-specific, but row-specific)" occurred.
number_of_so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "warning for SO ₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin except for heavily polluted sites" occurred.
<pre>number_of_so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning_occurrences</pre>	Number of ground pixels where "warning for SO_2 BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin certain" occurred.
number_of_interpolation_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "warning for interpolation on partially missing data. In this case the valid available data is used, potentially leading to a bias" occurred.
number_of_saturation_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "saturation occurred spectrum, possibly causing biases in the retrieval" occurred.
number_of_high_sza_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "warning for high solar zenith angle. In this case, the processing can be performed with less final quality" occurred.
number_of_cloud_retrieval_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "warning occurring when the retrieval diagnostic indicates a degraded quality of the cloud retrieval" occurred.
number_of_cloud_inhomogeneity_warning_occurrences	Number of ground pixels where "the cloud coregistration inhomogeneity parameter is above a given threshold" occurred.

13 Generic metadata and attributes

Metadata gives information about the satellite, algorithms, configuration as well as other parameters useful for the interpretation of the processed data and tracing the production process of the level 2 files. The Sentinel 5 precursor product files, both for level 1B and level 2 contain a rich amount of metadata, both at the variable level and at the granule level. The full description of the metadata in the files for the Nitrogendioxide product is given in the file format description, in section 10.2. Here we provide some background on what can be found in which location. The abbreviations listed in table 9 are used in the following part of this document to better identify the nature of the attributes.

Table 9: The abbreviations used in metadata descriptions to indicate the origin of a specific attribute, and the abbreviations used to indicate the type of an attribute.

Abbreviation	Description
NUG	netCDF-4 Users Guide [ER7]
CF	Climate and Forecast metadata conventions [ER5], which includes the COARDS [ER11] conventions
ISO	ISO standards 19115, 19115-2 and 19157 [RD34, RD35, RD36]
Inspire	Inspire directive [ER4]
ACDD	ESIP-ACDD Attribute convention for dataset discovery [ER6]
CCI	Attributes requested by the ESA climate change initiative project. These largely overlap with the ACDD attributes.
ESA	Fixed ESA Header [RD33]
S5P	Internal use – mostly for retrieval settings, possibly as an extension to ISO 19115 [RD34]
S	Attribute is a string attribute
Р	Attribute has the data-type of the variable with which it is associated ('parent' data type).
1	Attribute is an integer value
F	Attribute is a floating point value (either 32-bit or 64-bit).
T	Attribute is a CCSDS-ASCII time representation ("UTC=" + ISO 8601 [RD40])

We follow several metadata conventions in the S5P level 2 files, as can be seen in table 9. These include ISO 19115-2 [RD35], OGC 10.157r3 [RD37], the ESA earth observation header [RD33] and the Climate and Forecast metadata conventions [ER5]. Following ISO 19115-2 also ensures compliance with the Inspire directive, with the provision that a few items that are optional in the ISO standard are required by Inspire. These metadata standards prescribe the generation of XML files as side-files to the main product file. These metadata standards are mostly intended for data discovery and data dissemination. This means that the metadata must be ingested by a server so that it can be stored in a database. This database will end users help to find the data they need. Ingestion of this metadata is facilitated by storing the metadata in a predefined XML format. While it is possible to store the required XML directly in a NetCDF variable or attribute, it is hard to use these directly to extract metadata. Using attributes for the individual metadata fields makes it far easier for users to read the metadata from their programs, as the interface becomes uniform: just netCDF-4.

The then question becomes how to store the metadata for the ISO 19115-2, OGC 10.157r3 and the ESA earth observation header in the NetCDF datafile, in a way that facilitates automated creation of the XML side files for ingestion into the database for dissemination en discovery. Fortunately this problem has already been solved by the S5P L1B team, and a description can be found in the L1B input/output data specification and the metadata specification [RD2, RD39]. The short version is that the attributes in the data file can be exported as NcML [RD49], which can be translated into the desired output using an XSLT transformation. Support attributes are added to the data file to facilitate this. Creating such a transformation script has been declared out of scope for the level 1B and level 2 processor CFI providers.

13.1 The Climate and Forecast conventions

The CF metadata conventions [ER5] provide guidelines for attributes for variables so that the link between data and its geolocation and time of observation can be made automatically. Applying the CF-metadata conventions to the output products already limits the number of choices we will have to make. Units and other attributes are

already defined and some structure is provided by the CF-conventions, for instance in linking data fields with geolocation.

13.2 NetCDF User Guide Conventions

A full description of the conventions might be found in the NetCDF user manual [ER7]]. In general, names starting with underscore character are always reserved for use by the NetCDF library. NUG conventions are a subset of the CF-conventions.

13.3 Global attributes

Global attributes that are present at the root level of a S5p L2 product as described in section 10. These are mostly string attributes.

13.4 ESA earth observation header

The ESA earth observations file format guidelines and tailoring for S5P [RD33, RD25] specify the creation of a header file with a basic description of the contents of an output file. This header file consists of a fixed part and a customizable variable part. The variable part contains the lineage of the product is repeated, see section 10.2.3.43 for a description the the attributes contained in this part of the header. The fixed header is described in tables 10 – 12.

Table 10: Metadata in the fixed header required by the ESA earth observation file format standard. The data types refer to the short list in table 9.

Name	Data type	Definition
File_Name	S	File name of the product without extension.
File_Description	S	Description of the file type.
Notes	S	Any type of notes/comments (multi-lines).
Mission	S	Description of the mission (Fixed to "S5P")
File_Class	S	Description of the file class. It is redundant with the File Class element embedded in the File Name.(e.g., "NRTI")
File_Type	S	Description of the file type, for the current product it is set to "L2Nitrogendioxide". It is redundant with the File Type element embedded in the File Name.
Validity_Period	Group, see table 11	Time coverage of the data.
File_Version	I	It is redundant with the File Version element embedded in the File Name.
Source	Group, see table 12	Information about the ground segment facility where the product was generated.

Table 11: Fields in the Validity_Period group. The data types refer to the short list in table 9.

Name	Data type	Definition
Validity_Start	Т	This is the UTC Validity Start Time, the same as the Validity Start Time in the File Name and the time_coverage_start global attribute.
Validity_Stop	Т	This is the UTC Validity Stop Time, the same as the Validity Stop Time in the File Name and the time_coverage_end global attribute.

Table 12: Fields in the source group. The data types refer to the short list in table 9.

Name	Data type	Definition
System	S	Name of the Ground Segment element creating the file.

Table 12: Fields in the source group (continued).

Name	Data type	Definition
Creator	S	Name of the facility or tool, within the Ground Segment element, creating the file.
Creator_Version	S	Version of the tool.
Creation_Date	Т	This is the UTC Creation Date. This field also appears in the file name and in the date_created global attribute.

13.5 Inspire directive

INSPIRE is based on the infrastructures for spatial information established and operated by the 27 Member States of the European Union. The INSPIRE directive came into force on 15 May 2007 and will be developed in several stages until a complete release with due date set in 2019. The INSPIRE directive aims to create a European Union (EU) spatial data infrastructure. This will enable the sharing of environmental spatial information among public sector organizations and better facilitate public access to spatial information across Europe. The European Commission issued a Metadata Regulation [RD50] which aims at setting the requirements for the creation and maintenance of metadata for spatial data sets, spatial data set series and spatial data services corresponding to the themes listed in the annexes of the regulation.

Since many different standard are involved, collisions may occur. The INSPIRE Metadata Implementing Rules [RD51] define how the Regulation can be implemented using ISO 19115. As also reported in [RD39], the conclusion of the study pointed out the following:

- 1. The conformance of an ISO 19115 metadata set to the ISO 19115 Core does not guarantee the conformance to INSPIRE.
- 2. The use of these guidelines to create INSPIRE metadata ensures that the metadata is not in conflict with ISO 19115. However, full conformance to ISO 19115 implies the provision of additional metadata elements which are not required by INSPIRE.

13.6 ISO and OGC standards

Two ISOs standards useful for the description of collection of Earth Observation products and to the description of individual EO products are ISO 19115-2 [RD35] and ISO 19156 [RD52], respectively. However, these two ISOs do not provide any encoding syntax but they are merely conceptual models. On the other hand, standards that provide encoding and XML schema for describing, validating and exchanging metadata about geographic datasets and for observations and measurements are:

- 1. ISO 19139 [RD44]
- 2. OGC 10-025C [RD53]
- 3. OGC 10-157 [RD37]

Full description of all above mentioned standard is not part of this document. The S5p L01B evelopment team have addressed and analyzed the complex structure of the application of all those ISOs and OGC standard in the S5P L01B metadata specification [RD39].

13.7 Attributes

In Table 14 a list of attributes that can be appended to variables in S5p products. Not all of these attributes will be used on all variables, but for each variables an appropriate selection is made. The different types with their respective abbreviations are shown in Table 9. The NetCDF attribute _FillValue which represents missing or undefined data can assume the default values listed in Table 13.

Table 13: netCDF-4 type definitions and fill values. In order to avoid rounding errors, it is recommended to use the hexadecimal notation when specifying fill values for float and double types. Note that these are the netCDF-4 default fill values, there should be no need to specify these values explicitly. In some cases the fill value for float or double variables may fall within the valid range of a variable. For those cases an explicit fill value must be set, the value $-9.9692099683868690 \times 10^{36}$ (hex: $-0 \times 1.ep+122$) is recommended for these cases.

Туре	Description	Fill value
byte	8-bit signed integer	-127
ubyte	8-bit unsigned integer	255
short	16-bit signed integer	-32767
ushort	16-bit unsigned integer	65535
int	32-bit signed integer	-2147483647
uint	32-bit unsigned integer	4294967295
float	32-bit floating point	$9.9692099683868690 \times 10^{36}$ (hex: $0x1.ep+122$)
double	64-bit floating point	$9.9692099683868690 \times 10^{36}$ (hex: 0x1.ep+122)

Table 14: Attributes for variables used in S5p netCDF-4 files. The data types refer to the short list in table 9.

Name	Type	Std.	Description
ancillary_variables	S	CF	Identifies a variable that contains closely associated data, e.g. the measurement uncertainties of instrument data.
bounds	S	CF	Connects a boundary variable to a coordinate variable.
cell_measures	S	CF	Identifies variables that contain cell areas or volumes. This can be used to connect approximate ground pixel coverage in $\mathrm{km^2}$ to data-fields.
comment	S	CF	Miscellaneous information about the data or methods used to produce it.
coordinates	S	CF	Identifies auxiliary coordinate variables, providing a connection between data and geolocation, time.
_FillValue	Р	NUG	Value to represent missing or undefined data. Recommended (default) values are given in table 13.
flag_masks	Р	CF	Provides a list of bit fields expressing Boolean or enumerated flags.
flag_meanings	S	CF	Use in conjunction with flag_values to provide descriptive words or phrases for each flag value.
flag_values	Р	CF	Provides a list of the flag values. Use in conjunction with flag_meanings.
formula	S	CF	Formula to calculate the values for an adaptive grid, for instance for a dimensionless vertical coordinate. Example: "hyam hybm (mlev=hyam+hybm*aps)".
formula_terms	S	CF	Identifies variables that correspond to the terms in a formula, for instance for a dimensionless vertical coordinate. Example: "ap: hyam b: hybm ps: aps"
institution	S	CF	Specifies where the original data was produced.
long_name	S	CF	A descriptive name that indicates a variable's content. This name is not standardized.
positive	S	CF	Direction of increasing vertical coordinate value ('up' for z in m or 'down' for p in hPa).
references	S	CF	References that describe the data or methods used to produce it.
source	S	CF	Method of production of the original data.

Table 14: Attributes for variables used in S5p netCDF-4 files (continued).

Name	Type	Std.	Description
standard_error_multiplier	F	CF	If a data variable with a standard_name modifier of standarderror has this attribute, it indicates that the values are the stated multiple of one standard error. The only allowed value for S5p files is 1, used only to disambiguate.
standard_name	S	CF	A standard name that references a description of a variable's content in the standard name table.
units	S	CF	Units of a variable's content. See section 11 for a detailed discussion.
valid_max	Р	NUG	Largest valid value of a variable.
valid_min	Р	NUG	Smallest valid value of a variable.
valid_range	P[2]	NUG	Smallest and largest valid values of a variable. This attribute should not be combined with either valid_min or valid_max

A Flag descriptions

The following tables describe the Measurement flags, Processing quality flags (processing failures and filter conditions, errors and warnings) and surface classifications.

Table 15: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2. Warnings are listed in table 16. The value in the first column is the result of a bitwise 'and' of 255 (0xFF) and the value in the "processing_quality_flags" variable.

#	Short name Description		Algorithm
0	success	No failures, output contains value. Warnings still possible.	All
1	radiance_missing	The number of spectral pixels in the radiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting.	All
2	irradiance_missing	The number of spectral pixels in the irradiance due to flagging is too small to perform the fitting.	All
3	input_spectrum_missing	The reflectance spectrum does not contain enough points to perform the retrieval. This is different from (ir)radiance_missing in that the missing points may not be aligned.	All
4	reflectance_range_error	Any of the reflectances is out of bounds ($R < 0$ or $R > R_{max}$).	FRESCO
5	ler_range_error	Lambert-equivalent reflectivity out of range error.	CO, CH ₄
6	snr_range_error	Too low signal to noise to perform retrieval.	CO
7	sza_range_error	Solar zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration.	All
8	vza_range_error	Viewing zenith angle out of range, maximum value from configuration.	Development phase only
9	lut_range_error	Extrapolation in lookup table (airmass factor, cloud radiances).	NO ₂
10	ozone_range_error	Ozone column significantly out of range of profile climatology.	Total O ₃ column
11	wavelength_offset_error	Wavelength offset exceeds maximum from configuration.	FRESCO, NO ₂
12	initialization_error	An error occurred during the processing of the pixel, no output was generated. The following errors raise this flag: Mismatch between irradiance and radiance wavelengths; The on-ground distance between band 1 and band 2 ground pixels exceeds a threshold set in the configuration. Derived a-priori information does not validate, no processing is possible.	All
13	memory_error	Memory allocation or deallocation error.	CO, CH ₄
14	assertion_error	Error in algorithm detected during assertion.	CO
15	io_error	Error detected during transfer of data between algorithm and framework.	CO, ALH, CH ₄ , O ₃ profile
16	numerical_error	General fatal numerical error occurred during inversion.	CO, FRESCO
17	lut_error	Error in accessing the lookup table.	CH ₄
18	ISRF_error	Error detected in the input instrument spectral response function input data.	CH ₄
19	convergence_error	The main algorithm did not converge.	All
20	cloud_filter_convergence_error	The cloud filter did not converge.	CO

Table 15: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
21	max_iteration_convergence_error	No convergence because retrieval exceeds maximum number of iterations. Maximum value from configuration.	ALH
22	aot_lower_boundary_convergence_error	No convergence because the aerosol optical thickness crosses lower boundary twice in succession.	ALH
23	other_boundary_convergence_error	No convergence because a state vector element crosses boundary twice in succession. Note that a separate failure flag is defined for non-convergence due to crossing of lower AOT boundary.	ALH
25	ch4_noscat_zero_error	The CH_4 column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0.	CH₄
26	h2o_noscat_zero_error	The $\rm H_2O$ column retrieved by the non-scattering CO algorithm from the weak band or strong band is 0.	CH₄
27	max_optical_thickness_error	Maximum optical thickness exceeded during iterations.	CH₄
28	aerosol_boundary_error	Boundary hit of aerosol parameters at last iteration.	CH ₄
29	boundary_hit_error	Fatal boundary hit during iterations.	CH₄
30	chi2_error	χ^2 is not-a-number or larger than 10^{10} .	CH ₄
31	svd_error	Singular value decomposition failure.	CH ₄
32	dfs_error	Degree of freedom is not-a-number.	CH ₄
33	radiative_transfer_error	Errors occurred during the radiative transfer computations, no processing possible.	O ₃ profile
34	optimal_estimation_error	Errors occurred during the optimal estimation, processing has been terminated.	O ₃ profile
35	profile_error	Flag that indicates if there were any errors during the computation of the ozone profile.	O ₃ profile
36	cloud_error	No cloud data.	Cloud
37	model_error	Forward model failure.	Cloud, Total O ₃ column
38	number_of_input_data_points_too_low_error	Not enough input ozone columns to calculate a tropospheric column.	Tropospheric O ₃ column
39	cloud_pressure_spread_too_low_error	Cloud pressure variability to low to estimate a tropospheric column.	Tropospheric O ₃ column
40	cloud_too_low_level_error	Clouds are too low in the atmosphere to assume sufficient shielding.	Tropospheric O ₃ column
41	generic_range_error	Generic range error.	All
42	generic_exception	Catch all generic error.	All
43	input_spectrum_alignment_error	Input radiance and irradiance spectra are not aligned correctly.	All
44	abort_error	Not processed because processor aborted prematurely (time out or user abort)	All

 Table 15: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
45	wrong_input_type_error	Wrong input type error, mismatch between expectation and received data.	All
46	wavelength_calibration_error	An error occurred in the wavelength calibration of this pixel	All
47	coregistration_error	No colocated pixels found in a supporting band	All
51	signal_to_noise_ratio_error	The signal to noise ratio for this spectrum is too low for processing	All
52	configuration_error	Error while parsing the configuration	All
53	key_error	Key does not exist	All
54	saturation_error	Saturation in input spectrum	All
55	max_num_outlier_exceeded_error	The number of outliers detected in the DOAS fit exceeds a maximum set for healthy spectra.	NO ₂
64	solar_eclipse_filter	Solar eclipse.	All
65	cloud_filter	The cloud filter triggered causing the pixel to be skipped.	CO, ALH, CH ₄
66	altitude_consistency_filter	Too large difference between ECMWF altitude and DEM altitude value.	CO, CH ₄
67	altitude_roughness_filter	Too large standard deviation of altitude in DEM.	CO, ALH, CH ₄
68	sun_glint_filter	For pixels over water, viewing direction inside sun glint region. Definition of sun glint angle and threshold value from ATBD.	ALH
69	mixed_surface_type_filter	Pixel contains land and water areas (e.g. coastal pixel).	ALH
70	snow_ice_filter	Pixel contains snow/ice: Snow/ice flag according to dynamic input OR climatological surface albedo at VIS wavelength is larger than 0.5.	ALH
71	aai_filter	AAI smaller than 2.0.	ALH
72	cloud_fraction_fresco_filter	Pixel contains clouds: The FRESCO effective cloud fraction is larger than threshold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH
73	aai_scene_albedo_filter	Pixel contains clouds: The difference between scene albedo at 380 nm from AAI calculation and the climatological surface albedo exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD. This test filters out clouds.	ALH
74	small_pixel_radiance_std_filter	Pixel contains clouds: Standard deviation of radiances in small-pixel column exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH, CH ₄
75	cloud_fraction_viirs_filter	Pixel contains clouds: The cloud fraction from VIIRS / NPP exceeds the shold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH
76	cirrus_reflectance_viirs_filter	Pixel contains clouds: Cirrus reflectance from VIIRS / NPP exceeds threshold. Threshold value from ATBD.	ALH

Table 15: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
77	cf_viirs_swir_ifov_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels wihtin S5P SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
78	cf_viirs_swir_ofova_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
79	cf_viirs_swir_ofovb_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
80	cf_viirs_swir_ofovc_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P SWIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
81	cf_viirs_nir_ifov_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
82	cf_viirs_nir_ofova_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVa exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
83	cf_viirs_nir_ofovb_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVb exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
84	cf_viirs_nir_ofovc_filter	Fraction of cloudy VIIRS pixels within S5P NIR OFOVc exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
85	refl_cirrus_viirs_swir_filter	Average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within SWIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
86	refl_cirrus_viirs_nir_filter	Average VIIRS cirrus reflectance within NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
87	diff_refl_cirrus_viirs_filter	Difference in VIIRS average cirrus reflectance between SWIR and NIR ground pixel exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
88	ch4_noscat_ratio_filter	The ratio between $[CH_4]_{weak}$ and $[CH_4]_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration.	CH₄
89	ch4_noscat_ratio_std_filter	The standard deviation of $[CH_4]_{weak}/[CH_4]_{strong}$ within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neighbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
90	h2o_noscat_ratio_filter	The ratio between [H ₂ O] $_{weak}$ and [H ₂ O] $_{strong}$ is below or exceeds a priori thresholds from configuration.	CH₄
91	h2o_noscat_ratio_std_filter	The standard deviation of $[H_2O]_{weak}/[H_2O]_{strong}$ within the SWIR pixel and the 8 neigbouring pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄

Table 15: Processing quality flags, errors, processing failures and filter conditions for S5P Level 2 (continued).

#	Short name	Description	Algorithm
92	diff_psurf_fresco_ecmwf_filter	Difference between the FRESCO apparent surface pressure and the ECMWF surface pressure exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
93	psurf_fresco_stdv_filter	The standard deviation of the FRESCO apparent surface pressure in the NIR pixel and the 8 surrounding pixels exceeds a priori threshold from configuration.	CH₄
94	ocean_filter	The ground pixel is over ocean (and ocean glint retrievals are not switched on).	CH ₄
95	time_range_filter	Time is out of the range that is to be processed.	All
96	pixel_or_scanline_index_filter	Not processed because pixel index does not match general selection criteria.	All
97	geographic_region_filter	Pixel falls outside the specified regions of interest.	All

Table 16: Processing quality flags, warnings for S5P Level 2. Errors, processing failures and filter conditions are listed in table 15. If a bitwise 'and' of the mask value and the value in the "processing_quality_flags" variable is not zero, then the warning applies to the specific retrieval.

Bit#	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description	Algorithm	
0–7	0x000000FF	error	If non-zero an error has occurred when processing the pixel, see table 15 for details.	All	
8	0x00000100	input_spectrum_warning	Number of good pixels in radiance, irradiance or calculated reflectance below threshold from configuration.	All	
9	0x00000200	wavelength_calibration_warning	Offset from wavelength fit is larger than limit set in configuration.	Most	
10	0x00000400	extrapolation_warning	Pressure or temperature outside cross section LUT range, other lookup table extrapolation.	CO, CH ₄	
11	0x00000800	sun_glint_warning	Sun glint posibility warning.	All	
12	0x00001000	south_atlantic_anomaly_warning	TROPOMI is inside the south Atlantic anomaly while taking these measurements.	All	
13	0x00002000	sun_glint_correction	A sun glint correction has been applied.	Cloud	
14	0x00004000	snow_ice_warning	Snow/ice flag is set, i.e. using scene data from the cloud support product.	NO ₂	
15	0x00008000	cloud_warning	Cloud filter based on FRESCO apparent surface pressure (VIIRS not available), cloud fraction above threshold or cloud pressure adjusted to force cloud above surface. In case of Cloud product this flag indicates the possiblity of ice-clouds.		Page 139 of 142
16	0x00010000	AAI_warning	Possible aerosol contamination as either indicated by the AAI (${\rm O}_3$ profile) or other criteria (Cloud).	O ₃ profile, Cloud	142

Bit#	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description	Algorithm
17	0x00020000	pixel_level_input_data_missing	Dynamic auxiliary input data (e.g., cloud) is missing for this ground pixel. A fallback option is used.	All
18	0x00040000	data_range_warning	Carbon monoxide column tends to negative values; Water column tends to negative values; Heavy water (HDO) column tends to negative values; others. In case of the O_3 product this flag indicates VCD or effective albedo values outside a valid range. In case of the SO_2 or the HCHO product this flag indicates AMF values outside a valid range.	CO, CH ₄ , O ₃ , SO ₂ , HC
19	0x00080000	low_cloud_fraction_warning	Low cloud fraction, therefore no cloud pressure retrieved.	Cloud
20	0x00100000	altitude_consistency_warning	Difference between ECMWF surface elevation and high-resolution surface elevation exceeds threshold from configuration.	CH ₄
21	0x00200000	signal_to_noise_ratio_warning	Signal to noise ratio in SWIR and/or NIR band below threshold from configuration. For the O_3 and HCHO products this flag indicates an RMS above a certain threshold.	CH ₄ , O ₃ , HCHO
22	0x00400000	deconvolution_warning	Failed deconvolution irradiance spectrum (not pixel-specific, but row-specific).	CO, CH ₄
23	0x00800000	so2_volcanic_origin_likely_warning	Warning for SO ₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin except for heavily polluted sites.	SO ₂
24	0x01000000	so2_volcanic_origin_certain_warning	Warning for SO ₂ BL product, UTLS products: volcanic origin certain.	SO ₂
25	0x02000000	interpolation_warning	Warning for interpolation on partially missing data. In this case the valid available data is used, potentially leading to a bias.	All
26	0x04000000	saturation_warning	Saturation occurred spectrum, possibly causing biases in the retrieval	All
27	0x08000000	high_sza_warning	Warning for high solar zenith angle. In this case, the processing can be performed with less final quality.	All
28	0x10000000	cloud_retrieval_warning	Warning occurring when the retrieval diagnostic indicates a degraded quality of the cloud retrieval.	Cloud
29	0x20000000	cloud_inhomogeneity_warning	The cloud coregistration inhomogeneity parameter is above a given threshold	Cloud

Table 16: Processing quality flags, warnings for S5P Level 2 (continued).

Table 17: Surface classification for S5P Level 2. This is a combined land/water mask and surface classification data field. For land the "Global Land Cover Characteristics Data Base Version 2.0" is used [ER8], specifically the "USGS Land Use/Land Cover System (Modified Level 2)" classification. Over water the classification from the NASA SDP toolkit [ER9], which is based on [RD43].

Bit#	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description
0	0x03	Land	The pixel is over land, for more than 50 %
1	0x03	Water	The pixel is over water, for more than 50 %
2	0x03	some_water	Pixel contains water (however small the fraction), i.e. at least one of the $15\times15\mathrm{arcsecond}$ subpixels in the SDP dataset is classified as water
3	0x03	coastline	Pixel is water, but contains land (coastline)
0	0x04	mixed_surface	Pixel has a mixed surface type. Classification is result of highest bin, not overwhelming majority, i.e. type covers less than 50 % of pixel surface
4	0x04	value_covers_majority_of_pixel	Pixel is dominated by surface type, i.e. type covers more than 50% of pixel surface
9	0xF9	Water+Shallow_Ocean	Water, shallow ocean
17	0xF9	Water+Shallow_Inland_Water	Water, shallow inland water (lake)
25	0xF9	Water+Ocean_Coastline-Lake_Shoreline	Water, mixed with land; coastline
33	0xF9	Water+Intermittent_Water	Intermittent water, for instance the Wadden Sea
41	0xF9	Water+Deep_Inland_Water	Deep inland water
49	0xF9	Water+Continental_Shelf_Ocean	Water, continental shelf ocean
57	0xF9	Water+Deep_Ocean	Water, deep ocean
8	0xF9	Land+Urban_And_Built-up_Land	Land, urban areas
16	0xF9	Land+Dryland_Cropland_And_Pasture	Land, Dryland Cropland and Pasture
24	0xF9	Land+Irrigated_Cropland_And_Pasture	Land, Irrigated Cropland and Pasture
32	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Dryland-irrigated_Cropland_And_Pasture	Land, Mixed Dryland/Irrigated Cropland and Pasture
40	0xF9	Land+Cropland-grassland_Mosaic	Land, Cropland/Grassland Mosaic
48	0xF9	Land+Cropland-woodland_Mosaic	Land, Cropland/Woodland Mosaic
56	0xF9	Land+Grassland	Land, Grassland
64	0xF9	Land+Shrubland	Land, Shrubland
72	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Shrubland-grassland	Land, Mixed Shrubland/Grassland
80	0xF9	Land+Savanna	Land, Savanna
88	0xF9	Land+Deciduous_Broadleaf_Forest	Land, Deciduous Broadleaf Forest

 Table 17: Surface classification for S5P Level 2 (continued).

Bit #	Mask (hex)	Short name	Description	
96	0xF9	Land+Deciduous_Needleleaf_Forest	Land, Deciduous Needleleaf Forest	
104	0xF9	Land+Evergreen_Broadleaf_Forest	Land, Evergreen Broadleaf Forest	
112	0xF9	Land+Evergreen_Needleleaf_Forest	Land, Evergreen Needleleaf Forest	
120	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Forest	Land, Mixed Forest	
128	0xF9	Land+Herbaceous_Wetland	Land, Herbaceous Wetland	
136	0xF9	Land+Wooded_Wetland	Land, Wooded Wetland	
144	0xF9	Land+Barren_Or_Sparsely_Vegetated	Land, Barren or Sparsely Vegetated	
152	0xF9	Land+Herbaceous_Tundra	Land, Herbaceous Tundra	
160	0xF9	Land+Wooded_Tundra	Land, Wooded Tundra	
168	0xF9	Land+Mixed_Tundra	Land, Mixed Tundra	
176	0xF9	Land+Bare_Ground_Tundra	Land, Bare Ground Tundra	
184	0xF9	Land+Snow_Or_Ice	Land, Snow or Ice	